



SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

# UNIVERSITY OF DELHI NETAJI SUBHAS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

# CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

# SCHEME OF COURSES FOR M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Passed in the meeting of standing committee on academic matters held on June 3, 2016. Page 1

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# PREAMBLE

### I. INTRODUCTION

Higher education is very important for the growth and development of any country. It is a living organ and requires continuous changes to ensure the quality of education. National Knowledge Commission and University Grants Commission have recommended many academic reforms to address the challenges of today's networked globalized world. People are coming together with the help of new technologies which is resulting towards new aspirations, expectations, collaborations and associations. The concept of "work in isolation" may not be relevant and significant anymore. The UGC guidelines on adoption of Choice Based Credit System may be an important step to revamp the processes, systems and methodologies of Higher Educational Institutions (HEIs). The teacher centric mode be changed to learner centric mode. Class room teaching and learning be made effective; relevant and interesting. Concepts and theories be explained with examples, experimentation and related applications.

A culture of discussions, arguments, interpretations, counter-interpretations, re-interpretations, and opposing interpretations must be established. Research should not only be confined to redefinition, extension and incremental change. Innovation & creativity should become an epicenter for all research initiatives. The most important capital is the human capital and thus the ultimate objective is to develop good human beings with utmost integrity & professionalism for this new world.

The Choice Based Credit System supports the grading system which is considered to be better than conventional marks system. It is followed in many reputed institutions in India and abroad. The uniform grading system facilitates student mobility across the institutions within and across the countries and also enable potential employers to assess the performance of the students. The Choice Based Credit System makes the curriculum interdisciplinary and bridge the gap between professional and liberal education.

### II. CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

The Indian Higher Education Institutions have been moving from the conventional annual system to semester system. Currently many of the institutions have already introduced the choice based credit system. The semester system accelerates the teaching-learning process and enables vertical and horizontal mobility in learning. The credit based semester system provides flexibility in designing curriculum and assigning credits based on the course content and hours of teaching. The choice based credit system provides a 'cafeteria' type approach in which the students can take courses of their choice, learn at their own pace, undergo additional courses and acquire more than the required

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credits, and adopt an interdisciplinary approach to learning. It is desirable that the HEIs move to CBCS and implement the grading system.

# A. Types of Courses

Courses are the subjects that comprise the M.Tech programme.

- 1. A course may be designed to comprise lectures, tutorials, laboratory work, field work, outreach activities, project work, vocational training, viva, seminars, term papers, assignments, presentations, self-studyetc.ora combination of some of these components.
- 2. The learning objectives and learning outcomes of each course will be defined before the start of a semester.
- 3. Courses are of two kinds: Core and Elective.
  - i. **Core Course (CC)**: This is a course which is to be compulsorily studied by a student as a core requirement to complete the requirement of B.E. Computer Engineering.
  - ii. **Elective Course**: An elective course is a course which can be chosen from a pool of subjects. It is intended to support the discipline of study by providing an expanded scope, enabling exposure to another discipline/domain and nurturing a student's proficiency/skill. An elective may be of following types:
    - a) **Discipline Centric Elective (ED)**: It is an elective course that adds proficiency to the students in the discipline.
    - b) **Open Elective (EO):** It is an elective course taken from other engineering disciplines that broadens the perspective of an Engineering student.
- 4. Each course contributes certain credits to the programme. A course can be offered either as a full course (4 credits) or as a half course (2 credits). A full course is conducted with 3 hours of lectures and either 1 hour of tutorial or 2 hours of practical work per week. A half course is conducted with 2 hours of lectures.
- 5. A student of Postgraduate programme has to accumulate about 40% credits from the Core Courses and the remaining credits from the Elective Courses to become eligible for the award of degree/ diploma/ certificate programmes.
- 6. A course (full/half) may also be designed without lectures or tutorials. However, such courses may comprise Field work, Outreach activities, Project work, Vocational Training, Seminars, Self-study etc. or a combination of some of these.

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7. A Project work/ Dissertation is considered as a special course involving application of the knowledge gained during the course of study in exploring, analyzing and solving complex problems in real life applications. A candidate completes such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher/faculty member.

### **B.** Examination and Assessment

The following system will be implemented in awarding grades and CGPA under the CBCS system.

1. Letter Grades and Grade Points: A 10-pointgradingsystem shall be used with the letter grades as given in Table 1 below:

Letter Grade	Grade point
O (Outstanding)	10
A+ (Excellent)	9
A (Very Good)	8
B+ (Good)	7
B (Above average)	6
C (Average)	5
P (Pass)	4
F (Fail)	0
Ab (absent)	0

### Table1: Grades and Grade Points

- 2. Fail grade: A student obtaining Grade F shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear in the examination. If the student does not want to reappear in an elective subject (that is ED, EO *but not CC courses*) then he/she can re-register afresh for a new elective subject.
- **3.** Non-credit course: For noncredit courses, 'Satisfactory' or "Unsatisfactory' shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA. However, a student must get satisfactory to get the degree.
- 4. Fairness in Assessment: The CBCS promotes continuous evaluation system where end semester examinations weightage should not be more than 60%. The Departments should design their own methods for continuous evaluation. They have the flexibility and freedom in designing the examination and evaluation methods that best fits the curriculum, syllabi & teaching, learning methods. In this regard, the checks and balances be implemented which would enable Departments effectively and fairly carry out the process of assessment and examination.
- 5. Computation of SGPA and CGPA: The following procedure shall be used to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

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i. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits and the grade points scored in all the courses of a semester, to the sum of the number of credits of all the courses taken by a student, that is:

$$SGPA(S_i) = \frac{\sum c_j \times G_j}{\sum c_j}$$

Where  $S_i$  is the *i*<sup>th</sup> semester,  $C_j$  is the number of credits of the j<sup>th</sup> course of that semester and  $G_j$  is the grade point scored by the student in the j<sup>th</sup> course.

ii. The CGPA is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses taken by a student over all the semesters of a programme, that is:

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum c_i \times SGPA(s_i)}{\sum c_i}$$

where  $SPGA(S_i)$  is the SGPA of the i<sup>th</sup> semester and  $C_i$  is the total number of credits in that semester.

- iii. The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.
- iv. CGPA shall be converted into percentage of marks if required, by multiplying CGPA with 10.

### III. PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

- 1. The M.Tech. Process Control programme PC consists of 4 semesters, normally completed in 2 years for Full-Time and 6 semesters, normally completed in 3 years for Part-Time. The total span period cannot exceed 4 years for Full-Time and 5 years for Part-Time.
- 2. The courses offered in each semester are given in the Semester-wise Course Allocation.
- 3. The discipline centric subjects under CC and ED categories are listed for each discipline separately.
- 4. A course may have pre-requisite courses that are given in the Semester-wise Course Allocation. A student can opt for an elective only if he/she has fulfilled its pre-requisites.
- 5. A student has to register for all electives before the start of a semester.

### IV. COURSE CODIFICATION

The codes for various Postgraduate Program are as follows:





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- i. Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering: EC
  - 1. Signal Processing-ECSP
  - 2. Embedded System and VLSI-ECES
- ii. Department of Computer Engineering:
  - 1. Information System-COIS
- iii. Department of Instrumentation and Control Engineering: IC
  - 1. Process Control-ICPC
  - 2. Industrial Electronics-ICIE
  - 3. Mechatronics-ICMT
  - 4. Biomedical Instrumentation-ICBI
- iv. Department of Biotechnology: BT
  - 1. Biochemical Engineering -BTBC
  - 2. Bioinformatics-BTBF
- v. Manufacturing processes and Automation Engineering: MPAE
  - 1. CAD CAM-MACD
  - 2. Manufacturing process and Automation Engineering.-MAMP
  - 3. Production Engineering-MAPE
  - 4. Engineering Management- MAEM
  - 5. Nanotechnology- MANT

The codes for Departmental core subjects and Domain-specific Electives are specific to each Discipline. The first two characters are derived from Departmental codes listed above.

For **I**<sup>st</sup> semester, the codes are:

PCC01	CC
PCC02	CC
PCD**	Elective
PCD**	Elective
PCD**	Elective
EO***	Open Elective

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# For **II<sup>nd</sup> semester**, the codes are:

PCC03	CC
PCC04	CC
PCD**	Elective
PCD**	Elective
PCD**	Elective
EO***	Open Elective

### For III<sup>rd</sup> semester, the codes are:

PCD**	Elective
PCD**	Elective
PCD**	Elective
PCC05	Seminar
PCC06	Major Project

For **IV**<sup>th</sup> semester, the codes are:

PCC07	Dissertation
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• Code as specified in table 3 for discipline centric elective





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### V. EVALUATION SCHEME

The courses are evaluated on the basis of continuous assessments, mid-semester exams and endsemester exams. The weightage of each of these modes of evaluation for the different types of courses are as follows.

Type of Course	CA	Mid	End-	Continuous	End-		
		Semester	semester	Assessment	semester		
		Exam	Exam	(Lab)	Exam (Lab)		
		(Theory)	(Theory)				
CC/ED/EO	25	25	50	Nil	Nil		
Theory with							
Tutorial							
CC/ED/EO	15	15	40	15	15		
Theory with							
Practical							
Major Project and	Nil	Nil	Nil	40	60		
Dissertation							

### VI. DECLARATION OF RESULTS

The M.Tech.(PC) programme consists of 82 credits. CGPA will be calculated on the basis of the best 78 credits earned by the student.

### VII. EVALUATION AND REVIEW COMMITTEE

The Committee of Courses and Studies in each department shall appoint one or more Evaluationcum-Review Committees (ERC), each committee dealing with one course or a group of courses. This ERC consists of all faculty members who are likely to teach such courses in the group. Normally Head of the Department shall be ERC Chairman.

The ERC has the following functions-

- (i) To recommend appointment of paper setters/examiners of various examinations at the start of each semester.
- (ii) To prepare quizzes, assignments, test papers etc. for Continuous Assessment (CA), Mid-Semester examination (MS) and End Semester (ES) examination and to evaluate them. Normally, each concerned faculty member, who is also a member of ERC, will do this job for his/her class. However, in exceptional circumstances any part of the work may be entrusted to some other member of the ERC.

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- (iii) To consider the individual representation of students about evaluation and take remedial action if needed. After scrutinizing, ERC may alter the grades awarded upward/downward. The decision of the ERC shall be final.
- (iv) To moderate assignments, quizzes etc. for courses given by each of the concerned faculty members for his/her class with a view to maintain uniformity of standards.
- (v) To review and moderate the MS and ES results of each course with a view to maintain uniformity of standards.
- (vi) To lay guidelines for teaching a course.

### VIII. ATTENDANCE, PROMOTION AND DETENTION RULES

- 1. A student should normally attend all the classes. However, a student will be allowed to appear in the examination if he/ she has put in a minimum of 75% attendance separately in each course for which he / she has registered. A relaxation up to a maximum of 25% may be given on the production of satisfactory evidence that (a) the student was busy in authorized activities, (b) the student was ill.
- 2. A student should submit the evidence to the fact 1(a) and / or 1(b) above within seven working days of resuming the studies. Certificates submitted later will not be considered.
- 3. No relaxation in attendance beyond 25% is permitted in any case.
- 4. A student may re-register for a course if he/ she want to avoid a decrement in the grades.
- 5. There shall be no supplementary examinations. A student who has failed in a course will have to reregister for the course in a subsequent year.
- 6. If the student does not want to reappear in an elective course (that is, ED, EO, but not CC courses) then he/she can re-register afresh for a new elective course.

### IX. DECLARATION OF RESULTS

- 1. The M.Tech (PC) programme consists of 82 credits. A student will be awarded the degree if he/she has earned all 82 credits.
- 2. CGPA will be calculated on the basis of the best 78 credits earned by the student.
- 3. The candidate seeking re-evaluation of a course shall apply for the same on a prescribed proforma along with the evaluation fee prescribed by the university from time to time only for the End Semester Examination within seven days from the date of declaration of result.
- 4. The Institution/University may cancel the registration of all the courses in a given semester if
  - i. The student has not cleared the dues to the institution/hostel.
  - ii. A punishment is awarded leading to cancellation of the student's registration.





### X. CURRICULUM MODIFICATION

The curriculum will be updated regularly within a period of 5 to 10 years since last revision, to keep pace with the advancements in the field of Process Control.

### XI. CENTRAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

There shall be a Central Advisory Committee consisting of the following-

- a) Dean, Faculty of Technology, Chairman
- b) Dean PGS
- c) Head of Institution
- d) Heads of Departments running M.Tech Courses

### XII. PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

- 1- Practice the knowledge of Process Control Engineering and allied and related fields.
- 2- Demonstrate technical, communication skills and team sprit along with leadership qualities to pursue career in broad areas of Process Control Engineering.
- 3- Engage in life-long learning through independent study and research.
- 4- Undertake responsibilities for societal, environmental and ethical causes.

### XIII- PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

- 1. Acquire knowledge of Process Control Engineering with ability to evaluate, analyze and synthesize knowledge related to Process control
- 2. Analyze complex problems related to Process Control Engineering and synthesize the information for conducting research.
- 3. Think laterally to solve problems related to Process Control Engineering and provide/suggest a range of solutions considering health, safety, societal, and environmental factors.
- 4. Extract knowledge through literature survey, experimentation and appropriate research methodology, techniques and tools.
- 5. Understand group dynamics and rational analysis in order to achieve common goals.

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# **SCHEME-SEMESTER-WISE COURSE ALLOCATION FULL-TIME**

						-							
CODE	TYPE	COURSE OF STUDY	L	T	P	C	EVA	EVALUATION SCHEME					
							Perc	entag	e (w	eight	age)		
							The	ory		Practical		Total	
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext		
PCC01	CC	Modern Control Theory	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100	
PCC02	СС	Introduction to Process Control	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100	
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100	
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100	
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100	
EO***	EO	Open Elective #	-			4	-	-	-	-	-	100	
		TOTAL	18	3	6	24							
				\$									
#- The L	TP allocatio	n, Evaluation scheme and pre-	requi	isites	s for	Elec	tives a	re giv	en in	tables	3 <b>-</b> 4. T	ĥe	
course c	ode will dep	end upon student's choice of e	lectiv	/e (s	).								
\$- the ac	tual weekly	load will depend upon the elec	tives	cho	sen	by th	e stud	ents.					

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (FT) SEMESTER I

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (FT) SEMESTER II

CODE	ТҮРЕ	COURSE OF STUDY	L	T	P	C	EVA Perc	EVALUATION SCHEME Percentage (Weightage)			2	
							Theory		Practical		Total	
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext	
PCC03	CC	Advanced Process Control	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100
PCC04	CC	Discrete time Control System	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	I	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
EO**	EO	Open Elective #	I			4	-	-	-	-	-	100
	TYPE	TOTAL	18	3	6	24						
				\$								
#- The L course co \$- the ac	#- The LTP allocation, Evaluation scheme and pre-requisites for Electives are given in tables 3-4. The course code will depend upon student's choice of elective (s). \$- the actual weekly load will depend upon the electives chosen by the students.											

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CODE	ТҮРЕ	COURSE OF	L	T	P	C	EVALUATION SCHEME							
		STUDY					Percentage (Weightage)							
							The	ory		Prac	Total			
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext			
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100		
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100		
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100		
PCC05	CC	Seminar	0	0	4	2	100	-	-	-	-	100		
PCC06	CC	Major Project	0	0	-	6	-	-	-	40	60	100		
		TOTAL	6	1	-	20								
				\$										
#- The LT	P allocation	n, Evaluation scheme	and pre-	requi	sites	for Ele	ectives	are gi	ven in	tables	3-4. 7	Гhe		
course coo	le will depe	end upon student's cho	oice of e	lectiv	e (s).									
\$- the actu	al weekly	load will depend upon	the elec	tives	chos	en by	the stu	dents.						

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (FT) SEMESTER III

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (FT) SEMESTER IV

CODE	ТҮРЕ	COURSE OF STUDY	L	T	Р	C	EVA Perc	EVALUATION SCHEME Percentage (Weightage)					
							The	ory		Prac	ctical	Total	
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext		
PCC07	CC	Dissertation	0	0	-	14	-	-	-	40	60	100	
		TOTAL	0	0	-	14							
				\$									
\$- the actu	al weekly l	oad will depend upon the	elect	ives o	chose	n by t	he stuc	lents.					





