Compulsory Research Methodology Course for Ph D in Philosophy

The Objective

The main objective of the course is to help scholars acquire adequate grasp of major philosophical methods by making them equipped with sufficient cognitive resources to be able to grasp and interpret philosophical texts. This course accordingly aims at making Ph D scholars successfully identify main philosophical problems in their chosen area of research and train them to develop skills of argumentation, writing summaries, abstracts and research papers and finally their thesis. It helps researchers in developing skills in how to use the available research material for writing and making references while making them aware of academic ethics.

Module 1Philosophical Methods:

The researchers shall be introduced to different Indian and Western Philosophical Methods in this module, like, Advaita Vedanta, Buddhist, Nyaya, Critical analysis, Phenomenological, Hermeneutic, Critical theory, Postmodern, Feminist and Analytic.

Section A: Issues in the Methodology of Indian Philosophy

Section B: Methods in Western Philosophy

Module 2: Aspects of Thesis Writing

- 1. Identification of research Problem.
- 2. Using resource material: How to cite and acknowledge sources and prepare bibliography.
- 3. Critical writing-summarizing, developing arguments, reviewing, writing research paper, references, etc.
- 4. Academic Ethics- Plagiarism
- 5. Computer Applications- How to use Web based research resources, Power point presentation, multimedia, editing, etc.

Suggested Readings:

Albahari, Miri. (2006), Analytical Buddhism: The Two-Tiered Illusion of Self, New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

Barnet, Sylvan and Bedau, Hugo. *Critical Thinking, Reading and writing: A brief guide to argument*, Boston: Bedford/St. Martin's, 2011.

Beaney, Michael (ed.) (2013). The Oxford Handbook of The History of Analytic Philosophy. Oxford: OUP.

Beaney, Michael. (2013). "What is Analytic Philosophy?" In Beaney (ed.) *The Oxford Handbook of the History of Analytic Philosophy*, Oxford: OUP, pg. 3-29.

Eco, Umberto. How to Write a Thesis. Cambridge (MA): MIT Press. 2015.

Foucault, Micheal, "Introduction", Archeology of Knowledge, London; Routledge, 1989.

Ganeri, J. *Philosophy in Classical India*, , Ch.1, The Motive and Method of Rational Inquiry, London: Routledge 2001.

Garfield, Jay L. "Western Idealism Through Indian Eyes: A Cittamātra Reading of Berkeley, Kant and Schopenheuer," in P. Bilimoria and A.B. Irvine (eds.), *Postcolonial Philosophy of Religion*, Amsterdam: Springer, 2009.

Glock, Hans-Johann (2008). What is Analytic Philosophy? Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Gold, Jonathan C. Paving the Great Way, New York: Columbia University Press, 2015.

Grice, H. P. (1989). "Conceptual Analysis and the Province of Philosophy" (1987) in *Studies in the Way of Words*, Harvard University Press, pg. 181-185.

Horkheimer, Max. "Traditional and Critical Theory", *Critical Theory: Selected Essays*, New York: Continuum,1973, pp.188-243.

Kalupahana, D.J. (1994), *A History of Buddhist Philosophy: Continuities and Discontinuities*, Indian edition, Delhi, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass.

Levy, Albert William. ""Introduction", *Philosophy as Social Expression*, Chicago: University of Chicago, 1974.

Martinich, A. P. *Philosophical Writing: An Introduction*, Oxford: Blackwell, 2005.

Modern Language Association, *MLA Hand Book for writers of research papers*(Seventh edition), Modern Language Association of America, 2009.

Murti, T.R.V. (1955), The Central Philosophy of Buddhism, London, George Allen & Unwin.

Norman, K.R. (1997), A Philological Approach to Buddhism, London, University of London.

Prasad, Rajendra. *A Conceptual –Analytic Study of Classical Indian Philosophy of Morals*, New Delhi: Concept Publishing, Ch3, 2008.

Raatikainen, Panu. (2013). "What Was Analytic Philosophy?" *Journal for the History of Analytical Philosophy*, Vol. 2, pg. 10-27Rorty, Richard. "The Historiography of Philosophy: Four Genres". In Rorty, Richard, J B Schneewind and Quentin Skinner (Eds), *Philosophy in History*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1998, pp. 49-76.

Skinner, Quentin. "Meaning and Understanding in History of Ideas", *History and Theory*, Vol.8.No.1 (1969), pp.3-53.

Soccio, Douglas J. *How to get the Most out of Philosophy*, Chs 3, 7 & Appendix A, Belmont, CA: Thomson/Wadsworth, , 2007.

Swami Satchidanandendra Saraswati, *The Method of the Vedanta: A Critical Account of the Advaita Tradition*, translated from the Sanskrit by A. J. Alstion, New Delhi: Motilal Banarasi Dass, 1977.

Taylor, Charles. "Social theory as Practice", *Philosophy and Human sciences: Philosophical papers 2*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990.

Westerhoff, Jan (2009), *Nāgārjuna's Madhyamaka: A Philosophical Introduction*, Oxford, Oxford University Press.

Williamson, Timothy. (2007). "The Linguistic Turn and the Conceptual Turn" in his *The Philosophy of Philosophy*, Blackwell Publishing, 2007, pg. 10-23