# GENERAL ELECTIVE COURSE GE 4: DYEING AND PRINTING WITH NATURAL DYES

## CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course Title & Code	Credits	Credit Distribution of the Course			Eligibility Criteria	Pre-requisite of the Course (if any)
Couc		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		(II ally)
GE 4: Dyeing and Printing with Natural Dyes	4	3	0	1		Nil

#### **Learning Objectives**

- To provide theoretical and practical knowledge about various natural dyes
- To learn about the characteristics and sources of different natural dyes
- To introduce the extraction and application of natural dyes

### **Learning Outcomes**

The students would be able to:

- Learn about the sources of various natural dyes
- Describe the different methods of extraction of natural dyes
- Explain the different mordants and styles of mordanting
- Learn the process of dyeing and printing with natural dyes

## THEORY (Credits 3; Hours 45)

### **UNIT I: Introduction to Natural Dyes**

14 Hours

This unit lays thrust on history, significance and classification of natural dyes

- History of Natural dyes
- Advantages of natural dyes over synthetic dyes
- Classification of Natural Dyes
  - o Based on source: Plant, animal/insect, microbial
  - o Based on colour obtained
  - O Based on chemical structure: Indigoid, anthraquinone, naphthoquinone, benzoquinone, flavonoid, carotenoid
  - O Based on application method: Mordant, Vat, Direct, Acid, Basic, Disperse
- Significant natural dyes: Indigo, Madder, Lac, Cochineal, Turmeric etc.

#### **UNIT II: Extraction Process**

15 Hours

This unit deals with processes involved in the extraction of natural dyes

- Collection, drying and storage of raw materials
- Methods of extraction of colourant- Aqueous, solvent, enzymatic, fermentation, supercritical fluid extraction, microwave and ultrasonic assisted extraction
- Methods of drying Spray drying, drying under vacuum, freeze drying

#### **UNIT III: Mordants for Natural Dyes**

6 Hours

This unit describes the various mordants and mordanting techniques used in colouration with natural dyes

- Types of mordants
  - Metallic mordants: Alum, Potassium dichromate, Ferrous sulphate, Copper sulphate etc
  - Oil based mordants
  - Bio mordants
- Mordanting methods: Pre Mordanting, post mordanting and simultaneous mordanting

### UNIT IV: Dyeing and printing with natural dyes

10 Hours

This unit deals with application of natural dyes on textiles using dyeing and printing

- Preparation of fabric bio scouring
- Mordanting exhaust method, padding method
- Dyeing Dye concentration, pH, time and temperature
- Printing Role of thickening agents, Styles of printing direct, resist, mordant and discharge
- Botanical printing
- Use of natural dyes in Indian textile crafts Kalamkari, Bagh, Dabu, Ajrakh

# PRACTICAL (Credits 1; Hours 30)

- 1. Extraction of various natural dyes using different methods
- 2. Preparation of shade card using combination of mordants and natural dyes on different fibres.
- 3. Dyeing with selected natural dyes on natural and synthetic fabrics
- 4. Printing with selected natural dyes on natural and synthetic fabrics: Direct, Resist and Mordant style
- 5. Eco printing

#### **Essential Readings**

- Gulrajani M L & Gupta D, Natural dyes and application to textiles, Department of textile technology, Indian Institute of Technology, New Delhi, India, 1992
- Kumbasar. E.P.A "Natural Dyes" 2017, IntechOpen
- Singh. H.B and Bharati. K.A 'Handbook of Natural dyes and pigments' 2015, Woodhead Publishing, India
- Kumbasar. E.P.A "Natural Dyes" 2017, IntechOpen
- Vankar. P.S "Natural dyes for textiles" 2017, Woodhead Publishing

### **Suggested Readings**

- Daniel.M, Bhattacharya. S.D, Arya. A,Raole. V.M. "Natural Dyes: Scope and Challenges" 2021, Scientific Publishers, India
- Mohanty.B.C ,Chandramouli.K.V., Naik.H.D "Natural dyeing processes of india" 1987, Calico Museum of Textiles