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# **SCHEME- SEMESTER-WISE COURSE ALLOCATION PART-TIME**

CODE	ТҮРЕ	COURSE OF STUDY	L	T	P	C	EVA Perc	EVALUATION SCHEME Percentage (Weightage)				
							Theo	ory		Practical		Total
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext	
PCC01	CC	Modern Control Theory	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100
PCC02	CC	Introduction to Process Control	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100
EO***	EO	Open Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
		TOTAL	9	1	4	12						
				\$								
#- The LT course cod \$- the actu	#- The LTP allocation, Evaluation scheme and pre-requisites for Electives are given in tables 3-4. The course code will depend upon student's choice of elective (s). \$- the actual weekly load will depend upon the electives chosen by the students.											

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (PT) SEMESTER I

M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (PT) SEMESTER II

CODE	TYPE	COURSE OF	L	Т	P	C	EVA	EVALUATION SCHEME			4	
		STUDY					Percentage (Wightage)					
							Theo	ory		Practical		Total
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext	
PCC03	CC	Advanced Process	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100
		Control										
PCC04	CC	Discrete time Control	3	0	2	4	15	15	40	15	15	100
		System										
EO***	EO	Open Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
		TOTAL	9	1	4	12						
				\$	·							
#- The LTP allocation, Evaluation scheme and pre-requisites for Electives are given in tables 3-4. The												
course code will depend upon student's choice of elective (s).												
\$- the actu	al weekly	load will depend upon the	electi	ives c	hoser	ı bv tł	ne stud	ents.				





CODE	ТҮРЕ	COURSE OF STUDY	L	T	P	C	EVALUATION SCHEME Percentage (Wightage)					
							Theory		Practical		Total	
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext	
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
		TOTAL	9	2	2	12						
				\$								
#- The LTP allocation, Evaluation scheme and pre-requisites for Electives are given in tables 3-4. The												
course code will depend upon student's choice of elective (s).												
\$- the actua	\$- the actual weekly load will depend upon the electives chosen by the students.											

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (PT) SEMESTER III

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (PT) SEMESTER IV

CODE	ТҮРЕ	COURSE OF STUDY	L	T	P	C	EVA Perc	EVALUATION SCHEME Percentage (Wightage)				
							Theory Practical		Total			
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext	
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
		TOTAL	9	2	2	12						
				\$								
#- The LTP allocation, Evaluation scheme and pre-requisites for Electives are given in tables 3-4. The												
course code will depend upon student's choice of elective (s).												
\$- the actu	\$- the actual weekly load will depend upon the electives chosen by the students											





# SCHEME OF COURSES - M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

### M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (PT) SEMESTER V

CODE	TYPE	COURSE OF	L	Т	P	С	EVA	LUA	ΓΙΟΝ	SCH	EME	
		STUDY					Percentage (Wightage)					
							Theory Practical		Total			
							CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext	
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCD**	ED	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCC05	CC	Major Project	0	0	-	6				40	60	100
		TOTAL	6	1	2	14						
			\$									
#- The LTP allocation, Evaluation scheme and pre-requisites for Electives are given in tables 3-4. The												
course code will depend upon student's choice of elective (s).												
ф. (1 ) (1	11 1 1	- 11 1 1 /1	1 /	•	1	1 /1	1 1	1 /				

\$- the actual weekly load will depend upon the electives chosen by the students

# M.TECH. PROCESS CONTROL (PT) SEMESTER VI

CODE	COURSE OF STUDY	L	Т	P C	C	EVALUATION SCHEME Percentage (Wightage)					
						Theo	Theory 1		Practical		Total
						CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext	
PCD**	Elective #	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	100
PCC06	Seminar	0	0	4	2	100	-	-	-	-	100
PCC07	Dissertation	0	0	-	14	-	-	-	40	60	100
	TOTAL	0	0	4	20						
			\$								
#- The LT course cod	P allocation, Evaluation schem le will depend upon student's of al weekly load will depend up	ne and choice	pre-re of electiv	quisite ctive (s	es for El s). osen by	lectives	are gi	iven ir	n table	s 3-4. ′	Гhe

cuves chosen by





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CODE	COUSRE OF STUDY	PREREQUISITE	L	Т	P	С
PCD01	Power Electronics		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD02	Intelligent Instrumentation		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD03	Random Process		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD04	Fault diagnostics		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD05	Parameter estimation and system identification		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD06	Model predictive control		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD07	Intelligent control		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD08	Optimization techniques		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD09	Robotics	Electrical Machines/Sensors	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD10	Distributed Digital Control System	Discrete Time Control system	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD11	Optimal control		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD12	Advanced digital signal processing	Signals and Systems/DSP	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD13	Robust control	Control System	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD14	Electric drives and control	Power Electronics	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD15	Microcontrollers based system design	Microprocessor	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD16	Microprocessor based system design	Microprocessor	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD17	Application of FPGA in process control	Process Control	3	1/0	0/2	4

### **TABLE.3- LIST OF DISIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE**

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# 1359/Appendices/AC-Minutes/2016-17





# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

PCD18	MEMS and NEMS	Transducer and Components	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD19	Multi sensor data fusion	Transducer and sensor	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD20	Industrial data communication		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD21	RDBMS		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD22	Advances in artificial intelligence		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD23	Soft Computing		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD24	Process Dynamics and Control	Process Control	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD25	Machine dynamics and control	Electrical Machines	3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD26	Selected topics in instrumentation and Control		3	1/0	0/2	4
PCD27	Advanced PID controller	Control System	3	1/0	0/2	4

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SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

TABLE 4 :       LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES											
	LTP Allocat	ion		Evalu	ation So	cheme					
L	Т	Р	CA	MS	ES	Int	Ext				
3	1	0	25	25	50	-	-				
Code	Name of Elective			Pre	-Requisi	ites	1				
EO001	Technical Commun	ication			None						
EO002	Disaster Managemen	nt	None								
EO003	Basics of Finance M	None									
EO004	Basics of Human Resources Management			None							
EO005	Project Management				None						
EO006	Basics of Corporate	Law			None						
EO007	Biological computing			None							
EO008	Basic of social scien			None							
EO009	Entrepreneurship		None								
EO010	Social work				None						
EO011	IP and Patenting				None						
EO012	Supply Chain Manager and logistics	gement-Planning	None								
EO013	Organization Devel	opment			None						
EO014	Industrial Organisat Economics	ion and Managerial			None						
EO015	Global Strategy and	Technology	None								
EO016	Engineering System Analysis and Design				None						
EO017	Biology for Engine			None							
EO018	Energy, Environme	None									
EO019	Public Policy and G	overnance	None								





SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

### **COURSE CONTENTS OF CORE COURSE AND DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVES**

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite					
PCC01	Modern Control Theory	4	3-0-2	Nil					
Course Object	ives:								
Introduce t	he basic concepts of control system and	l analysis.							
To understa	and the design of various compensators	and their func	tions.						
<ul> <li>To understand the state variables and its application in modeling.</li> </ul>									
• Introduction to basic mechanism of stability criterion and controllers.									
Course Outcome:									
The students will be able to									
Understand	ling on the various laws of control syste	em.							
Introductio	n of state variables and its applications.								
The unders	tanding of nonlinear systems and their	stability.							
State Space representation of systems, solution of state equations, controllability and observability, design of control system via state space, linear state feedback design, asymptotic observer and compensator design, stability analysis using Lyapunov methods, local and global stability for linear and non-linear systems. Direct and Indirect adaptive Control, self-tuning regulator, Model reference adaptive control, Least square estimates and the issues related to parameter adaptation, variable structure control, case studies of various engineering control problems may be used to provide insights and useful design guideline. Non-Linear Control: Types of non-linearities, describing function approach, phase plane method, stability of non-linear systems, jump resonance.									

Suggested Readings:

1 M. Gopal, "Digital Control and State Variable Analysis", Tata McGraw-Hill Education

- 2. Katsuhiko Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall.
- 3. K.J Astroms and B.Wittenmark, "Computer Controlled Systems- Theory and Design" Prentice Hall.





# SCHEME OF COURSES - M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite				
PCC02	<b>Introduction to Process Control</b>	4	3-0-2	Nil				
Course Object	ives:							
Introduce the second seco	he basic concepts of process control.							
To understa	and the design of various models their analys	is.						
To understand different controllers and their applications.								
Introduction	n of PLC and its programming.							
Course Outcon	ne:							
The students w	The students will be able to							
<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	ling on the various laws of process Control.							
<ul> <li>Introduction</li> </ul>	n of different controllers and their application	ns.						
The unders	tanding of different control schemes used in	process contro	ol.					
Incentives for c	chemical process Control, Design aspects of	f process cont	rol system, Hardware	for process control				
system. Modeli	ing the Dynamic and static behavior of C	Chemical Proc	ess. Linearization of	nonlinear systems.				
Dynamic behavior of 1st order, 2nd order and Higher- order systems. Introduction to feedback Control, Dynamic								
Behavior of feedback Controlled processes, stability analysis of feedback systems, Design of Feedback Controllers,								
Frequency Resp	oonse Analysis of Linear Processes, Design o	of feedback C	ontrol Systems using I	Frequency Response				
Techniques. Introduction to Proportional (P), Integral (I), Derivative (D) controllers, PI & PID controllers. Analysis								

and Design of Advanced Control Systems: Feedback Control of systems with large dead time or Inverse Response, Cascade Control, Selective Control Systems, Split range Control, Feed forward Control, Ratio Control, Inferential Control Systems. Final Control Element: Signal Conversion (I/P or P/I converters) Actuators, pneumatic control valves, valve petitioners and design of pneumatic control valve. Introduction to Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) and its programming.

### Suggested Readings:

- 1. G. Stephanopoulos, "Chemical Process Control. An Introduction to Theory and Practice", Prentice Hall India.
- 2. D. E. Seborg, T. F. Edgar, and D. A. Mellichamp, "Process Dynamics and Control", Wiley.
- 3. D. R. Coughanowr, "Process Systems Analysis and Control", McGraw-Hill.
- 4. B. A. Ogunnaike and W. H. Ray, "Process Dynamics, Modeling and Control", Oxford University Press.
- 5. B. G. Liptak, "Process Control and Optimization", Instrument Engineer's Hand Book, CRC press..
- 6. F. G. Shinskey, "Process Control System", McGraw-Hill.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite				
PCC03	Advanced Process Control	4	3-0-2	Process Control				
Course Object	ives:							
Introduction	n of different control schemes and their	application in p	process control.					
To understa	and the relative gain array in MIMO sys	stem.						
To understa	<ul> <li>To understand and design of multivariable controllers and their applications.</li> </ul>							
Introduction of statistical process control.								
Course Outcome:								
The students w	vill be able to							
Understand	ing of the various control schemes of p	rocess Control.						
Introduction	n of relative gain array in MIMO and th	eir applications						
To understa	and the design of multivariable controlle	ers.						
	-							
Detailed comparison of PID control algorithms. Derivative action on process output vs. error. Problems with								
proportional "kick" and reset "wind-up". Model Based control: Controller design by direct synthesis for minimum								
and nonminimum phase system, internal Model Control (IMC) concept, IMC designs Procedure. IMC-based PID								
process control: Study of interactions and it's effects. Modeling and transfer functions. Influence of Interaction on								
process control: Study of interactions and it's effects, Modeling and transfer functions, influence of interaction on								

the possibility of feedback control, important effects on Multivariable system behaviour. Relative Gain Array, effect of Interaction on stability and Multi-loop Control system. Multi-loop control Performance through: Loop Paring, tuning, Enhancement through Decoupling, Single Loop Enhancements, Design of multivariable controllers, Some case studies, Introduction to model predictive control (MPC), Introduction to Statistical Process Control, Process Control System Synthesis- Some Case Studies, Some advanced studies in Process Control.

Suggested Readings:

1. B. A. Ogunnaike and W. H. Ray, "Process Dynamics, Modeling and Control", Oxford University Press.

- 2. B. Roffel and B. H. L. Betlem, "Advanced Practical Process Control", SpringerVerlag Berlin Heidelberg.
- 3. B.W. Bequette, "Process Control: Modeling, Design and Simulation", Prentice Hall.
- 4. G. Stephanopoulos, "Chemical Process Control. An Introduction to Theory and Practice", Prentice Hall India.
- 5. D. E. Seborg, T. F. Edgar, and D. A. Mellichamp, "Process Dynamics and Control", Wiley.
- 6. B. Roffel and B. H. L. Betlem, "Process Dynamics and Control", John Wiley & Sons Ltd.





# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite				
PCC04	Discrete Time Control System	4	3-0-2	Nil				
<b>Course Object</b>	ives:							
Introduction	n of discrete time control system and its r	epresentation.						
To understa	and the time response of discrete time sys	tems.						
To understa	and the frequency response of discrete sys	stems and thei	r analysis.					
Introduction of state space in discrete time domain.								
Introduction of full order and reduced order observer								
Course Outcome:								
The students will be able to								
<ul> <li>Understand</li> </ul>	ling of the discrete time control system.							
Introduction	n of time response of discrete time systen	ıs.						
<ul> <li>To understa</li> </ul>	and the state space in discrete time domai	n.						
Introduction	n of full order and reduced order observer	r.						
Introduction to	Digital Control, Discrete time System	Representation	on, Sampling and R	econstruction, Modeling				
discrete time s	ystems by pulse transfer function. Revis	siting Z-trans	form, Mapping of S-	Plane to Z-Plane, pulse				
transfer function	n of closed loop systems.							
Time-response of discrete systems, second order systems. Discrete PID Controller and its application. Stability								
analysis of discrete time systems, Jury stability test, stability analysis using bilinear transformation, Root locus								
method.								
Frequency Resp	oonse, Nyquist criteria and Sampling The	eorem, Bode	Plot and determination	on of frequency response				
parameters. Compensator design using Bode Plot. Introduction to State Space in discrete time domain, Various								

parameters. Compensator design using Bode Plot. Introduction to State Space in discrete time domain, Various Canonical forms, State equation and its solution, Controllability and Observability, Pole-placement by state feedback, Full order and reduced order observer.

Suggested Readings:

1. Katsuhiko Ogata, "Discrete-Time Control Systems", Pearson.

2. B. C. Kuo, "Digital Control Systems", Oxford University Press.





# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite
PCD01	Power Electronics	4	3-0-2	Nil
Course Object	ives:	1	1	
Introductio	n of power electronics in electrical mac	hines and indus	trial process control.	
To understa	and the evolution of power electronics.			
To understa	and the different types of filters and rec	tifiers.		
Introductio	n of different types of converters and th	eir applications		
Introductio	n of different types of bidirectional pov	ver converters.		
Course Outco	me·			
The students w	rill be able to			
• Understand	ling of basic components of power elect	tronics.		
Introductio	n of different types of filters and rectified	ers.		
To understa	and the different converters and their ap	plications.		
Introductio	n of bidirectional power converters.			
T ( 1 ( A		1 .1	1	11.1.4.1D
Introduction: A	pplication of Power Electronics to: MC	otor control with	emphasis on Tractic	on and Industrial Process
Chemical Proc	ess Battery charging Power extra	puttion from not	n-conventional energy	v sources Automotive
electronics. Hig	th energy physics Evolution of Power	Electronics. Da	vs of Mercury arc rec	ctificationforerunner of
Power Electron	nics, Invention of SCR and its impact	et, Advent of S	Self commutated swi	tches and their impact.
Structure of Po	ower Electronics: How structurally po	wer electronics	differs from low po	ower analog electronics,
Different types	of switches, Power Diodes: from the v	viewpoint of an	application engineer,	SCR: Dev ice structure,
Static character	istic, dynamic characteristic constrain	ts of Turn on a	and Turn off time, d	ifferent relevant ratings.
Diode rectifier	s Applications: Power Supplies, From	it end converte	r for ac motor drive	es, battery charger, and
chemical process. Single phase Half wave with R load, Single phase Half wave with R-L load, Single phase Full				
canacitive filter issue of harmonics AC to DC controlled converters Application: DC Motor Drives Battery				
chargers, HVD	C transmission. Single phase fully contr	olled AC to DC	converter Principle of	of operation: Issue of line
commutation, (	Continuous mode of conduction: expre	ssion for average	ge, output voltage, M	odes of operation in the
voltage-current	plane, discontinuous mode of conduc	tion, analysis v	vith R-L-E load, sign	ificance of R-L-E load,
operation as a	operation as an inverter: constraints for line commutation, Dual converter: motivation, Simultaneous and			

Suggested Readings:

techniques.

