

LL.B./LL.M. ENTRANCE TEST 2008

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

LL.B. Entrance Test : SUNDAY, 15 June 2008 at 9.30 a.m.

LL.M. Entrance Test : SUNDAY, 22 June 2008 at 9.30 a.m.

Reporting Time : 9.30 a.m. Issue of Test Booklet : 9.50 a.m.

Candidate to occupy seat : 9.45 a.m. Breaking open seal of Test Booklet : 9.55 a.m.

The candidates are allowed entry only upto 10.00 a.m. after which all gates of Examination Centre shall be closed and no candidate will be allowed entry under any circumstances.

Admit Card: Candidate must show the Admit Card bearing Roll No. whenever asked to by the Examination Centre officials.

Candidate to carry:

The candidate should not carry any thing in the Examination Hall/Room except Admit Card, HB Lead Pencils, Ball-point Pens, Erasers, completely blank Card Board/Clip Board. Admit Card is to be preserved and shown at the time of counselling/admission. On the instruction from the invigilator, the candidate will break open the seal of the Test Booklet and take out the Answer-sheet. On side 1, the candidate will write the particulars **with ball-point pen only** (not pencil). On side 2, the candidate will put signature **with ball-point pen only**. The candidate will encode his/her Roll No., Category and Serial No. of the Test Booklet **in HB Pencil only** (not ball-point pen). How this encoding is to be done is shown below on specimen portion from the Answer-sheet. The candidate is advised to be careful in encoding these particulars since any wrong entry might be rejected by the computer.

Example: Roll No. : 25624

Test Booklet No. : 10470

Category : SC

Series : 12

Encoding should be done as below:

CANDIDATE'S SIGNATURE (in ball-point pen)
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INVIGILATOR'S SIGNATURE (in ball-point pen)
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Roll No.				
2	5	6	2	4
0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1
●	2	2	●	2
3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	●
5	●	5	5	5
6	6	●	6	6
7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9

Category	
SC	●
SC	●
ST	○
OBC	○
GEN	○
CW	○
PH	○

Series	
1	2
0	0
●	1
2	●
3	0
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9

Test Booklet Serial No.				
1	0	4	7	0
0	●	0	0	●
●	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3
4	4	●	4	4
5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	●	7
8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9

Candidate not to carry:

No candidate should bring books, notes, pager, cell phone, calculator, etc. inside the Examination Hall/Room.

Candidate not to do:

The candidates should not indulge in conversation or any kind of gesticulation and must keep perfect silence during the Examination. No candidate, except with the permission of the invigilator, shall leave his/her seat or Examination Hall/Room until he/she finishes the paper. Smoking in Examination Room is strictly prohibited. Likewise, tea, coffee, cold drinks, snacks or any other drinks/eatables are not allowed inside the Examination hall. After the examination is over, the candidate must hand over the Test Booklet and Answer-sheet to the invigilator. Under no circumstances, these should be taken out by the candidate.

Serial No. of Test Booklet and Answer-sheet must Tally:

The Answer-sheet will be placed inside the Test Booklet. Check the Serial No. on the Answer-sheet and the Test Booklet and both numbers must tally. In case the serial number does not match, the candidate must draw the attention of the Invigilator and have the Test Booklet replaced by another Test Booklet of the same series.

Invigilator will check the particulars of the candidate and put his/her signature on the Answer-sheet.

The Test paper for both LL.B. and LL.M. Entrance Tests will consist of 175 Objective Type Questions with Multiple Choice Answers and will carry a maximum of 700 marks. Each question will be followed by four responses marked (1), (2), (3) and (4) of which only one will be the correct or most appropriate response. The candidate is required to answer all questions. Each correct answer will get 4 marks. Each incorrect answer will incur a penalty of one mark. There will be no penalty if answer to a question is left blank.

Method to use the Answer-sheet:

Read the question carefully and find out the correct answer from the four given responses. In the answer-sheet, the serial number of the question is given in columns, which corresponds to the question number of a number in the Test Booklet. In each horizontal row against the serial number of a question, there are four circles marked 1,2,3, and 4 corresponding to four responses of that question.

The candidate, after finding the correct answer will darken the appropriate circle completely with **HB PENCIL** only. In no case the candidates should use any other lead grade pencil (e.g. HH, HHH etc.) because in that case the Answer-sheet can be rejected by the Optical Marks Reader on which the Answer-sheet will be scanned.

Example: Suppose question number 35 reads as follows:

35. Davis Cup is related to
- (1) Hockey
 - (2) Tennis
 - (3) Football
 - (4) Cricket

The correct answer to this question is response (2) Tennis. The candidate will locate row number 35 in the Answer-sheet and will darken circle 2 as shown below.

1	①②③④	11	①②③④	21	①②③④	31	①②③④
2	①②③④	12	①②③④	22	①②③④	32	①②③④
3	①②③④	13	①②③④	23	①②③④	33	①②③④
4	①②③④	14	①②③④	24	①②③④	34	①②③④
5	①②③④	15	①②③④	25	①②③④	35	①●③④
6	①②③④	16	①②③④	26	①②③④	36	①②③④
7	①②③④	17	①②③④	27	①②③④	37	①②③④
8	①②③④	18	①②③④	28	①②③④	38	①②③④
9	①②③④	19	①②③④	29	①②③④	39	①②③④
10	①②③④	20	①②③④	30	①②③④	40	①②③④

The answers are to be given in the Answer-sheet only, not in the Test Booklet.