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination branch, University of Delhi, from time to time

# GENERIC ELECTIVE COURSE GE 4: APPRECIATION OF INDIAN TEXTILES

## CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course Title & Code	Credits	Credit Distribution of the Course			Eligibility Criteria	Pre-requisite of the Course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
GE 4: Appreciation of Indian Textiles	4	3	1	0		Nil

### **Learning Objectives**

- To elaborate on characteristic identifying features of various traditional textile crafts.
- To explain the sustainable and ethical practices in the textile craft sector.
- To describe care and maintenance methods for preserving traditional textiles.
- To discuss the challenges and innovations in textile crafts in modern times.

### **Learning Outcomes**

The students would be able to:

- Identify regional variations in textile crafts.
- Relate with the sustainable and ethical practices used in textile crafts.
- Use appropriate care and maintenance practices for textile crafts.
- Assess the contemporary status of textile crafts.

# THEORY (Credits 3; Hours 45)

## UNIT I: Indian Heritage Textiles: Overview, Materials, Techniques and Regional Variations 20 Hours

This unit focuses on the characteristic features of a diverse range of traditional textiles produced across India.

- Embroidered textiles: Phulkari, Kantha, Chikankari, Kasuti, Kashmir Kashida, Gujarat embroidery
- Hand Woven: Banaras brocades, Kanjivaram, Jamdani, Baluchari, Paithani, Chanderi, Maheshwari, Gadwal, Kasavu, Mekhla Chador
- Tie-Dyed: Bandhani, Lehriya, Ikats (Patola, Bandha, Pochampalli, Telia Rumal)
- Painted-printed: Kalamkari, Ajrakh, Dabu, Bagh, Madhubani, Phad and Pichwai

## **UNIT II: Sustainability and Ethical Practices Hours**

8

This unit emphasizes the importance of sustainable and ethical practices in traditional textile crafts.

- Importance of sustainability in textile crafts (use of natural dyes, recycling of materials, environmental issues)
- Ethical practices: GI Tag, usage of standardization and authentication marks, fair wages to artisans
- Interventions: Government and non-government

### **UNIT III: Care and Maintenance for Longevity of Heritage Textiles**

7 Hour

This unit dwells on best practices for preserving and maintaining traditional textiles.

- Cleaning and finishing
- Handling and storage
- Repair and restoration

### **UNIT IV: Traditional textiles in contemporary times**

10 Hours

This unit addresses the contemporary status of traditional textile crafts.

- Challenges faced by artisans and consumers
- Innovations inspired by traditional textile crafts

# TUTORIAL (Credit 1; Hours 15)

- 1. Visits to state emporia, craft fairs, and exhibitions such as Dastkar, Dilli Haat, Craft Museum, Hunar Haat.
- 2. Compare traditional and contemporary forms and products of any one textile craft.
- 3. Research project on any one Indian textile focus on history, cultural significance, technique, and contemporary relevance.
- 4. Case study of a designer engaged in innovating and preserving traditional textiles.

#### **Essential Readings**

- Fabric Art- Heritage of India. New Delhi: Abhinav Publications Naik S. (1996).
- Shailaja D. Naik, "Traditional Embroideries of India", A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 1996
- Indian Textiles –by John Gillow and Nicholas Barnard, Om books International, New Delhi.
- The Sari-by Linda Lynton, Thames and Hudson Ltd London.
- Dhamija J. (1989). Hand-woven fabrics of India. Ahmedabad: Mapin Publishing pvt ltd

### **Suggested Readings**

- Crill R., Murphy M. (1991). Tie-dyed Textiles of India. London: Victoria and Albert museum.
- Desai C. (1988). Ikat textiles of India. San Francisco: Chronical Books
- Sheila Paine, "Embroidered Textiles", Thames and Hudson Ltd., 1990.
- Chattopadhaya, K.D. (1995). Handicrafts of India. New Delhi: Wiley Eastern Limited

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