1. Ned Mohan, Undeland and Robbin, "Power Electronics: converters, Application and design", John Wiley and sons.

nonsimultaneous control, input displacement factor, distortion factor, harmonics, Effect of source inductance, Requirement of snubber. Three phase fully controlled ac to dc converter Principle of operation, derivation of average output voltage, Derivation of displacement factor. Inverter mode of operation, Constraints of commutation in inverter mode, Effect of source inductance Limitation of Line commutated converters Single phase unity power factor converter, Principle of switched Power conversion, Bidirectional Power converters. DC- DC Power Converters: Limitations of Linear Power supplies, Switched Power supplies (Buck, Buck-Boost, Boost, Cuk, Flyback and Forward Converters), Transfer function for these converters. Motivation: DC- AC Power Converters, Principle of operation of Inverters, Half bridge, full bridge, three phase- six step operation, voltage control, PWM

2. Rashid M.H., "Power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Applications", Prentice Hall India.

3. P.C Sen., "Modern Power Electronics", Wheeler publishing Company.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite			
PCD02	Intelligent Instrumentation	4	3-0-2	Nil			
Course Object	Course Objectives:						
Introductio	n of conventional and intelligent sensor	rs and their ap	plications.				
To underst	and the optical sensors and applications	5.					
To underst	and Data acquisition fundamentals and	hardware inte	rfacing.				
Introductio	n of MEMS, NEMS and reliability ana	lysis in Instru	mentation.				
Introductio	n of soft-computing techniques in measure	surements.					
Course Outco Understance Introductio To underst	<ul> <li><u>Course Outcome:</u></li> <li>Understanding of sensors and applications.</li> <li>Introduction of optical sensors.</li> </ul>						
Introductio	<ul> <li>Introduction of MEMS, NEMS and reliability analysis.</li> </ul>						
Introduction, Drawbacks of conventional sensors, features of intelligent systems, self diagnostics and calibration, communication, integrated systems and sensors, multisensing, recent developments. Transducers and components: General principles, static and dynamic features of a measurement systems, capacitive sensors, thermal sensors, strain gage, PZT, non-contact type sensing, ultrasonic sensors, optical sensors for precise measurements, signal conditioning aspects, sensor linearization, performance enhancements and non-linear compensation, error reduction techniques. Virtual instrumentation: LabVIEW programming environment, data flow and G programming techniques, Data acquisition fundamentals, DAQ hardware, sensor interfacing, grounding and shielding. Various							

instrumentation busses and their applications in measurement: ISA, PCI, PCMICA, GPIB, Serial busses and their application in measurement. Real time and time critical measurements: PXI based measurements, components of real time measurements, limitations of the windows operating system. LV RT, FPGA for real time measurements. Introduction to MEMS, NEMS, E-Nose. Reliability analysis in instrumentation system. Applications of soft-computing techniques in measurement systems. Future trends in measurement systems.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. M. Bhuyan, "Intelligent Instrumentation, principles and applications", CRC.
- 2. Mathivanan, "PC Based Instrumentation", PHI.
- 3. Nakra and Chaudhary, "Instrumentation, Measurement and Analysis", TMH.
- 4. Bentley, "Principles of Measurement Systems", Pearson.





# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite	
PCD03	Random Processes	4	3-0-2	Nil	
Course Objectives:					
Introductio	n of different types of probability.				
To underst	and different probability functions and t	heir analysis.			
To underst	and the random processes.				
Introductio	n of cross correlation and autocorrelation	ons for different	processes and their si	gnificance.	
Introductio	n of power spectral density.				
Course Outer					
<u>Course Outco</u> Understand	<u>me:</u> ling of probability				
Introductio	n of different probability functions				
To underst	and the random processes				
Introduction	n of cross correlation and autocorrelation	ons for different	processes and their si	ionificance	
Introductio	n of power spectral density.	ins for different	processes and men si	giinteunee.	
Introduction to	Probability, Axiomatic Definition o	f Probability, (	Conditional probabili	ty, Independence, Total	
Probability, Ba	ye's Theorem. Random Variables, co	ontinuous and	discrete random vari	ables, Probability Mass	
Function, Cum	alative Distribution function, Probabilit	ty density funct	ion and their properti	es. Joint distribution and	
density function	ns. Functions of random variable, pdf of	of the function of	of random variable. E	xpectation, variance and	
Conditional av	iscrete and Continuous Random vari	ables; Moment	s of Jointly Distribution	some nonular Pandam	
Variables such	as Bernoulli Binomial Geometric	Poisson Uni	form Gaussian and	Ravleigh distributions	
Definition of	Random Process Realizations discre	te and continu	ous time processes	examples Probabilistic	
structure of a	andom process: Time and Ensemble	Averages. Auto	o-correlation and Au	to-covariance Functions.	
Cross-correlation Function. Stationarity: SSS Process and WSS Process. Autocorrelation function of a real WSS					
Process and its Properties, Ergodicity and its importance. Spectral representation of a real WSS Process, power					
spectral density and its properties, Cross-Power Spectral density, Autocorrelation function and power spectral					
density of a W	SS random process, Linear time inva	riant system wi	ith a WSS Process, A	Analysis of white noise.	
Examples of Ra	andom Processes, Random Sequence, C	aussian Process	s, Markov Process and	d Markov Chain. Wiener	
filter, Application of Wiener's theory in the Compensator design for feedback control systems, Kalman filtering and					

Suggested Readings:

1. V. Sundarapandian, "Proability, Statistics, and Queueing Theory", PHI Learning.

prediction for continuous and discrete time systems, Modeling of Non-linear systems.

2. Willium Feller, "An Introduction to Probability Theory and Its Applications", John Wiley & Sons.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite		
PCD04	Fault diagnostics			Nil		
Course Objectives:						
Introductio	n of fault diagnosis in the plant.					
To understa	and different sensors and their analysis	in fault diagno	osis.			
To understa	and the fault identification.					
<ul> <li>Introductio</li> </ul>	n of Expert systems and real time proce	ess analysis.				
Introductio	n of general issues in fault tolerant syst	ems.				
Course Outcon	ne:					
The st	udents will be able					
• To unders	tand the fault diagnosis in the plant.					
• To use dif	terent sensors and their analysis in faul	t diagnosis.				
• To unders	tand the fault identification techniques.					
• To unders	tand the Expert systems and real time p	process analysi	S.			
• To have ex	sposure of general issues in fault tolera	nt systems.				
<ul> <li>To have exposure of general issues in fault tolerant systems.</li> <li>Monitoring and fault diagnosis of plant: the need, maintenance strategies, Condition monitoring methods: electrical, mechanical, various sensors for vibration, temperature, wear debris and oil analysis, Seismic Pickups, Infrared Camera, Particle sensor, oil density sensors. Design methods for fault detection and diagnosis for dynamic systems, using input/output information, System descriptors and mathematical models. Noise analysis: fluid borne, structural borne, air borne noise measurement and analysis.</li> <li>Fault analysis planning: Introduction, Fault tree analysis, Availability, Failure Prediction assessment, Hazard rate curve, Monte-Carlo Simulation, High Integrity protective system Signal processing: spectrum analysis, time series analysis. Fault identification, Use of parameter identification techniques: case study. Expert systems and real time process analysis: microcomputer interfacing, data acquisition, expert systems skills, Introduction to knowledge based systems and rule generation: case study. Human Factors in Engineering Systems: case study, General issues in fault tolerant systems.</li> </ul>						

1. R.A. Collacott, "Mechanical Fault Diagnosis and condition monitoring", Chapman and Hall.

- 2. I.evi S.T and Agrawala A.K, "Fault Tolerant System Design", McGraw Hill.
- 3. T R Addis, "Designing Knowledge Based System", Prentice-Hall.

5. Rudolph Frederick, "Handbook of Reliability, Availability, Maintainability and Safety in Engineering Design", Stapelberg, Springer-Verlag,.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	<b>Course Structure</b>	Pre-Requisite	
PCD05	Parameter estimation and system	4	3-0-2	Nil	
	identification				
Course Object	ives:				
Introductio	n of system Identification, adaptive control and appl	ications.			
To understa	and different parameter estimation techniques.				
To understa	and the MEL, MS, MAP Estimators.				
Introductio	n of recursive Identification of linear dynamic syste	ms.			
Introductio	n of ARMA, NARMA, state models and filters.				
Course Outer					
Course Outco	<u>me:</u> udonta will be able				
• To underst	and system Identification, adaptive control and appli	cations			
To understa	and system identification, adaptive control and appro-	cations.			
To underst	and the MEL MS MAP Estimators				
To underst	and the MILL, MIS, MAAT Estimators.	ng			
To understa	and ARMA NARMA state models and filters	115.			
10 undersu	and receiver, its receiver, state models and meets.				
Introduction an	d overview of System Identification, Adaptive C	ontrol and	Applications, Param	eter Estimation;	
Least Square, C	eneralized and Recursive Least Square Estimation,	Estimator	Properties including	error bounds and	
Convergence,	MES, ML and MAP estimators, Non-Linear Le	ast Square	s. Model structures	and Predictors,	
Recursive identification of Linear dynamic System: RLS, ELS, RML, stochastic approximation, Kalman filter and					
Extended Kalman filter. ARMA, NARMA and State Models, Convergence analysis, Time varying Parameters.					
Books:					
Suggested Read		11 17 1			
I. L Ljung: Sys	1. L Ljung: System Identification - Theory for the User, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, N J.				







Course No. Title of the Course Credits Course St			<b>Course Structure</b>	Pre-Requisite	
PCD06 Model predictive control 4		4	3-0-2	Nil	
<b>Course Objecti</b>	ves:		· ·		
• Introduction	n of model predictive control and some	MPC algorithm	ns.		
• To understa	nd multivariable MPC.				
To understa	• To understand the Discrete time MPC.				
• Introduction	n of Main Quadratic programming algo	rithms.			
Course Outcon	<u>ne:</u>				
The stu	idents will be able				
To understa	nd model predictive control and some	MPC algorithm	18.		
To understa	nd multivariable MPC.				
To understa	nd the Discrete time MPC.				
To understa	nd Main Quadratic programming algor	ithms.			
Introduction to	Model Predictive Control: MPC Stra	tegy, Historic	al Perspective, Indust	rial Technology. Model	
Predictive Contr	collers: MPC Elements, Prediction Mo	del, Objective	Function, Obtaining th	he Control Law, Review	
of Some MPC A	Algorithms, Basic Formulation of Pred	ictive control,	State Space Formulati	on. Multivariable Model	
Predictive Cont	rol Formulation: Continuous-time Ml	PC, Continuou	is-time MPC with Co	onstraints, Discrete-time	
MPC, Discrete-	-time MPC with Constraints. Const	rained Model	Predictive Control:	Constraints and MPC,	
Constraints and	Optimization, Revision of Main Qu	adratic Progra	mming Algorithms, C	Constraints Handling, 1-	
norms. Fast Methods for Implementing Model Predictive Control: Piecewise Affinity of MPC, MPC and					
Multiparametric	Programming. Some case studies.				
Suggested Read	ings:				
1. E. F. Camacho and C. Bordons, "Model Predictive Control", Springer.					
2. B.W. Bequett	e, "Process Control: Modeling, Design	and Simulation	n", Prentice Hall.		

- 3. J.M. Maciejowski, "Predictive Control with constraints", Printice Hall.
- 4. D. Bio-Cang., "Model Predictive Control", CRC Press.

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Course	Title of the Course	Credite	Course Structure	Dro Doquisito	
No	The of the Course	Creuns	Course Structure	1 re-Requisite	
PCD07	Intelligent control	4	3-0-2	Nil	
Course Ob	hightigent control				
• Introdu	iction of Intelligent systems				
To und	lerstand different types of single l	aver and multilaver	Neural networks		
• To unc	lerstand fuzzy logic	layer and muthayer	neural networks.		
<ul> <li>Introdu</li> </ul>	action of Eugzy controller and its	annipations in cont	rol avatoma		
	tcome:	applications in com	ioi systems.		
<u>Course Ot</u>	<u>he students will be able</u>				
• To und	lerstand Intelligent systems				
To unc	lenstand different types of single	larran and multilarran	Nounal matrixanlia		
• To unc	lerstand different types of single l	layer and muthayer	Neural networks.		
• To unc	ierstand luzzy logic.	1.4 1.4	4 1 4		
• To hav	e exposure of Fuzzy controller a	nd its applications if	n control systems.		
Content:		T A 4°C ' 1 NT	1 N ( 1 0° 1		
Biological	Ioundations to intelligent System	ns I: Aruncial Net	Irai Networks, Single	Desis Essentian Nutrinayer Feed	
Forward N	foundations to intelligent Sur	Algorithm, Feedbac	k networks and Radial	Basis Function Networks.	
Machanian	Definizition Methods Fuzz	uenns ni: Fuzzy Lo	and some algorithms	to learn the peremeters of	
the network	I, Defutizition Methods. Fuzz	Ly Incutat Including	S and some argonums	logic based control: fuzzy	
aontrollor:	Proliminarias fuzzy sets in comm	using ruzzy and r	eurar network. ruzzy	rogic based control. Iuzzy	
static prop	erties of fuzzy controller similar	iletion studies ca	se studies fuzzy cor	trol of smart cars. Neural	
Network C	ontroller design for Direct and l	Indirect Adaptive (	ontrol Neuro-fuzzy con	stems: Neural controllers:	
Neuro-fuzz	v systems: A unified approxima	te reasoning approx	h = Construction of r	ule bases by self learning:	
System structure and learning algorithm A hybrid neural network based fuzzy controller with self learning.					
teacher Fuzzified CMAC and RBF network based self-learning controllers. Applications of above mentioned					
techniques to Non-Linear Dynamical Systems					
Suggested Readings:					
1. J. M. Zu	rada. "Introduction to Artificial	Neural Systems"	West Publishing Com	pany, St. Paul, Minnesota	
1992			eer ruenbining com		
2. Timothy	J. Ross, "FUZZY LOGIC WITH	I. ENGINEERING.	APPLICATIONS", Jol	nn Wiley and Sons.	

3. B. Kosco, "Neural Networks and fuzzy systems: A Dynamic Approach to Machine Intelligence", PHI.

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# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Creatts	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite	
PCD08	Optimization	4	3-0-2	Nil	
	Techniques				
<b>Course Objec</b>	<u>tives:</u>				
• Introduction	on of direct and indirect s	earch methods			
• To unders	tand different constraint a	and unconstrair	nt optimization.		
• To unders	tand linear and nonlinear	programming.	1		
Introduction     techniques	on of GA optimization, s.	Simulated An	nealing, PSO, Tabu se	arch and other artificial optimization	
Course Outco	me:				
The s	tudents will be able				
To unders	tand direct and indirect se	earch methods.			
• To unders	• To understand different constraint and unconstraint optimization.				
• To unders	tand linear and nonlinear	programming.	•		
To have     optimizati	exposure of GA Optin	nization, Sim	ulated Annealing, PSO	D, Tabu search and other artificial	

General: Functions of single and multiple variables - optimality criteria, direct and indirect search methods. Linearization: Constraint optimality criteria, transformation methods based on linearization, Linear and nonlinear programming, Quadratic and Geometric Programming: Quadratic and geometric programming problems, calculus of variations. GA Optimization, Simulated Annealing, PSO, Tabu Search Optimization. Artificial Intelligence in Optimization, Ant Colony system.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. T.F. Edgar and D.M. Himmelblau," Optimization Techniques for Chemical Engineers", McGraw-Hill.
- 2. K. Deo, "Optimization Techniques", Wiley Eastern.
- 3. S.S. Rao, "Optimization Techniques", Wiley Eastern.

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Co	ourse No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite
PC	CD09	Robotics	4	3-0-2	Electrical Machines/Sensors
Co	urse Object	ives:			
•	Introductio	on of Robotics.			
•	To underst	and mathematical modeling	ng using D-H	l parameters.	
•	To underst	and Modeling of different	t actuators an	d sensors.	
•	Introductio	n of kinematics of differe	nt manipulat	ors.	
•	Introductio	on of a planar two-link flex	xible manipu	lator.	
<u>Co</u>	ourse Outcon	me:			
	The st	udents will be able			
•	To underst	and Introduction of Robo	tics.		
•	To underst	and mathematical modeling	ng using D-H	l parameters	
•	To underst	and Modeling of different	t actuators an	d sensors.	
•	To underst	and the kinematics of diff	erent manipu	lators.	
•	To have ex	posure of planar two-link	flexible man	nipulator.	