If a candidate wants to change any answer on his Answer-sheet, he/she can do so by completely erasing the existing pencil mark already made by him/her with a good quality eraser and then darken the appropriate circle **with HB PENCIL only**. In such a case, the candidate must ensure that no visible mark is left after erasing, otherwise the response will be treated as wrong and will accordingly incur negative marking.

Marking the Answer-sheet is wrong if,

- (a) more than one circle out of the four responses is marked; or
- (b) the response is marked in any manner as shown; or



- (c) the circle is darkened in such a way that it touches upon any adjoining circle in the same row or preceding or succeeding row; or
- (d) the circle is lightly or faintly darkened.

All **rough work** is to be done in the **Text Booklet only**. The candidate will not do any rough work or put stray mark on the Answer-sheet.

STRUCTURE OF LL.B. ENTRANCE TEST

The Entrance Test will have 175 questions on : **English Comprehension**, to test the ability to analyse written information, comprehending the main ideas and significant details and drawing inferences from the material presented and testing the general comprehension of language including grammar; **Analytical Abilities, Legal Awareness and Aptitude** for testing the ability to evaluate an assumption, inference or argument that is presented in a short statement and solving the legal problems; for testing general awareness aptitude about law and the legal system; and **General Knowledge**. All sections may not have equal number of questions.

SAMPLE TEST QUESTIONS

The sample Test questions are given below to acquaint the candidates with the pattern of Admission Test. The sample is purely illustrative. The questions in the Test Booklet may substantially differ from the questions in the following samples.

ENGLISH COMPREHENSION

Read the passage below carefully and answer the questions given at the end of the passage. The questions are based on what is stated or implied in the passage.

The timing of New Year's Day has changed with customs and calendars. The Mayan civilization, on what is now called the Yucatan peninsula of Mexico, celebrated the New Year on one of the two days when the noonday sun is directly overhead. In the equatorial regions of the earth, between the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, the sun is in this position twice a year, once on its passage southward, and once on its passage northward. At the early Mayan city of Izapa in the southern Yucatan, the overhead date for the sun on its southward passage was August 13. The Mayans celebrated this date for the beginning of the New Year. Later, at the more northerly Mayan site of Edzna, the corresponding overhead date is July 26. Analyses of Mayan pictorial calendars indicate that they celebrated the New Year on August 13 prior to 150 AD, and on July 26 after that. This change has been explained by archaeological dating showing that 150 AD was the time that the Mayans moved the hub of their civilization from the southern site to the northern site.

1. According to the passage, the sun at Edzna was directly overhead at noon on:
 - (1) July 26 only
 - (2) August 13 only
 - (3) July 26 and one other date
 - (4) August 13 and one other date
2. If the Mayans had moved their civilization's center south of Izapa, their new date for celebration would probably have been closest to which of the following dates?
 - (1) January 1
 - (2) February 20
 - (3) March 25
 - (4) September 15
3. Why did the Mayans move their capital city from Izapa to Edzna?
 - (1) The climate at Edzna was more temperate.
 - (2) Lunar eclipses were more visible at Edzna.
 - (3) The terrain near Edzna was more suitable for agriculture.
 - (4) Cannot be determined from the information given.

ANALYTICAL ABILITIES, LEGAL AWARENESS AND APTITUDE

4. Who is the present Chief Justice of India -
 - (1) Justice R. C. Lahoti
 - (2) Justice Y. K. Sabharwal

- (3) Justice K. G. Balakrishnan
 - (4) Justice Arijit Pasayat
5. The Parliament of India consists of -
- (1) The Council of States and the House of the People
 - (2) The President of India, the Council of States and the House of the People
 - (3) The Speaker, Lok Sabha, Chairman and Rajya Sabha
 - (4) Legislative Council, Council of States and House of People
6. Fiduciary relationship means -
- (1) Money
 - (2) Contract
 - (3) Trust
 - (4) Marriage

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

7. Which weather phenomenon translates from the Spanish for 'little boy'?
- (1) El nino
 - (2) Hurricane
 - (3) Tsunami
 - (4) Avalanche
8. Lending her name to a famous brand, who was the Greek Goddess of Victory?
- (1) Versace
 - (2) Nike
 - (3) Gucci
 - (4) Sony
9. Rather than a hatter, what is the proper name for a maker of hats?
- (1) Tailor
 - (2) Hatailor
 - (3) Milliner
 - (4) Tailorette

Answers -

- | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|
| Q. 1 - (3) | Q. 4 - (3) | Q. 7 - (1) |
| Q. 2 - (4) | Q. 5 - (2) | Q. 8 - (2) |
| Q. 3 - (4) | Q. 6 - (3) | Q. 9. - (3) |

STRUCTURE OF LL.M. ENTRANCE TEST

The Test paper will consist of 175 Objective Type Questions with Multiple Choice Answers in the following areas, viz. Constitutional Law of India, Jurisprudence, Law of Contracts (General Principles), Law of Torts, Criminal Law, Family Law of Marriage & Divorce and Public International Law (Law of Peace).