Introduction -- brief history, types, classification and usage, Science and Technology of robots, Elements of robots -- joints, links, actuators, and sensors, Position and orientation of a rigid body, Homogeneous transformations, Representation of joints, link.

Mathematical Modeling using D-H parameters, Examples of D-H parameters and link transforms, different kinds of actuators – stepper, DC servo and brushless motors, model of a DC servo motor, Types of transmissions, Purpose of sensors, internal and external sensors, common sensors – encoders, tachometers, strain gauge based force-torque sensors, proximity and distance measuring sensors, and vision.

Kinematics of serial robots, Introduction, Direct and inverse kinematics problems, Examples of kinematics of common serial manipulators, workspace of a serial robot, Inverse kinematics of constrained and redundant robots, Tractrix based approach for fixed and free robots and multi-body systems, simulations and experiments, Solution procedures using theory of elimination, Inverse kinematics solution for the general 6R serial manipulator.

Kinematics of parallel robots, Degrees-of-freedom of parallel mechanisms and manipulators, Active and passive joints, Constraint and loop-closure equations, Direct kinematics problem, Mobility of parallel manipulators, Closed-from and numerical solution, Inverse kinematics of parallel manipulators and mechanisms, Direct kinematics of Gough-Stewart platform. Velocity and statics of robot manipulators Linear and angular velocity of links, Velocity propagation, Manipulator Jacobians for serial and parallel manipulators, Velocity ellipse and ellipsoids, Singularity analysis for serial and parallel manipulators, Loss and gain of degree of freedom, Statics of serial and parallel manipulators, Statics and force transformation matrix of a Gough-Stewart platform, Singularity analysis and statics.

Dynamics of serial and parallel robots Mass and inertia of links, Lagrangian formulation for equations of motion for serial and parallel manipulators, Generation of symbolic equations of motion using a computer, Simulation (direct and inverse) of dynamic equations of motion, Examples of a planar 2R and four-bar mechanism, Recursive dynamics, Commercially available multi-body simulation software (ADAMS) and Computer algebra software Maple. Motion planning and control Joint and Cartesian space trajectory planning and generation, Classical control concepts using the example of control of a single link, Independent joint PID control, Control of a multi-link manipulator, Non-linear model based control schemes, Simulation and experimental case studies on serial and parallel manipulators, Control of constrained manipulators, Cartesian control, Force control and hybrid position/force control, Advanced topics in non-linear control of manipulators. Modeling and control of flexible links and joints, Kinematic modeling of multi-link flexible robots, Dynamics and control of flexible link manipulators, Numerical simulations results, Experiments with a planar two-link flexible manipulator.

Modeling and analysis of wheeled mobile robots Introduction and some well known wheeled mobile robots (WMR),





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two and three-wheeled WMR on flat surfaces, Slip and its modeling, WMR on uneven terrain, Design of slip-free motion on uneven terrain, Kinematics, dynamics and static stability of a three-wheeled WMR's on uneven terrain, Simulations using MATLAB and ADAMS. Advanced topics in robotics, Introduction to chaos, Non-linear dynamics and chaos in robot equations, Simulations of planar 2 DOF manipulators, Analytical criterion for unforced motion. Gough-Stewart platform and its singularities, use of near singularity for fine motion for sensing, design of Gough-Stew art platform based sensors. Overconstrained mechanisms and deployable structures, Algorithm to obtain redundant links and joints, Kinematics and statics of deployable structures with pantographs or scissorlike elements (SLE's).

Suggested Readings:

- 1. <u>Ashitava Ghosal</u>, "Robotics: Fundamental Concepts and Analysis", Oxford University Press.
- 2. Fu, Gonzalez and Lee,, "Robotics: Control, Sensing, Vision, and Intelligence", MGH .
- 3. Mittal & Nagrath, "Robotics and Control", TMH.

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Course No.   Ti	itle of the Course	Credits	Course	Pre-Requisite		
			Structure			
PCD10 D	Distributed Digital Control	4	3-0-2	Discrete time Control		
S	ystem			System		
<b>Course Objectives</b>	<u>s:</u>					
<ul> <li>Introduction of</li> </ul>	Introduction of PLC and its applications.					
• To understand	the supervisory control and data acquis	ition system.				
To understand	the digital controller modes.	jj				
Introduction of	f distributed data acquisition and contro	1				
Implementation	on of direct digital control	1.				
Course Outcome:						
The students y	will be able					
To Understand	ling of PLC.					
To understand	supervisory control and data acquisition	n system (SC				
To understand	the digital controller modes	ii system (se	inding.			
<ul> <li>To understand</li> <li>To have exposi-</li> </ul>	sure of direct digital control					
Programmable Loo	aic Controller (PLC) and its application	Review o	f computers in	process control. Data loggers		
Direct Digital Co	ontrol (DDC) Supervisory Control	and Data	Acquisition S	vstems (SCADA) sampling		
considerations Fur	nctional block diagram of computer co	and Data	alarms interr	upts Characteristics of digital		
data controller so	offware linearization Digital controlle	r modes: F	ror proportion	al derivative and composite		
controller modes	Sitware, inicalization. Digital controlle	I modes. E		an, derivative and composite		
Implementation of	digital PID algorithms Introduction t	o Real Tim	e Control Syste	m Advantages of distributed		
digital control syst	tems Evolution of distributed control	Multilaver c	ontrol hierarchy	Distributed data acquisition		
and control data	acquisition Event monitoring Direct	t Control	Supervisory I	aver Intra-area coordination		
Production Scheduling and operational management Management information. Implementation of direct digital						
control. Interfacing considerations Man Machine interface, data highway and industrial communication protocols						
open system archite	ecture Introduction to Supervisory Con	trol and Da	ta Acquisition (	SCADA) System Component		
of SCADA system. Some case studies						

Suggested Readings:

1. Popovic & Bhatkar, "Distributed Computer Control System for industrial Automation", Marshel Dekker.

- 2. S. A. Boyer, "SCADA: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition", ISA.
- 3. M. Johnson and M. H. Moradi, "PID Control", Springer-verlang.

4. B. G. Liptak, "Process Control and Optimization", Instrument Engineer's Hand Book, CRC press.

5. B. G. Liptak, "Process Software and Digital Networks", Instrument Engineer's Hand Book, CRC press.





# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite	
PCD11	<b>Optimal Control</b>	4	3-0-2	Nil	
Course Object	ives:				
Introductio	Introduction of optimal control problem.				
• To understand the dynamic programming with the help of optimal control.					
To understa	and the variational approach to optimal	control probler	ns.		
Introductio	n of Pontryagin's minimum principle ar	nd state inequal	ity constraints.		
Introductio	n of variation of extremals.				
Course Outcor	ne:				
The studer	its will be able				
• To understa	and optimal control problem.				
To understa	and the dynamic programming with the	help of optima	l control.		
To understa	and the variational approach to optimal	control probler	ns.		
To understa	and Pontryagin's minimum principle an	nd state inequali	ty constraints.		
To understa	and variation of extremals.				
Problem formul	ation – Mathematical model – Physical	constraints - P	erformance measure, (	Optimal control problem,	
Form of optima	al control, Performance measures for	optimal contro	l problem, Selection	a performance measure.	
Dynamic Progr	amining – Optimal control law – Princ	readure Char	atoristics of dynamic	of system, A recurrence	
Hamilton Jac	anne programming – computational p	and the second s	roblems. Colculus of a	variations Fundamental	
concepts Funct	ionals Piecewise – smooth extremals (	Constrained ext	rema	anations – Pundamentar	
Variational ann	roach to optimal control problems –	Necessary con	ditions for optimal co	ntrol – Linear regulator	
problems. Line	ar tracking problems. Pontryagin's m	inimum princip	ble and state inequalit	v constraints. Minimum	
time problems	– Minimum control – effort problems	s. Singular inte	rvals in optimal contr	ol problems. Numerical	
determination o	of optimal trajectories – Two point bour	ndary – valve p	roblems, Methods of s	steepest decent, variation	
of extremals, Quasilinearization, Gradient projection algorithm.					
Suggested Read	lings:	~			
1. Donald E. Ki	rk, "Optimal Control Theory: An Introd	duction", Prenti	ce-Hall networks serie	es.	
2. Anderson .B.	D. O, Moore .J. B, "Optimal control li	near Quadratic	methods", Prentice Ha	ll of India.	

3. Sage A. P, White .C. C, "Optimum Systems Control", Prentice Hall.





# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	<b>Course Structure</b>	Pre-Requisite		
PCD12	Advanced Digital Signal	4	3-0-2	Signals and		
	Processing			Systems/DSP		
Course Object	ives:					
Introductio	Introduction of fundamental of digital processing.					
To understa	and the design of different types of digi	tal filters.				
To understa	and short time Fourier analysis.					
Introductio	n of adaptive filters and their applicatio	ns in processes.				
Introductio	n of optimal filters.					
Course Outcon	ne:					
The studer	its will be able					
To understa	and the fundamental of digital processir	ıg.				
To understa	and the design of different types of digi	tal filters.				
To understa	and short time Fourier analysis.					
To have the	e exposure of adaptive filters and their a	applications in p	rocesses.			
To have ex	posure of optimal filters.					
Modern spectra	l analysis: Review of the theory of rand	dom processes, '	Traditional approache	es using the periodogram		
and DFT metho	ods, Non-linear estimation: the maximu	m entropy meth	od, Applications to s	ignal analysis and linear		
prediction. Line	ear Predictive Coding: Autocorrelation	and covariance	implementations, Des	sign and interpretation of		
lattice filters,	Applications to speech, bio-informa	tion processing	g, and geophysics.	Multirate digital signal		
processing: Sai	npling Rate Conversion, Polyphase in	nplementation of	of FIR filters for rate	e conversion, multistage		
implementation	s with applications to speech and music	analysis.	C E'l 1 '			
Short Time Fou	rier analysis: Interpretation as linear fil	ter vs. Fourier ti	ansform Filter design	techniques, Application		
to speech and	music analysis, Generalized time-free	quency represe	ntations: Wigner dist	tributions and wavelets.		
Adaptive filter	ng: General introduction and overvie	w, FIR filters:	MMSE, LMS, and I	RLS algorithms, Lattice		
inters: filter derivation and design, Convergence of transversal and lattice filters, The RLS and related algorithms,						
opulnal inters, wulli-sensor adaptive array processing and beam forming. Keanzation of digital filters using modern						
Suggested Pass	inge					
1 Farbang " A	ungs. dantive Filters Theory and Applications	" John Wiley				
2. Widrow, R	nd Stearns, S. D., "Adaptive Signal Pr	ocessing". Prent	ice-Hall.			

3. Haykin, S, "Adaptive Filter Theory", Prentice-Hall.

- 4. Hayes, M., "Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modeling", Wiley.
- 5. Kay, S. M., "Modern Spectral Estimation: Theory and Application", Prentice-Hall.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	<b>Course Structure</b>	Pre-Requisite		
PCD13	Robust control	4	3-0-2	Control System		
Course Objectives:						
Introductio	n of robust control and linear quadratic	regulators.				
To understa	and the Kharitonov theorem robustness					
To understa	and robustness of discrete time LQR sy	stems.				
Introductio	n of Gerchgorin Theorem and its applic	cations in Proc	ess Control.			
<ul> <li>Introductio</li> </ul>	n of LQG filters.					
Course Outco	me:					
The studer	nts will be able					
<ul> <li>To understa</li> </ul>	and robust control and linear quadratic	regulators.				
<ul> <li>To understand</li> </ul>	and the Kharitonov theorem robustness					
<ul> <li>To understand</li> </ul>	and robustness of discrete time LQR sy	stems.				
To have the	e exposure of Gerchgorin Theorem and	its application	is in Process Control.			
To have the	e knowledge of LQG filters.					
Introduction to	optimal robust control, Linear Quadra	tic Regulators	: return ratio & differe	nce, sensitivity function.		
Kalman's optin	nality condition, Gain/phase margins, r	obustness to t	ime delay and nonlinea	arity. Characterization of		
sensitivity, Kharitonov theorem robustness. Singular values - properties, application in stability, robustness and						
sensitivity, Robustness of discrete time LQR systems, Forward and feedforward controllers, H2, and controller,						
LQG controller	, Industrial applications of H2/LQG of	control, Gerch	gorin Theorem and its	applications in Process		
Control.						
Suggested Readings:						

1. Michael J. Griemble, "Robust industrial control-Optimal design approach for polynomial systems", Prentice Hall International.

2. S.P. Bhattacharya, Anirudha Datta, and L.H.Kiel, "Linaer Control theory, structure, Robustness and optimization", CRC Press.

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Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	<b>Course Structure</b>	Pre-Requisite			
PCD14	<b>Electric Drives and Control</b>	4	3-0-2	Power Electronics			
Course Object	Course Objectives:						
Introduction	n of Electrical Drives and Control.						
To understa	and the Induction Motor drives.						
To understa	and synchronous motor drive.						
Introduction	n of Close loop control of drives.						
Introduction	n of Motor drives with VSI, CSI and Cyc	cloconverters.					
Course Outco	<u>me:</u>						
The studen	nts will be able						
To understa	and Electrical Drives and Control.						
To understa	and the Induction Motor drives.						
To understa	and synchronous motor drive.						
To have the	e exposure of Close loop control of drive	s.					
To have the	e exposure of Motor drives with VSI, CS	I and Cyclocor	nverters				
Introduction: E	lectrical Drives, drive characteristics. D	D.C. motor dri	ves: Rectifier fed dri	ves, Chopper controlled			
drives. Induction motor drives: Equivalent circuits, speed control, slip energy recovery. Synchronous motor drives:							
Operation with fixed frequency and variable frequency source. Closed-loop control of drives: D.C. motor drives -							
Armature Voltage control, Field weakening. A.C. motors - motor drives with VSI, CSI and Cycloconverter.							
Suggested Readings:							
1. G. K. Dubey,	, "Fundamentals of Electrical Drives", A	Ipha Science I	nternational.				
2. S.B. Dewan,	Gordon R. Slemon and A. Straughen, "P	ower Semicon	ductor Drives", John	Wiley Pub.			
drives. Induction Operation with Armature Volta Suggested Read 1. G. K. Dubey, 2. S.B. Dewan, 3 R. Krishnan	in motor drives: Equivalent circuits, spec fixed frequency and variable frequency ge control, Field weakening. A.C. motor lings: , "Fundamentals of Electrical Drives", A Gordon R. Slemon and A. Straughen, "P "Electric Motor drives - Modelling An	ed control, slip source. Close s - motor drive Alpha Science I Power Semicon	nternational. ductor Drives", John	wiley Pub.			

4. Bimal K.Bose, "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education.

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Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite		
PCD15	Microcontrollers Based	4	3-0-2	Microprocessor		
	System Design					
Course Objectives:						
Introduction	on of Microcontrollers.					
To underst	and the PIC microcontrollers.					
To underst	and 8051 microcontroller and its archite	ecture.				
Introduction	n of real time applications of microcont	trollers.				
To underst	and interfacing with LCD, ADC, DAC.					
To underst	and applications and Products of Embed	dded Systems				
Course Outco	me:					
The stude	nts will be able					
To underst	and the Microcontrollers.					
To underst	and the PIC microcontrollers.					
To underst	and 8051 microcontroller and its archite	ecture.				
To have th	e exposure of real time applications of r	nicrocontrollers				
To underst	and interfacing with LCD, ADC, DAC.					
To underst	and applications and Products of Embed	dded Systems				
Introduction to	microcontrollers: Processor Architectu	ures: Harvard V	/S Princeton, and CI	SC V/S RISC, Different		
types of micro	controllers and Embedded systems, I	Introduction to	Memory Technolog	ies, clocking, interrupts,		
timers, and pe	ripherals. Introduction to PIC microco	ontrollers, Arch	itecture and pipelinin	ng, Concept of program		
memory and Da	ata Memory, Addressing modes, CPU re	egisters, Instruct	tion set, and simple of	perations. Introduction to		
8051 Microcon	troller its Architecture, Pin Diagram, I	O Ports, Intern	al RAM and Register	s, Interrupts, Addressing		
Modes, Memor	y Organization and External Addressi	ng, Instruction	Set, Assembly Langi	lage Programming, Real		
Time Applicati	Time Applications of Microcontroller, Interfacing with LCD, ADC, DAC, Stepper Motor, Key Board and Sensors.					
Embedded Systems-introduction, Classification, Processors, Hardware Units, Software Embedded into System,						
Applications and Products of Embedded Systems, Structural Units in Processor, Memory Devices, I/O Devices, Puses, Interfacing of Processor Memory and I/O Devices, Case Study of an Embedded System for a Smart Card						
Buses, interfacing of Processor Memory and I/O Devices, Case Study of an Embedded System for a Smart Card.						
1 B B Brev "	The Intel Microprocessors Architectu	re Programming	and Interfacing" Pe	arson Education		
2 John B Pear	tman "Design with PIC Microcontrolle	ers" Pearson	s and miteriating, it			
3. Raj Kamal. "	3. Rai Kamal. "Embedded Systems- Architecture. Programming and Design." TMH.					

- V. Udayashankara and M. S. Mallikarjunaswamy, "8051 Microcontroller", TMH.
   Mazidi and Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems", Pearson Education.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite
PCD16	Microprocessor Based System	4	3-0-2	Microprocessor
	Design			
Course Obje	ectives:			
<ul> <li>Introduct</li> </ul>	tion of X86 family processors.			
To under	rstand Signal descriptions of 8086.			
To under	rstand 8051 microcontroller and its architecture			
Introduce	tion of Interrupts and Exceptions of X86 proce	ssors.		
To under	rstand 80486 Microprocessor Architecture.			
To under	rstand 8255 PPI and its various modes of opera	tions and inter	rfacing to X86.	
• To unde	erstand 8251 USART architecture and inter	rfacing, RS-2	32, IEEE-4-88, Prot	totyping and trouble
shooting				
Course Oute	nomo:			
<u>Course Out</u> The stud	<u>lents will be able</u>			
To under	rstand X86 family processors.			
To under	rstand Signal descriptions of 8086			
To under	rstand 8051 microcontroller and its architecture			
To have	exposure of Interrupts and Exceptions of X86	processors.		
To under	rstand 80486 Microprocessor Architecture.			
To under	rstand 8255 PPI and its various modes of opera	tions and inter	rfacing to X86.	
• To unde	erstand 8251 USART architecture and inter	facing, RS-2	32, IEEE-4-88, Prot	totyping and trouble
shooting				
Introduction	to Intel X86 Family of Processors, Internal Are	chitecture of 8	086 Microprocessor,	Programming Model,
Organization	and Interfacing of Memory. Concept of Phy	vsical and Log	gical memory. Instru	ction set, Addressing
modes, Signa	al descriptions of 8086 w.r.t Minimum and M	faximum moc	le operations. Timing	g diagrams. Interrupts
and Exceptio	ons of X86 processors. Assembler directives,	macros, simp	le programs involvin	g logical, branch and
call instructio	ons, sorting, evaluating arithmetic expressions,	string manipu	lations etc.	- 1 V:
af Operation	to 80486 Microprocessor Architecture, Concep	n of Real Moc	of Virtual Address	nd virtual 8080 Mode
of Operation	Descriptors and paging Multitasking and I/	O Protection	Interrupt Vector Tab	le in protected Mode
Switching fr	, Descriptors, and paging. Multitasking and $1/2$	nication Inter	face with X86 proces	sor 8255 PPI and its
various mode	es of operations and interfacing to X86 Interf	acing keyboa	rd display stepper m	notor interfacing $D/A$
and A/D conv	verter.	acing Reyoou	ia, aispiay, stopper in	lotor internacing, D/IT
Writing Inter	rrupt service routine. Interfacing of Interrupt	Controller an	nd DMA device. Intr	oduction of Personal
Computer Ar	chitecture, Introduction to DOS and BIOS inte	rrupts, Bus A	rchitectures such as IS	SA, PCI, GPIB, SCSI,
ATA etc. Sei	rial communication standards, Serial data trans	sfer schemes.	8251 USART archite	cture and interfacing.
RS-232. IEE	E-4-88, Prototyping and trouble shooting.			
Suggested Re	eadings:			

1. D. V. Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing", TMGH.

2. Hans-Peter Messmer, "Indispensable PC Hardware Book", Addison-Wesley.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite			
PCD17	<b>Application of FPGA in Process</b>	4	3-0-2	Process Control			
	Control						
Course Object	Course Objectives:						
To underst	and the Programmable Logic: ROM, PLA, H	PAL, PLD,	PGA-Featurs.				
To underst	and the Altera series-Max 5000/7000 series	and Altera	FLEX Logic-10000 s	eries.			
• To understand the FPGA: Field Programming Gate Arrays-Logic blocks,.							
Introduction	on of Xilinx XC4000 and ALTERA's 8000/1	0000 FPGA	As.				
To underst	and Digital Front end, digital design tools fo	or FPGAs at	nd ASICS.				
To underst	and the applications of FPGA in Process Co	ntrol.					
Course Outcon The stude	me: nts will be able						
To underst	and the Programmable Logic: ROM, PLA, I	PAL, PLD,	PGA-Featurs.				
To underst	and the Altera series-Max 5000/7000 series	and Altera	FLEX Logic-10000 s	eries.			
• To underst	and the FPGA: Field Programming Gate Arr	rays-Logic	blocks,.				
Introduction	on of Xilinx XC4000 and ALTERA's 8000/1	10000 FPGA	As.				
• To have th	e exposure of Digital Front end, digital desig	gn tools for	FPGAs and ASICS.				
To underst	and the applications of FPGA in Process Co	ntrol.					
logic devices,	Altera series-Max 5000/7000 series and A	urs, Program Altera FLE	mming and application X Logic-10000 serie	ons using complex using os CPLD, AMDs CPLD			
(Mach 1 to 5),	Cypres FLASH 370, Device technology, Lat	ttice PLST'	s architectures-3000 s	series-speed performance			
and system pro	ogrammability. FPGA: Field Programming	Gate Array	/s-Logic blocks, rout	ing architectures, design			
flow technology mapping for FPGA, Case Studies, Xilinx XC4000 and ALTERA's 8000/10000 FPGAs: AT&T							
ORCA's (Optimized Reconfigurable Cell Array): ACTEL's ACT-1,2,3 and their speed performance. Digital Front							
end, digital design tools for FPGAs and ASICS: using mentor graphics EDA tool, (FPGA Advantage)-Design flow							
using FPGAs. Case studies: Applications in Process Control.							
Suggested Read	lings:		1.1				
1. S. Trimberger, "Field Programming Gate Arrays" Kluwer Academic publications.							

3. P.K Chan and S. Mourad, "Digital Design using Field Programming Gate Arrays" Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.

4. Parag K. Lala, "Digital System Design using Programmable Logic Devices", BSP.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite			
PCD18	MEMS and NEMS	4	3-0-2	Transducer and components			
Course Object	ives:						
To understa	and the Introduction and origi	in of MEMS	•				
To understa	and the Classification and ter	minology of	MEMS sensors.				
To understa	and the Modelling and numer	rical analysis	of some micro sensor	rs.			
Introductio	n of MEMS material and ME	EMS switch.					
To understa	and Surface micro machining	5.					
To understa	and the MEMS based microw	vave circuits	and NEMS devices us	sing CAD tools.			
Course Outcon	<u>ne:</u>						
The studer	its will be able	· CMEMO					
• I o underst	and the Introduction and origi	in of MEMS	•				
To understa	and the Classification and ter	minology of	MEMS sensors.				
To understa	and the Modelling and numer	rical analysis	of some micro sensor	rs.			
Introductio	n of MEMS material and ME	EMS switch.					
To have the	e exposure of Surface micro r	nachining.					
To have the	e exposure of MEMS based n	nicrowave ci	rcuits and NEMS dev	ices using CAD tools.			
Introduction an	d origin of MEMS, driving	g force for M	MEMS development,	emergence, devices and application,			
scaling issues.	Classification and terminol	ogy of ME	MS sensors, evolution	on of semiconductor sensors, sensor			
characterization	basic concept of acoustic, n	nechanical, 1	nagnetic, radiation, th	nermal sensors and integrated sensors,			
Modelling and numerical analysis of some micro sensors. Actuation in MEMS devices, electrostatic actuation,							
parallel plate capacitor-cantilever beam based movement, comb-drive structures, Modelling and numerical analysis							
of some micro a	actuators.						
The MEMS sv	vitch; Cantilever based ME	M switch,	Membrane based sw	itch design microwave material and			
mechanical con	siderations. MEMS Material	l, thin film d	leposition, lithography	y and etching. Bulk micro machining:			
Introduction, et	ch-stop techniques, dry etch	Introduction, etch-stop techniques, dry etching, buried oxide process, silicon fusion bonding, and anodic bonding.					

Surface micro machining: Introduction, sacrificial layer technology, material systems in sacrificial layer technology, plasma etching, combined IC technology and anisotropic wet etching. Microstereo-lithography: Introduction, Scanning Method, Projection Method, Applications. LIGA Process: Introduction, Basic Process and Applications MEMS devices and electronic interfaces. MEMS based microwave circuits: phase shifter, resonators, filters, oscillators. Design, simulation and layout of MEMS and NEMS devices using CAD tools.

Suggested Readings:

1. S.M.Sze, "Semiconductor Sensors", John Wiley & Sons.

- 2. M.Elwenspoek, R.Wiegerink, "Mechanical Microsensors", Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.
- 3. Julian W. Gardner, Vijay K. Varadan, "Microsensors, MEMS, and Smart Devices", John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

4. Massood Tabib-Azar, "Microactuators - Electrical, Magnetic, Thermal, Optical, Mechanical, Chemical and Smart structures", Kluwer Academic Publishers, New York.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite			
PCD19	Multi sensor data fusion	4	3-0-2	Transducer and Sensor			
Course Objectives:							
Introduct	tion of Multisensor data fusion.						
To under	stand the Elementary applications a	nd techniqu	es for data fusion.				
To under	stand the Data fusion models.						
Introduct	tion of Data information filter.						
To under	stand Distributed dynamic sensor fu	usion.					
To imple	ment the data fusion system.						
Course Outc	ome:						
The stud	lents will be able						
To under	stand Multisensor data fusion.						
To under	stand the Elementary applications a	nd techniqu	es for data fusion.				
To under	stand the Data fusion models.						
Introduct	tion of Data information filter.						
To have	the exposure of Distributed dynamic	e sensor fus	ion.				
To have	the exposure of implementation of d	lata fusion s	system.				
Multisensor	data fusion: Introduction, sensors	and senso	r data, Use of mult	iple sensors, Fusion applications.			
Elementary a	pplications and techniques for data	a fusion in	military and civilian	systems, the inference hierarchy:			
output data. I	Jata fusion model. Architectural con	ncepts and	issues. Benefits of dat	a fusion, Mathematical tools used:			
Algorithms, o	co-ordinate transformations, rigid b	ody motion	Dependability and	Markov chains, Meta – heuristics.			
Data associat	algorithms for multi-sensor data lu	sion: Multi	sensor classification;	Tracking; Multisensor registration;			
Valman filtar	Desision level identifies fusion K	n: Kannan .	hasad approaches	ects of Kalman Intering, extended			
Data informa	s. Decision level identifies fusion. K	ilter Decer	otrolized and scalable	a decentralized estimation Sensor			
bata information inter, extended information inter. Decentralized and scalable decentralized estimation. Sensor							
fusion High performance data structures. Tessellated trees graphs and function. Distributed dynamic sensor							
uncertainty in data structures. Designing ontimal sensor systems within dependability bounds. Implementing data							
fusion system	1.	ii sensor sy	stenis within depend	asing sounds, imprementing data			
Suggested Re	eadings:						
1. David L. H	[all, "Mathematical techniques in M	ultisensor d	lata fusion". Artech H	ouse, Boston.			
2. R.R. Brool	s and S.S. Iyengar, "Multisensor Fu	ision: Fund	amentals and Applica	tions with Software", Prentice Hall			

2. R.R. Brooks and S.S. Iyengar, "Multisensor Fusion: Fundamentals and Applications with Software", Prentice Ha Inc., New Jersey.

- 3. Arthur G.O. Mutambara, "Decentralized Estimation and Control for Multisensor Systems", CRC Press.
- 4. Arthur Gelb, "Applied Optimal Estimation", The M.I.T. Press.
- 5. James V. Candy, "Signal Processing: The Model Based Approach", McGraw Hill.







- 2. Peterson and Davi, "Computer Networks".
- 3. Berstecas, "Data Communications".





Course No	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite				
PCD21	RDBMS	4	3-0-2	Nil				
Course Obiec	Course Objectives:							
Introducti	on of Purpose of Database systems.							
To unders	tand Entity relationship model							
To unders	tand the Relational model							
Introducti	on of SOL: Background and Basic S	tructure.						
To unders	tand Integrity constraints.	ii dottai ot						
To unders	stand Relational Database Design.							
To unders	stand Object Oriented Databases and	case studies.						
Course Outc	ome:							
The stude	ents will be able							
To unders	tand the Purpose of Database system	18.						
To unders	tand Entity relationship model.							
To unders	tand the Relational model.							
Introducti	on of SQL: Background and Basic S	tructure.						
To unders	tand Integrity constraints.							
To have the first of the test of test	ne exposure of Relational Database I	Design.						
To have the first of the second	ne exposure of Object Oriented Data	bases and case stu	idies.					
Introduction : Purpose of Database systems – View of data – Data models – Database languages – Transaction management – Storage management – Database Administrator – Database users – Overall System Structure. Entity relationship model: Basic concepts – keys – Entity relationship Diagram – Week entities sets – Extended ER features: Specialization – Generalization. Relational model: Structure of relational databases – The relational Algebra – views. SQL: Background – Basic Structure – Set operations – Aggregate functions – null values – Nested sub queries – Derives Relations – views – modification of database – joined relations – data definition languages – Embadded SQL – other SQL features.								
Embedded SQ Integrity const Relational Da functional dep Object Orient	L – other SQL features. raints: Domain constraints – Referen tabase Design: Pitfalls in Relation endencies – Normalization using Mu ed Databases : New Database App	ntial Integrity – A nal Database De ultilevel Depende lications – The ( Object Balations	ssertions – Triggers – F sign – Decomposition ncies – Normalization u Dbject Oriented Data M	Functional Dependencies. – Normalization using using Join Dependencies. Model – Object Oriented lations – Complex targe				

Languages – Persistent Programming Languages. Object Relational Databases : Neated relations – Complex types and Object Orientation – Quering with complex Data types – Creation of complex values and objects – Comparison of Object – Oriented Relational databases. Case studies: regarding formation and testing of database for any process industry for Distributed Control System (DCS).

Suggested Readings:

1. C. J. Date, "Introduction to Database Systems", Addison-Wesley.

2. Abraham Silberschatz, Hendry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Mc Graw Hill International Edition .





Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite			
PCD22	PCD22 Advances in artificial intelligence 4 3-0-2 Nil						
Course Objectives:							
Introduct	ion of Neural Network.						
To under	stand Information theoretical model.						
To under	stand the Stochastic Machines and statistical r	nachines.					
Introduct	tion of Neurodynamic programming.						
To under	stand Hybrid algorithms.						
To under	stand Genetic algorithm and evolutionary prog	gramming.					
To under	stand learning algorithms and applications in p	process contro	ol.				
Course Out	<u>come:</u>						
The stud	lents will be able						
• To under	stand the Neural Network.						
• To under	stand Information theoretical model.						
• To under	stand the Stochastic Machines and statistical r	nachines.					
Introduct	tion of Neurodynamic programming.						
• To under	stand Hybrid algorithms.						
• To have	the exposure of learning algorithms and applic	onary program	nning. Sess control				
Neural Netwo	ork: Adaptive Linear Neural Network Self or	panizing man	s Self organizing man	algorithm Properties			
of the Feature	e Map. Learning Vector quantization. Adaptiv	ve pattern clas	sification. Hierarchical	vector quantization.			
Information	theoretical model: entropy. Maximum Ent	ropy princip	le. Mutual informatio	n. Kullback-Leibler			
Divergence,	Mutual function as an objective function to	be optimized	l, Maximum mutual ir	formation Principle,			
Infomax and	redundancy reduction. Stochastic Machines a	and statistical	machines: Statistical r	nachines, Metropolis			
algorithm, Si	imulated Annealing, Gibbs sampling, Boltz	mann machir	ne, sigmaoid belief ne	etworks, Mean-Field			
theory, Deter	ministic Boltzmann machine. Neurodynamic	e programmir	ng: Markovian Decisio	n process, Bellman,			
optimality cri	optimality criterion, policy iteration, Value iteration, neurodynamic programming, Approximate policy iteration, Q-						
learning, Hyb	learning, Hybrid algorithms.						
Particle Swarm intelligence, Genetic algorithm and evolutionary programming, Support vector machines, Ant							
Colony syste	Colony system. Neurodynamics: Dynamical systems, stability of equilibrium states, attractors, neurodynamical						
architecture	state space model. Computational newsr of ra	mamically dr	ven Kecurrent network	and applications in			
process contr	ol	current netwo	arks, rearning argorithin	is and applications in			
Suggested Re	adinas.						
Suggested Re							

1. Bose and Liang, "Artificial Neural Networks", Tata Mcgraw Hill.

2. Kosco B, "Neural Networks and Fuzzy Systems: A Dynamic Approach to Machine Intelligence", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.

3. Simon Haykin, "Neural Networks", Pearson Education.





Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite	
PCD23	Soft Computing	4	3-0-2	Nil	
Course Objectives:					
Introductio	n of fuzzy logic.				
To understa	and the properties of fuzzy sets and fuz	zy relations.			
To understa	and the fuzzy mapping rules and fuzzy	implication fur	ctions, Applications.		
Introductio	n of Neural networks.				
To understa	and Genetic algorithm and evolutionary	y programming			
To understa	and Hybrid algorithms.				
Course Outcon	ne:				
The studer	its will be able				
Introductio	n of fuzzy logic.				
To understa	and the properties of fuzzy sets and fuz	zy relations.			
To understa	and the fuzzy mapping rules and fuzzy	implication fur	ctions, Applications.		
Introductio	n of Neural networks.				
• To have the	e exposure of Genetic algorithm and ev	olutionary prog	gramming		
• To have the	e exposure of Hybrid algorithms.		1 1: 0		
Fuzzy Logic: C	risp set and Fuzzy set, Basic concep	ts of fuzzy set	s, membership functio	ons. Basic operations on	
fuzzy	sets, Properties	of fuzzy	sets, Fi	izzy relations.	
Applicational IC	bgic and Predicate logic, fuzzy If – The	en rules, fuzzy	mapping rules and fuz	zy implication functions,	
Applications.					
		NT 1 / 1	1., , T.	4 1 A 1 4	
Neural Network	cs: Basic concepts of neural networks,	Neural network	architectures, Learnin	ig methods, Architecture	
of a back propa	gation network, Applications.				
Genetic Algorit	Genetic Algorithms: Basic concepts of genetic algorithms, encoding, genetic modeling.				
Hybrid Systems: Integration of neural networks, fuzzy logic and genetic algorithms.					
Suggested Readings:					
1. S. Rajaseka	aran and G.A.Vijaylakshmi Pai., "Neur	ral Networks F	uzzy Logic, and Genet	ic Algorithms", Prentice	
Hall of Ind		1	· • • • •		
2. K.H.Lee	First Course on Fuzzy Theory and App	plications", Spr	inger-Verlag.		

- 3. J. Yen and R. Langari.. "Fuzzy Logic, Intelligence, Control and Information", Pearson Education.
- 4. Timothy J. Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications", Wiley Publication, India.





Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite		
PCD24	Process Dynamics and	4	3-0-2	Process Control		
	Control					
Course Object	ives:		I			
To underst	and the Role of Process Dynamics and Co	ontrol.				
To underst	and the Mathematical Models of System.					
To underst	and the series of Isothermal, Constant-Ho	ldup CSTRs,	CSTRs with Variable	Holdups.		
Introductio	n of Distillation process.					
• To underst	and Conventional Control Systems.					
• To underst	and the methods of controller tunings.					
Course Outcon	<u>ne:</u>					
I ne studer	its will be able and the Pole of Process Dynamics and Co	ntrol				
To underst	and the Mothematical Models of System	0111101.				
To underst     To underst	and the series of Isothermal Constant-Ho	ldun CSTRs	CSTRs with Variable	Holduns		
Introductio	n of Distillation process	idup CSTRS,		Holdups.		
To have the	e exposure of Conventional Control Syste	ms.				
To have the	e exposure of controller tunings.					
Introduction: E	Examples of the Role of Process Dyr	namics and (	Control, Historical E	Background Perspective,		
Motivation for	Studying Process Control, General Con	ncepts, Laws	and Languages of H	Process Control, Process		
Control Laws, I	Languages of Process Control.					
Mathematical N	Models of System: Fundamentals, Introdu	uction, Uses	of Mathematical Mod	lels, Scope of Coverage,		
Principles of I	Formulation, Fundamental Laws, Contir	uity Equatio	ns, Energy Equation	, Equations of Motion,		
Transport Equ	ations, Equations of State Equilibrium	, Chemical	Kinetics, Problems,	Introduction, Series of		
Isothermal, Con	Istant-Holdup CSTRs, CSTRs with Vari	able Holdups	s, I wo Heated Tanks	, Gas-Phase, Pressurized		
With Mass Tr	ansfer Ideal Binary Distillation Colum	n Multicom	opent Nopideal Dis	tillation Column Batch		
Distillation Wit	h Holdun nH Systems Equilibrium-Cons	stant Models	Titration-Curve Meth	od Problems		
Simulation of	Models: Gravity-Flow Tank. Three CS	STRs in Serie	es. Nonisothermal CS	STR. Binary Distillation		
Column, Multi	component Distillation Column, Varial	ble Pressure	Distillation, Approx	imate Variable-Pressure		
Model, Rigorou	is Variable-Pressure Model, Batch Reacto	r, Ternary Ba	tch Distillation With	Holdup.		
Conventional C	control Systems: Control Instrumentation,	Sensors, Tran	nsmitters Control valv	es, Analog and Digital		
Controllers, Co	Controllers, Computing and Logic Devices, Performance of Feedback Controllers, Specifications for Closed loop					
Response, Load	Response, Load Performance, Controller Tuning, Rules of Thumb, On-Line Trial and Error Ziegler-Nichols					
Method.						
Suggested Read	Suggested Readings:					
1. W.L. Luyber	n, "Process Modeling, Simulation and Cor	ntrol for Chen	nical Engineers", Tata	McGraw-Hill Chemical		
Engineering Se	ries, McGraw-Hill.		<i>c</i> , ,			
2. B. Wayne Bequette, "Process Control: Modeling Design and simulation", Prentice Hall India.						

- 3. G. Stephanopoulos, "Chemical Process Control: An Introduction to Theory and Practice", Prentice Hall India.
- 4. D. E. Seborg, T. F. Edgar, and D. A. Mellichamp, "Process Dynamics and Control", Wiley.





Course No. Title of the Course	Credits	<b>Course Structure</b>	Pre-Requisite		
PCD25 Machine Dynamics and Control	4	3-0-2	<b>Electrical Machines</b>		
Course Objectives:					
Introduction of Generalized theory and Kron's primitiv	e machine	model.			
• To understand Sensorless control and flux observers.					
• To understand the Multilevel converter-fed induction n	notor drive.				
• Introduction of Vector control of synchronous motor.					
To understand Control of synchronous reluctance moto	er.				
To understand Brushless dc motor, Switched reluctance	e motor, Ste	epper motors and cont	rol.		
<u>Course Outcome:</u>					
The students will be able					
To understand Generalized theory and Kron's primitive	e machine n	nodel.			
• To understand Sensorless control and flux observers.					
To understand the Multilevel converter-fed induction n	notor drive.				
• Introduction of Vector control of synchronous motor.					
To have exposure of Control of synchronous reluctance	e motor.				
To have exposure of Brushless dc motor, Switched relu	ictance mot	or, Stepper motors an	d control.		
Generalized theory and Kron's primitive machine model. M	lodeling of	dc machines, Modelin	ng of induction machine,		
Modeling of synchronous machine, Reference frame theory	y and per u	nit system. Control of	Induction Motor Drive,		
Scalar control of induction motor, Principle of vector co	ontrol and f	ield orientation, Sen	sorless control and flux		
observers, Direct torque and flux control of induction moto	r, Multilev	el converter-fed induc	ction motor drive, Utility		
Triendly induction motor drive. Control of Synchronous Mo	tor, Self co	ntrolled synchronous	motor, vector control of		
synchronous motor, Cycloconverter-ted synchronous motor drive, Control of synchronous reluctance motor.					
Brushiess dc motor, Switched reluctance motor, Stepper mo	nors and co	ntrol.			
Suggested Readings:	o Saianaa I	ntamational			
2 S.B. Dewan, Gordon R. Slemon and A. Straughen "Powe	er Semicon	ductor Drives" John	Wiley		
3. R. Krishnan, "Electric Motor drives - Modeling, Analysi	s and Cont	ol". PHI.	whey.		

4. Bimal K.Bose, "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson.





SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	<b>Course Structure</b>	Pre-Requisite
PCD26	Selected Topics in Instrumentation	4	3-0-2	Instrumentation and
	and Control			Control
Course Object	ives:			
Introductio	n various advanced topics in instrumentation	on and Contr	ol.	
Course Outcor	ne:			
The studer	its will be able			
To understand v	various advanced topics in instrumentation	and Control	and their applications	š.
	-			
Various advanc	ed topics in instrumentation of interest to r	esearch and/	or of industrial impor	tance.
Various advanc	ed topics in control of interest to research a	nd/or of ind	ustrial importance.	
Suggested Readings:				
The latest relate	d research papers may be acquired from w	ebsite.		

Passed in the meeting of standing committee on academic matters held on June 3, 2016. Page 50







Course No.	Title of the Course	Credits	Course Structure	Pre-Requisite	
PCD27	Advanced PID Controller	4	3-0-2	Control System	
Course Object	Course Objectives:				
Introduction	n to PID controller.				
To underst	and Design and implementation of digit	al PID control a	lgorithms.		
To underst	and Industrial PID control.				
Introduction	n of Multivariable PID Control Systems	s.			
To underst	and direct synthesis control, Internal Mo	odel Control (IN	IC) and IMC-based P	ID.	
To underst	and some advanced studies on PID cont	rol.			
Course Outcon	<u>ne:</u>				
The stude	its will be able				
To underst	and PID controller.				
To underst	and Design and implementation of digit	al PID control a	lgorithms.		
To underst	and Industrial PID control.				
Introduction	n of Multivariable PID Control Systems	S.			
• To have the	e exposure of direct synthesis control, Ir	nternal Model C	ontrol (IMC) and IM	C-based PID.	
To have the	e exposure of some advanced studies on	PID control.			
Introduction to	Proportional (P), Integral (I), Deriva	tive (D) contro	llers, PI, PD and Pl	D controllers, Series &	
parallel PID co	ntroller, Weighted PID controller and I	SA PID control	ler. Design and imple	mentation of digital PID	
control algorith	ms. PID Controller Implementation Iss	sues: Bandwidtl	n-Limited Derivative	Control, Proportional &	
Derivative kick	r, Integral windup & anti-windup circ	cuit and Revers	seActing Controllers.	Industrial PID control,	
Controller Deg	rees of Freedom Structure, PID Control	Performance: S	Set-point Tracking, D	isturbance Rejection and	
Noise Suppression, State Space Systems and PID Control, Multivariable PID Control Systems. Tuning of PID					
controller: online & offline. Model based Control, Direct synthesis control, Internal Model Control (IMC) and IMC-					
based PID. Automatic PID controller tuning. Tuning of PID controller for Multivariable Control Systems.					
Introduction to	Intelligent PID controllers. Design of I	PID controller u	sing restrict structure	method. Predictive PID	
control. Some c	ase studies. Some advanced studies on	PID control.			
Suggested Read	iings:				

- 1. M. Johnson and M. H. Moradi, "PID Control", Springer-verlang, London.
- 2. K. J. Åström, and T. Hägglund, "Advanced PID Controllers", ISA.
- 3. K. J. Åström, and T. Hägglund, "PID Controllers: Theory Design and Tuning", ISA.
- 4. B. G. Liptak, "Process Control and Optimization", Instrument Engineer's Hand Book, CRC press.
- 5. B. A. Ogunnaike and W. H. Ray, "Process Dynamics, Modeling and Control", New York: Oxford University Press.
- 6. B.Wayne Bequette, "Process Control: Modelling Design and simulation", Prentice Hall India.
- 7. D. E. Seborg, T. F. Edgar, and D. A. Mellichamp, "Process Dynamics and Control", Wiley.





SCHEME OF COURSES - M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

# **COURSE CONTENT OF OPEN ELECTIVES**

Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite			
E0001	Technical	3L-1T-0P	4	None			
LOUUI	Communication		•	TORC			
Course Objectives(CO):							
1. The course will imp	1 The course will improve writing and documentation skills of students with emphasis on the importance of						
effective communicati	on with focus on choice	of words, formation of n	roper sentence structu	res and writing styles.			
2. This will enhance the	ne students capability to	prepare technical docum	ents and corresponden	ce.			
3. The course will equ	ip the student with good	communications skills for	or placements, prepari	ng SOPs and CVs.			
4. The course will sense	sitize the students toward	ls research ethics, copyri	ght and plagiarism.	6			
		, 15	6 1 6				
Course Content:							
• Definition of	communication, meanin	g, importance & process	of communication, ol	pjectives, types, C's of			
communication	on, barriers to communic	ation	,	5 , 51 ,			
• human & nor	-human communicatior	. distinctive features of l	numan languages				
<ul> <li>Business corr</li> </ul>	espondence-definition. r	neaning and importance	of business communic	cation, business letters-			
purchase, end	uirv. quotation. order. fo	ollowup, acceptance-refu	sal	,			
<ul> <li>Emphasis on</li> </ul>	(i) paragraph writing, its	kinds, coherence & coh	esion				
	(ii)writing a paragraph/	thesis: selection of topic	and its development				
	(iii) writing reports manuals notices memos agendas minutes						
	(iv)Interviews, speeches, presentations,						
• Research ethi	cs, methodologies, copy	right, plagiarism					
	, <del>8</del> , <sub>F</sub> ,	0 1 0					
Suggested Readings							
	441 1E 1'1						

Martin Hewing, "Advanced English Grammar", Cambridge.

1. 2. Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, "Technical Communication", Oxford University Press.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO002	Disaster	3L-1T-0P	4	None
	Management			

#### Course objectives(CO):-

1. Demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

2. Critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.

3. Develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.

4.Critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in.

#### Unit -I: Introduction

Disaster: Definition, Factors And Significance; Difference Between Hazard And Disaster; Natural And Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types And Magnitude.

Repercussions Of Disasters And Hazards: Economic Damage, Loss Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem.

Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

#### Unit -II: Disaster Prone Areas In India

Study Of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods And Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic And Coastal Hazards With Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases And Epidemics

#### Unit -III: Disaster Preparedness And Management

Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Or Hazard; Evaluation Of Risk: Application Of Remote Sensing, Data From Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental And Community Preparedness.

#### Unit -IV: Risk Assessment

Disaster Risk: Concept And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global And National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques Of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation In Risk Assessment And Warning, People's Participation In Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.

#### Unit -V: Disaster Mitigation

Meaning, Concept And Strategies Of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends In Mitigation. Structural Mitigation And Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs Of Disaster Mitigation In India.

#### Suggested Readings:

1. R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India:Perspectives, issues and strategies," New Royal book Company, Lucknow.

 Sahni, PardeepEt.Al., "Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
 Goel S. L., "Disaster AdminastrationAnd Management Text And Case Studies", Deep &Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO003	<b>Basics of Financial</b>	3L-1T-0P	4	None
	Management			

### Course Objective(CO):-

• The course's objective is to provide a theoretical framework for considering corporate finance problems and issues and to apply these concepts in practice. In this course, you will enhance your knowledge and understanding of financial management. You will learn how managers should organize their financial transactions effectively and with integrity and how to give everybody the ability and confidence to tackle common financial problems in practice. It will also provide adequate preparation for future finance classes.

#### Unit I

Nature, scope and objectives of financial management, Time value of money, Risk and return (including Capital Asset Pricing Model).

### Unit II

Long term investment decisions: The Capital Budgeting Process, Cash Flow Estimation, Payback Period Method, Accounting Rate of Return, Net Present Value (NPV), Net Terminal Value, Internal Rate of Return (IRR), Profitability Index.

### Unit III

Financing Decisions: Sources of long-term financing, Estimation of components of cost of capital, Methods for calculating Cost of Equity, Cost of Retained Earnings, Cost of Debt and Cost of Preference Capital, Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC). Capital Structure- Theories of Capital Structure (Net Income, Net Operating Income, MM Hypothesis, Traditional Approach). Operating and Financial leverage. Determinants of capital structure

#### Unit IV

Dividend Decisions: Theories for Relevance and irrelevance of dividend decision for corporate valuation-Walter's Model, Gordon's Model, MM Approach, Cash and stock dividends. Dividend policies in practice.

Unit V

Working Capital Decisions: Concepts of Working Capital, Operating & Cash Cycles, sources of short term finance, working capital estimation, cash management, receivables management, inventory management.

#### Suggested Readings:

1. Khan, M.Y. and P.K. Jain, "Financial Management: Text and Problems", Tata McGraw Hill.

- 2. Srivastava, Rajiv, and Anil Mishra, "Financial Management", Oxford University Press, UK.
- 3. Chandra, P., "Financial Management-Theory and Practice", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Horne, Van; James C., John Wachowicz, "Fundamentals of Financial Management", Pearson Education.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO004	Basics of Human	3L-1T-0P	4	None
	Resource			
	Management			
Course Objective(CO	)):-			

# • This course is designed to provide students with an understanding of human resource management (HRM) functions within organizations, including an appreciation of the roles of both HRM specialists and line managers in designing and implementing effective HRM policies and practices.

#### Unit - I

Evolution and growth of human resource management (with special reference to scientific management and Human relations approaches). Role of HR in strategic management. Nature. objectives, scope, and functions of HR management.

### Unit - II

Challenges of HR (the changing profile of the workforce - knowledge workers, employment opportunities in BPOs, IT and service industries, Flexi options), Workforce diversity (causes, paradox, resolution of diversity by management).

#### Unit III

HRD; Human resource management as a profession.Concepts of line-staff in the structure of human resource department and the role of human resource manager.

#### Unit - IV

Manpower planning -objectives, elements, advantages, process. Job design - (simplification, rotation, enlargement, enrichment and approaches}.Job analysis.Job evaluation.

#### Unit - V

Recruitment (factors affecting, sources, policy, evaluation). Selection(procedure, tests, interviews). Placement and Induction.

Suggested Readings:

1. Aswathappa K., "Human Resource and Personnel Management", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.

2. Chhabra T.N., "Human Resource Management", Dhanpat Rai and Co. Delhi.

3. Saiyadain S. Mirza, "Human Resource Management", Tata Mc-GrawHill, India.

4.Chadha, N.K., "Human Resource Management-issues, case studies, experiential exercises", Sri Sai Printographers, New Delhi.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite	
EO005	Project	3L-1T-0P	4	None	
	Management				
Course Objectives:-					
<ul> <li>In this compr</li> </ul>	ehensive course, studen	t will learn the fundame	entals of project manage	ement: how to initiate,	
plan, and exe	plan, and execute a project that meets objectives and satisfies stakeholders. This course provides a step-by-				
step guide to	planning and executing a	a project and to develop	a manageable project so	chedule.	
Unit-I					
Objectives of Project	Planning, monitoring a	nd control of investme	nt projects. Relevance	of social cost benefit	
analysis, identification	of investment opportun	ities. Pre-feasibility stud	lies.		
Unit-II					
Project Preparation:	Fechnical feasibility, es	timation of costs, dem	and analysis and com	mercial viability, risk	
analysis, collaboration	i arrangements; financia	l planning; Estimation	of fund requirements, s	sources of funds.Loan	
syndication for the pro	jects.Tax considerations	in project preparation a	nd the legal aspects.		
Unit-III					
Project appraisal: Bus	iness criterion of growth	i, liquidity and profitabi	lity, social cost benefit	analysis in public and	
private sectors, investr	nent criterion and choice	of techniques. Estimati	on of shadow prices and	a social discount rate.	
Unit-IV					
Project review/control	-Evaluation of project. P	ERT/CPM.resource han	dling/leveling.		
Unit-V					
Cost and Time Manag	gement issues in Project	planning and managem	ent, success criteria an	d success factors, risk	
management.					
Suggested Readings:					
1. Ravi Ravindran, " C	)perations Research and	Management Science H	andbook", CRC Press.		
2. Harold Kerzner, "A	pplied Project Managem	ent: Best Practices on Ir	nplementation", John W	'iley & Sons.	
3. Goodpasture, J. C.	, "Quantitative Methods	s in Project Managemen	nt", J Ross Publishing,	Boca Raton, Florida,	
USA.					
4. Meredith, J. R. and	Mantel Jr., S. J., "Projec	t Management: A Manag	gerial Approach", John	Wiley.	







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite		
E0006	Basics of Corporate	3L-1T-0P	4	None		
	Law					
Course objectives(C	Course objectives(CO):					
• The objectiv	e of this Course is to pro	vide in-depth knowledg	e of the Corporate laws	and process related to		
integrate the	ese aspects of manageme	ent studies in decision	making within an orga	anization; analyze and		
interpret ma	nagement information;	make decisions based	on the information av	vailable; communicate		
information	effectively; understand	and apply the theoreti	cal aspects of account	ing methods used for		
collecting, r	ecording and reporting f	financial information; e	xplain and appraise the	e taxation laws which		
govern corpo	orations and individuals.					
Unit I: Introduction	I: Administration of Co	ompany Law, character	istics of a company; co	ommon seal; lifting of		
corporate veil; types	of companies including p	private and public comp	any, government comp	any, foreign company,		
one person company,	small company, associat	e company, dormant co	mpany, producer compa	ny; association not for		
profit; illegal associat	tion; formation of compa	ny, promoters and their	legal position, pre inco	rporation contract and		
provisional contracts;	on-line registration of a	company.				
Unit II: Documents	: Memorandum of asso	ociation and its alteration	on, articles of associat	ion and its alteration,		
doctrine of construct	ive notice and indoor m	anagement, prospectus,	shelf prospectus and r	ed herring prospectus,		
misstatement in a pro	spectus; GDR; book buil	lding; issue, allotment a	nd forfeiture of shares,	calls on shares; public		
offer and private plac	ement; issue of sweat ca	ipital; employee stock o	ptions; issue of bonus s	shares; transmission of		
shares, buyback and p	provisions regarding buyb	back; share certificate; D	-Mat system; membersl	up of a company.		
Unit III: Manageme	nt and Meetings: Class	ification of directors, ad	iditional, alternate and a	idhoc director; women		
directors, independen	t director, small sharehol	Iders' director; director	identity number (DIN);	appointment, who can		
appoint a director, o	isqualifications, remova	i of directors; legal p	osition, powers and d	uties; key managerial		
personnel, managing	director, manager; mee	antings of snareholders a	and board; types of me	setting, convening and		
conduct of meetings,	requisites of a valid in	eeting; postal ballot, in	and remains anotion as	omerencing, e-voling;		
relationship committee	a corporate social respon	resibility committee: prol	hibition of insider tradin	minitude, stakenoiders		
Suggested Readings	e, corporate social tespoi	instollity committee, pro		<u>.</u>		
1 Hicks Andrew & (	Cases and Ma	terial on Company I and	" Oxford University Pr	200		
2 Gowar I CB "Prir	1. nicks, Andrew & Goo S.n., Cases and Material on Company Law, Oxford University Press					
2. Oowar, LCD, Trinciples of Would Company Law, Stevens & Solis, London.						
4. Hanningan, Brenda, "Company Law". Oxford University Press. U.K.						
5 Sharma I P "An l	4. Hammigan, Dichua, Company Law, Oxioru Omversny Fress, U.K. 5. Sharma, I.P. "An Easy Approach to Corporate Laws" Ane Books Put Ltd. New Delbi					
9. Ramaiya. " A Guid	e to Companies Act" Le	xisNexis Buttersworthw	vadhwa.			
6. Kannal, S., & V.S.	Sowrirajan, "Company L	aw Procedure", Taxmai	n's Allied Services (P) I	.td., New Delhi.		





# SCHEME OF COURSES – M.TECH. (PROCESS CONTROL)

Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO007	BIOLOGICAL	3L-1T-0P	4	None
	COMPUTING			
Course Objectives(C	0):			
1. To understand comp	puting in context of biolo	ogical systems.		
2. To understand comp	puting languages needed	to solve biological prob	olems.	
3. To acquire computa	tional skills for analysis	of biological processes	through grid computing.	
4. To gain knowledge	of different biological da	atabases and their usage		
5. To gain innovative	insight into DNA compu	ting.		
Content:				
Introduction, Orienta	tion and UNIX,			
Python: Introduction	to Variables and Control	flow, Python II - Parsir	ng In and Output,	
Python III - So	cripting and Functions, P	ython IV- Number Crui	nching and Plotting,	
Grid computing, Biog	grid, R basics and Visua	lization, Unix for fast te	xt processing, SQL	
Database				
Biological databases,	R for speed, R for fun, I	Local BLAST, Unit Tes	ting and Code Correctne	SS
DNA computing,				
Suggested Readings:				
1. H. Bolouri, R	Paton, "Computations	in cells & tissues", Sprii	nger.	
2. Haubold, Be	rnhard, Wiehe, "Thomas	Introduction to Comp	utational Biology: An l	Evolutionary
Approach", S	pringer.			

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Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO008	Basics of Social	3L-1T-0P	4	None
	Sciences			
Course Objectives				
Social science	e is a major category of	academic disciplines, co	oncerned with society an	nd the relationships
among indivi	duals within a society. It	t in turn has many branc	hes, each of which is co	onsidered a "social
science".				
Unit I: Economics, po	olitical science, human g	eography, demography a	and sociology.	
Unit II: Humanities,	anthropology, archaeolo	gy, jurisprudence, psych	ology, history, and ling	uistic.
Unit III: Political sci	ence, economics, sociolo	ogy, international politic	s and scientific method	ology.
Suggested Readings:				
1. Beteille Andre, "Sociology: Essays in Approach and Method", Oxford University Press.				
2. Anthony Giddens, "Sociology", Polity Press.				
3. Max Weber, "The Methodology of the Social Sciences", New York: Free Press.				
4. E. Durkheim	, "The Rules of Sociolog	gical Method." London:	Macmillan	

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Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO009	ENTREPRENEURSHIP	3L-1T-0P	4	None
<b>Course Objectives</b>				
<ul> <li>This Course</li> </ul>	Aims at Instituting Entrepren	neurial skills in the stud	lents by giving an over	rview of who the
entrepreneur	rs are and what competences a	are needed to become a	in entrepreneur.	
Contents:				
Unit I-Introduction	:			
Concept and Definit	ions, Entrepreneur v/s Intrapre	eneur; Role of entrepre	eneurship in economic	development;
Entrepreneurship pro	cess; Factors impacting emerg	gence of entrepreneurs	hip; Managerial versus	s entrepreneurial
Decision Making; En	trepreneur v/s Investors; Entr	epreneurial attributes a	nd characteristics; Ent	repreneurs versus
inventors; Entreprene	eurial Culture; Women Entrep	reneurs; Social Entrep	reneurship; Classificat	ion and Types of
Entrepreneurs; EDP 1	Programmes; Entrepreneurial	Training; Traits/Qualit	ties of an Entrepreneur	·S.

#### Unit II- Creating Entrepreneurial Venture:

Generating Business idea- Sources of Innovation, methods of generating ideas, Creativity and Entrepreneurship; Challenges in managing innovation; Business planning process; Drawing business plan; Business plan failures; Entrepreneurial leadership- components of entrepreneurial leadership; Entrepreneurial Challenges; Legal issues – forming business entity, considerations and Criteria, requirements for formation of a Private/Public Limited Company, Intellectual Property Protection- Patents Trademarks and Copyrights – importance for startups, Legal Acts Governing Business in India.

#### **Unit III-Functional plans:**

Marketing plan– for the new venture, environmental analysis, steps in preparing marketing plan, marketing mix, contingency planning; Organizational plan – designing organization structure and Systems; Financial plan – pro forma income statements, pro forma cash budget, funds Flow and Cash flow statements; Pro forma balance sheet; Break Even Analysis; Ratio Analysis.

#### **Unit IV- Entrepreneurial Finance:**

Debt or equity financing, Sources of Finance- Commercial banks, private placements, venture capital, financial institutions supporting entrepreneurs; Lease Financing; Funding opportunities for Startups in India.

#### **Unit V- Enterprise Management:**

Managing growth and sustenance- growth norms; Factors for growth; Time management, Negotiations, Joint ventures, Mergers & acquisitions.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Kumar, Arya, "Entrepreneurship: Creating and Leading an Entrepreneurial Organization", Pearson, India.
- 2. Hishrich., Peters, "Entrepreneurship: Starting, Developing and Managing a New Enterprise", Irwin.
- 3. Taneja, "Entrepreneurship", Galgotia Publishers.
- 4. Barringer, Brace R., and R. Duane Ireland, "Entrepreneurship", Pearson Prentice Hall. .
- 5. Hisrich, Robert D., Michael Peters and Dean Shephered, "Entrepreneurship", Tata McGraw Hill.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite	
EO010	Social work	3L-1T-0P	4	None	
Course Objective(CO):					
• In this course students will learn about various methods of social work, about community organization					

course students will learn about various methods of social work, about community social welfare administration, Problems pertaining to Marriage, Family and caste.

#### **Unit 1.Social work**

Philosophy and Methods. Social work: Meaning, Objectives, Scope, Assumptions & Values; History of Social work in U.K. U.S.A.and India, philosophy of Social Work. Democratic (Equality, Justice Liberty & Fraternity) and Matrix.Social Humanitarian (Human Rights) works as а profession.

### Unit 2. Methods of Social work

Meaning, Scope Principles, Processes (Psychosocial study, Assessments, treatment-goal formulation and techniques), Evaluation, Follow-up and Rehabilitation. Social Groups work: Meaning, Objective, Principles, Skills, Processes (Study, Diagnosis, treatment and evaluation), Programme, Planningand Development, Role of Social group worker, Leadership Development.

#### **Unit 3 Community organization**

Meaning, Objective, Principles, Approaches, Roles of Community Organization Worker.

### **Unit 4 Social Welfare Administration**

Meaning Scope, Auspices-Private and Public, Principles, Basic Administrative Processes and Practice decision making communication, planning.organisation, budgeting and finacial control, reporting. Social work Research: Meaning objectives, types, scope, scientific method, Selection and formulation of the problem Research Design Sampling, Sources and Methods of Data Collection, Processing of Data, analysing and interpretation, Report writing. Social Action: Meaning, Scope, approaches (Sarvodays, Antyodaya etc.) and Strategies.

### Unit 5 Work in India Problem pertaining to Marriage, Family and caste

Dowry- child Marriage, Divorce, Families with working couples, Disorganised Families, Families with Emigrant Heads of the Households, Gender Inequality, Authoritarian Family structure, Major Changes in Caste systems and problem of casteism. Problems Pertaining of Weaker Sections. Problems of Children, Women Aged. Handicapped and Backward Classes (SCs, STs, and other Backward Classes). Problems of Deviance: Truancy Vagrancy and Juvenile Delinquency, Crime, White Colla Crime, Organized Crime, Collective Violence, Terrorism, Prostitution Sex Related Crimes. Social Vices: Alcohilism. Drug Addiction, Beggary, Corruption and and communalism. Problems of Social Structure : Poverty, Unemployment, Bonded Labour, Child Labour. Fields of Soclal work India: Child Development, Development of Youth, Women's Empowerment, Welfare of aged, Welfare of Physically. Mentally and Social Handicapped, Welfare of backward Classes (Scs, STs and Other Backward Classes) Rural Development Urban Community Development, Medical And Psychiatric Social work, Industrial Social work, Social Security offender Reforms.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Rajni Bedi, "Social Work: An Introductory Text Book", New Royal Book Company.
- 2. Sanjay Bhattacharya, "Social Work: An Integrated Approach", Deep and Deep Pub.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO011	Intellectual property and Patenting	3L-1T-0P	4	None

### **Course Outcome:**

The objective of this Course is to provide in-depth knowledge of the laws and process related to Trademarks, Copyrights and other forms of IPs with focus on Patents, the Indian and International Patent filing procedure, drafting patent application and conducting prior art searches. Students will be exposed to the technical, management and legal aspects of IP and Patents.

### **Course Contents:**

**UNIT I: Introduction:** Historical and philosophical background of patents and other intellectual property, Patent System: the Constitution, Congress, Patent Office (PTO), and courts; Analyzing and understanding judicial opinions

**UNITII: Comparative overview of patents, copyrights, trade secrets, and trademarks:** Legal fundamentals of patent protection for useful inventions, Design and plant patents, Legal fundamentals of copyright protection, Similarity and access, Expression vs. ideas and information, merger, Fair use of copyrighted works (e.g., for classroom use), Contributory copyright infringement, Critical differences between patent and copyright protection, Copyright infringement distinguished from plagiarism, Legal fundamentals of trade-secret protection, Legal fundamentals of trademark protection

**UNIT III: Requirements and limitations of patentability:** New and useful: (A) The legal requirement of novelty (B) First to invent vs. first inventor to file, The legal requirement of non-obviousness.

**UNIT IV: The process of applying for a patent ("patent prosecution"):** Anatomy of a patent application, Adequate disclosure, The art of drafting patent claims, Patent searching: (A) Purposes and techniques, Actions for patent infringement, Interpretation of claims, Doctrine of equivalents, Product testing as a possibly infringing use, Doctrine of exhaustion

### Suggested Readings:

1. Rines, Robert H., "Create or Perish: The Case for Inventions and Patents", Acropolis.







Course No.	Title of the Course	<b>Course structure</b>	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO012	Supply Chain Management and Logistics	3L-1T-0P	4	None
a				

### Course objectives(CO):-

• Supply chain management consists of all parties (including manufacturer, marketer, suppliers, transporters, warehouses, retailers and even customers) directly or indirectly involved in fulfillment of a customer. The main objective is to acquaint the students with the concepts and tools of supply chain management and logistics as relevant for a business firm.

#### Unit I

**Introduction:** Concept of supply chain management (SCM) and trade logistics; Scope of logistics; Logistic activities – an Overview; Contribution of logistics at macro and micro levels; SCM and trade logistics; Business view of SCM; Concept, span and process of integrated SCM; Demand management – methods of forecasting; Supply chain metrics (KPIs), performance measurement and continuous improvement; Product development Process and SCM; Strategic role of purchasing in the supply chain and total customer satisfaction; Types of purchases; Purchasing cycle.

#### Unit II

**Managing Relationship:** Role of Relationship marketing in SCM; Managing relationships with suppliers and customers; Captive buyers and suppliers; Strategic partnerships; Supplier-retailer collaboration and alliances. **Unit III** 

**Focus Areas of Logistics and Supply Chain management:** Transportation-Importance of effective transportation system; Service choices and their characteristics; inter-modal services; Transport cost characteristics and rate fixation; In-company management vs. out-sourcing; World sea borne trade; International shipping- characteristics and structure; Liner and tramp operations; Liner freighting; Chartering-Types, principles and practices; Development in sea transportation-Unitization, containerisation, inter and multimodal transport; CFC and ICD. Air transport: Set up for air transport and freight rates; Carriage of Goods by sea -Role and types of cargo intermediaries. Warehousing and inventory management: Reasons for warehousing; Warehousing evaluation and requirements; Warehousing location strategies; Inventory management principles and approaches; Inventory categories -EOQ, LT, ICC; Material management systems and techniques – JIT purchasing, manufacturing and inbound logistics; Packing and marking; Control and communication.

### Unit IV

**IT Enabling Logistics and Supply Chain:** Technology in logistics – EDI, bar Coding, RFID etc., data warehousing, electronic payment transfers; Business management systems; TRADITIONAL ERP, SPECIAL ERP, MR, DRP, PDM, EIP, CPFR, WMS, TMS; Re-engineering the supply chain- Future directions. **Unit V** 

Trends and Challenges in logistics and supply chain management: Third party logistic outsourcing –challenges and future directions.

Suggested Readings:

1. Christopher, M., "Logistics and Supply Chain Management", Prentice Hall.

2. Handfield and Nicholas, Jr., "Introduction to Supply Chain Management", Prentice Hall.

3. Jhon J Coyle, C. Jhonand Langley, Brian J Gibs, "Logistics approach to Supply Chain Management", Cengage Learning.







Course No	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite		
EO013	Organization Development	3L-1T-0P	4	None		
Course Objectiv	Course Objectives					
<ul> <li>Organization Development is a growing field of Human Resource Management. It has its foundations in a number of behavioral and social sciences.</li> </ul>						
Contents:						
1. Organizationa	l Systems and Human Behaviour - D	eveloping a basic knowledge	e of how organiz	attons and groups		
function as syste	ms: introducing and discussing varie	bus theoretical approaches an	d issues.	0 1		
2 Interpersonal	and Consulting Skills - Increasing ef	fectiveness as a change agen	t by providing a	variety of		
opportunities in	order to increase self-awareness, pra	ctice alternative ways of ann	roaching nersons	al and		
internersenal pro	blom solving and develop basis con	sulting and interviewing skill	loaching persona			
2 Interpersonal pro	Our solution Description of the solution of th		18. 	1 4 <b>6</b> .11 . <b>6</b>		
5. Introduction to	5 Organization Development - Introd	lucing some basic theories, m	iodels and metho	bas in the field of		
organization dev	elopment, especially those relating to	o the role of consultant and s	trategies for chai	nge.		
4. Intervention a	and Change in Organizations - Conso	olidating and further develops	ing consulting sk	alls and strategies		
5. Action Resea	rch Project - Carrying out a change a	ctivity in an organization, w	hile also research	ning the effects		
and/or the proces	ss. This provides participants with an	opportunity to consolidate a	and demonstrate	skills and		
knowledge gained in other units of the course.						
Suggested Readi	Suggested Readings:					
1. Mee-Ya	an Cheung-Judge, Linda Holbeche, "	Organization Development:	A Practitioner's	Guide for OD and		
HR" Kogan Pag	HP" Kogan Page					
2. Lisa Ha	neberg, "Organization Developmen	t Basics (ASTD Training Ba	sics)", ASTD Pi	ress		

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Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite	
EO014	Industrial organisation and	3L-1T-0P	4	None	
	managerial economics				
Course Objectives: This course help students in understanding the basics of management and Industrial					
organisation.					
Contents:					
Unit I: Principles of management, General idea, various functions, scope of engineering. Organisation structure,					

Types, merits and demerits.

**Unit II:** Plant location and layout, Factors effecting location, types of layout. Production planning and control, Sequence of planning and control of production. Scheduling, routing, despatching., Methods Study, Methods analysis, time study methods of rating.

**Unit III:** General idea of personnel management, Industrial psychology, job evaluation and monitoring. Business decision making and forward planning. Demand and demand forcasting of production analysis- prices and pricing decision-profit and capital, management. Analysis of inter-industry relation, macro-economic and business.

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. KoutsoyiannisA, "Modern Microeconomics", Palgrave Macmillan.
- 2. D.N. Dwivedi, "Managerial Economics", S.Chand (G/L) & Company Ltd;
- 3. Maheshwari., "Managerial Economics", PHI
- 4. Ruddardutt and K.P.M.Sundharam, "Indian economy", S Chand

Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite			
EO015	Global Strategies	3L-1T-0P	4	None			
	and Technology						
Course Objectives	Course Objectives						
• This subject focuses on the specifics of strategy and organization of the multinational company, and provides a framework for formulating successful and adaptive strategies in an increasingly complex world economy.							
Contents:							
Globalization of indus	tries, the continuing role	of country factors in co	mpetition, organization	of multinational			
enterprises, and building	ng global networks.						
Analysis of competitiv	ve situations from the gen	neral management point	of view, including fit be	etween key			
environmental forces a	and the firm's resources,	and changes in these ov	er time. Formulating and	d implementing			
strategy based on that analysis. Developing and leveraging a firm's core competencies to gain long-term sustainable							
advantage.							
Suggested Readings:	Suggested Readings:						
1. Mike W. Peng, "Glo	1. Mike W. Peng, "Global strategy", South-Western College Pub.						

2. Pankaj Ghemawat, "Redefining Global Strategy", Harvard Business Review Press

3. Cornelis A. de Kluyver, "Fundamentals of Global Strategy", Business Expert Press.

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1407/Appendices/AC-Minutes/2016-17





Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO016	Engineering System analysis and	3L-1T-0P	4	None
	Design			
Course Objecti	ive:			
The stu	udents will learn about system definitions a	nd role of system and	ılyst. They w	vill learn about system
modeli	ng and design. They will be exposed to Syst	em Implementation a	nd Maintenai	nce issues.
Unit 1				
System definition	on and concepts: Characteristics and types of	system, Manual and	automated sy	ystems
Real-life Busin	ess sub-systems: Production, Marketing,	Personal, Material, t	finance Syst	ems models types of
models: System	is environment and boundaries, Real time	and distributed syste	ms, Basic pr	rinciples of successful
systems				
Unit 2				
Systems analyst	t: Role and need of systems analyst, Qualif	ications and responsi	bilities, Syst	ems Analyst, agent of
change.		-	-	-
<b>T</b> T <b>T T</b>				

Various phases of systems development life cycle: Analysis, Design, Development, Implementation, Maintenance Unit3

Systems Design and modeling:Process modeling, Logical and physical design, Design representation, Systems flowcharts and structured charts, Data flow diagrams, Common diagramming conventions and guidelines using DFD and ERD diagrams. Data Modeling and systems analysis, designing the internals: Program and Process design, Designing Distributed Systems

#### Unit 4

User Interfaces – Relational Analysis – Database design – program design – structure chart – HIPO – SSADM – Alternate Life cycles – Prototypes.

#### Unit 5

System Implementation and Maintenance:Planning considerations, Conversion methods, producers and controls, System acceptance Criteria, System evaluation and performance, Testing and validation, Systems qualify Control and assurance, Maintenance activities and issues.

Suggested Readings:

1) Haryszkiewycz, "Introduction to Systems Analysis and Design", PHI.

2) James A Senn, "Analysis and Design of Information Systems", Tata McGraw Hill .







EO017         BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS         3L-1T-0P         4         None           Course Objectives:         1. General understanding of organization in biological systems         5000000000000000000000000000000000000				
Course Objectives: 1. General understanding of organization in biological systems				
1. General understanding of organization in biological systems				
2. Conceptual knowledge of functioning in biological systems				
3. Clarity about relevance of Biology to engineering graduates				
4. Understanding human body as a study-model for engineering students				
5. Understanding electrical, chemical and magnetic forces, and communication networks in				
human body.				
Contents:				
Unit I: Principles of Biology: Form and Function, Modularity and Incremental Changes, Genetic Basis,				
Competition and Selection, Biological Hierarchies, Biological complexity vs simplicity				
Unit II: Biological Responses: Need for Water, Oxygen, Food, Nutrients, Heat Sources and Sinks, Adaptation to				
their Environments, Waste tolerance, Response to Chemical and Mechanical Stresses, Optimization to Save Energy				
and Nutrient Resources, Allometric Relationships from Evolutionary Pressure				
Biology for Engineering Solutions: Systems Approach, Relationships between Engineering and Biology, The				
Completed Design				
Biological Systems and Dynamics: Basic principles, Qualitative and quantitative description of Human Body,				
Modeling of Human Body: Compartments, Fluid streams, Production sources, The Hemodynamic System, Cheyne-				
Stokes Respiration,				
Neural system: Action Potentials and Ion Channels, Ficks Law, Ohms Law and the Einstein Relation, Cellular				
Equilibrium: Nernst and Goldman, Equivalent Circuits, Dendrites; Mathematical Neurodynamics: Hodgkin,				
Huxley and the Squid Giant Axon				
FitzHugh-Nagumo Model, Fixed Points and Stability of a One-Dimensional Differential Equation, Nullclines and				
Phase Plane, Pitchfork and Hopf Bifurcations in Two Dimensions				
Excitability, Bioelectric and biomagnetic phenomena and their measurements.				
Suggested Keadings:				
1. 1. Johnson, "Biology for Engineers", CRC Press				
2. : Michael Small, Dynamics of Biological System", UKU Press.				
5. Jonnny 1. Ouesen, MS Oluisen, JK Larsen, "Applied Mathematical Models and Human Physiology", Society				







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite
EO018	Energy, Environment and Society	3L-1T-0P	4	None
Course Objective The objective is to Energy sources. S	<b>Course Objective:</b> The objective is to aware students about various renewable resources, Basics of energy, environmental Impact of Energy sources. Students will also learn about the role of appropriate Technology in Transformation of Society.			
Contents: Unit 1 Technology and Development Introduction to Technology, Appropriate Technology, Role of Appropriate Technology in Transformation of Society, Importance of Technology Transfer, Impact of technology on Society. Unit 2 Energy Basics Importance of Energy in achieving Maslow's hierarchy of Needs, Human Development Index and Energy Consumption, Current Energy Trends, Demand and Supply of Energy in World and Nepal, Introduction to Global warming, Clean Development Mechanism, and Sustainability Issues, Conventional and Non- Conventional/Renewable Energy Sources, Conventional Energy Sources: Fossil fuel, Nuclear Energy Unit 3 Renewable Energy Sources Solar radiation, Solar thermal energy, Solar Cell (Photovoltaic Technology), Hydropower Water sources and power , Water turbines and hydroelectric plants, Hydro Power Plant Classification (pico, micro, small, medium, large), Wind Energy , Availability of Wind Energy sources, Wind turbines, wind parks and power control, Geothermal Energy, Sources of Geothermal Energy, Uses of Geothermal Energy, Bio-mass and Bio-energy, Synthetic fuels from the biomass ,Thermo-chemical, physio-chemical and bio-chemical conversion, Bio-fuel cells , Hydrogen Energy and Fuel Cell , Basics of electrochemistry, Polymer membrane electrolyte (PEM) fuel cells, Solid oxide fuel ealls (SOECe).				
Unit 4 Environme	ental Impact of Energy sources			
Emission hazard,	Battery hazard, Nuclear hazard			
Unit 5 Energy Storage				
Forms of energy storage, Hybrid vehicles, Smart grid systems, Batteries, Super-capacitors				
		1		
1) Saxena, A.B.,	A Texibook of Energy, Environment, Eco	biogy and Society", N	ew age interi	national
2) Juan Martínez	Alier,Klaus Schlüpmann, "Ecological Eco	nomics: Energy, Envi	ronment, and	l Society", Basil

Blackwel.







Course No.	Title of the Course	Course structure	Credit	Pre-Requisite	
EO019	Public Policy and Governance	3L-1T-0P	4	None	
Course Objective	e:				
Students	will be introduced to Public Policy and	d administrative gover	nance. They wil	ll also learn about	
Adminis	trative Governance.				
<b>Contents:</b>					
Unit 1 Intr	oduction to Public Policy and Ad	ministrative Governa	nce: Introducti	on to public policy,	
econometrics	for policy research, policy analysis, ec	conomics for public de	cision making.		
Unit 2 Publ	ic Bureaucracy in Theory and Pract	ice: Benefit cost ana	lysis, public bu	udgeting, revenue and	
expenditures,	managing and leading public service of	organisations.			
Unit 3 Admi	nistrative Governance: The Challenge	of Policy Implementat	ion, public and	non-profit programme	
evaluation.					
Unit 4 Non-s	tate Actors in Policy-making and Adn	ninistrative Governanc	e: governance i	n twenty-first century,	
Social Divers	Social Diversity and the Question of "Difference" in Policy-making and administrative Governance.				
Suggested Readin	gs:				
1. John Shields and B. Mitchell Evans, "Shrinking the State: Globalization and Public administration					
Reform", Halifax: Fernwood.					
2. Beryl Kadın, "	2. Beryl Radin, "Beyond Machiavelli: Policy Analysis Reaches Midlife", Washington, DC: Georgetown University				
3 Frank R Raun	ngartner, Jeffrey M. Berry, Marie Hoin	acki and David C Kir	mball "Lobbyi	ng and Policy Change	
Who Wins, W	ho Loses, and Why", Chicago, IL: Un	iversity of Chicago Pr	ess.	ng and i oney Change.	

4. Timothy Conlan, Paul Posner, and David Beam, "Pathways of Power: The dynamics of National Policymaking", Washington, DC: Georgetown University press.