Appendix-42 Resolution No. 60 {60-1(60-1-5)}

INDEX

DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC

B.A. (PROG.) MUSIC – HINDUSTANI MUSIC (VOCAL/INSTRU.)

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B.A. (PROG.) MUSIC – HINDUSTANI MUSIC (VOCAL/INSTRU.) SEMESTER -III

Course Title	Nature of	Total	Components		ts	Eligibility Criteria	Prerequisite	
	the Course	Credits	L	Т	Р			
Theory of Indian	DSC-	4	2	0	2	XII Pass	Knowledge	
music & contribution	3(A/B) –						of swara	
of musicologists	CORE						and laya	
	(NON							
	MAJOR)							

DSC-3(A/B): Theory of Indian music & contribution of musicologists

DSC-3-C Ancient theory of Indian Music

Course Title	Nature of the	Total Credits	Components			Eligibility Criteria	Prerequisite
	Course		L	Т	Р		
Theory of	DSC-3-C-	4	2	0	2	XII Pass	Knowledge of
ancient Indian	CORE						Swara and Tala
Music	(MAJOR)						

SEMESTER-3

Course : DSC 3 (A)

Paper Name: Theory of Indian Music & Contribution of musicologists.

Theory:

Component-1

Credit: 2

(Total- 30 Hours)

Learning Objectives

- The main focus of the course is to establish better understanding about the musical forms and varied elements of Raga and Tala.
- Basic knowledge of notation writing in Bhatkhande Paddhati.
- Writing notation of compositions. The visually challenged students have an option of writing essays on the given topics.
- The students study the origin and development of Vedic music and prescribed ancient treatises.
- The students learn about the contribution of various musicians and musicologists.

Learning Outcomes

- The study of the elements and forms of Indian music will open new horizons and create interest amongst the students for the subject.
- Writing of the Bhatkhande Swarlipi Paddhati will teach students the importance and value of traditional style of writing musical notations.
- Students will also learn to write Talas and compositions in notation with minute details.
- The visually challenged students are given an option of attempting either writing of notation or an essay on a general topic.
- Detailed study of the Ragas will enable students to attain proficiency in the subject.
- The study of Vedic music and Natya Shastra will give a speculative insight to the students to understand the origin and development of Indian Music.
- Life and contribution of great musicians and musicologists will be a source of constant inspiration for the students.

Contents

General discussion and study of the following:-

Unit I (5 hrs.)

- Dhrupad- Dhamar,
- Khayal-Vilambit Khayal, Drut Khayal,
- Maseetkhani Gat, Razakhani Gat.

Unit II (3 hrs.)

• Tala- Definition and its Ten Pranas.

Unit III (3 hrs.)

• Meend, Soot, Murki, Khatka, Kan, Krintan.

Unit IV (3 hrs.)

• Knowledge of Pt. Bhatkhande Swarlipi Paddhati.

-Unit V (3 hrs.)

- Writing of Talas in notation with their Vibhags, Matras, Bols, Sam, Tali and Khali with Dugun and Chaugun:
- Chautala, Jhaptala, Teentala, Ektala, Dadra.

Unit VI (3 hrs.)

- Vedic Swara- Udatta, Anudatta, Swarita
- Vedic evam Laukik Scales,

·Unit VII (2 hrs.)

• General study of Natyashastra

Unit VIII (2 hrs.)

• Detailed study of the following Ragas :

Bihag, Vrindavani Sarang, Malkauns.

Unit IX (3 hrs.)

• Life & Contribution of the following musicians and musicologists:

Pt. V. D. Paluskar, Sourindra Mohan Tagore, Mozart, Shyama Shastri.

Unit X (3 hrs.)

- Writing of compositions in notation of Vilambit Khayal, Drut Khayal (For Vocal students),
- Maseetkhani Gat, Razakhani Gat (For Instrumental students).

Or

Only Visually challenged students have the option of attempting either notation or an essay on the following topics:

- Bhakti evam Sangeet.
- Shastreeya Sangeet va Lok Sangeet.
- Sangeet Ke vikas mein Akashwani ka yogdan.

Reference

- Paranjapey, Sridhar Sharat Chandra (2nd Edition: 1985) Bhartiya Sangeet ka Itihas Madhya Pradesh, Hindi Granth Academy.
- Paranjpey, Sridhar Sharat Chandra (1972) Sangeet Bodh, Madhya Pradesh, Hindi Granth Academy.
- Kumar, Pushpendra, (2010), Natya Shastra of Bharatamuni, Delhi, New Bharatiya Book Corporation.
- Singh, Thakur Jaidev (1st Edition: 1995) Indian Music, Sangeet Research Academy.
- Mishra, Lalmani (4th Edition, 2011) Bhartiya Sangeet Vadya, Delhi, Bhartiya Gyanpeeth.
- Mishra, Chhotelal (1st Edition: 2006) Tala Prabandh, New Delhi, Delhi, Kanishka Publishers,
- Rajan, Renu (1996) Hindustani Sangeet Mein Raga Lakshan, New Delhi, Delhi, Radha Publications.
- Garg, Laxmi Narayan (3^d Edition: 2003) Nibandh Sangeet, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalaya.
- Shrivastava, Harish Chandra (4th Edition: 1974) Sangeet Nibandh Sangrah, Allahabad, U.P., Sangeet Sadan Prakashan.
- Sharma, Swatantra, (2012), Pashchatya swarlipi paddhati evam Bhartiya sangeet, Allhabad, U.P., Anubhav publication house.

DSC 3 (A/B)

Practical: Component-2

Performance & Viva –Voce

Credit: 2

(Total- 60 Hours)

Learning Objectives

- The prime design of this course is to enable students to develop performance skills by learning to-
- Demonstrate various forms of music in different Ragas and Talas as a part of performance and Viva-Voce.
- To identify the Ragas and Talas.
- Sing or play one Light Dhun/Bhajan/Lokgeet based on Raga.

Learning Outcomes

- A variety of musical forms in each Raga will be taught to the students, thus building their repertoire and preparing them for stage performance.
- The students will learn the customary and traditional Gayaki of Dhrupad-Dhamaar.
- The students will learn to identify different Ragas and Talas while being sung and played .
- Reciting the Thekas of the Talas and playing basic Talas will enable students to get acquainted with the rhythmic patterns.
- The knowledge of playing Harmonium will aid the students in understanding the placement of fingers and swaras on the instrument.
- The practical file with details of each topic covered in the syllabus will teach the students the method of systematic documentation and presentation.

Content:

Prescribed Ragas – Bihag, Malkauns, Vrindavani Sarang.

Prescribed Talas - Chautala, Jhaptala, Teentala, Ektala, Dadra tala.

Vocal Music

- One Vilambit Khayal with Alaaps and Taans in any of the prescribed Ragas.
- Madhyalaya Khayal in any three of the prescribed Ragas.
- One Dhrupad with Dugun, Tigun and Chaugun.

Or

- One Dhamar with Dugun, Tigun and Chaugun.
- One Raga based Bhajan/Lok geet.

Instrumental Music

- Maseetkhani Gat in any one of the prescribed Ragas with Alaaps & Tanas.
- Razakhani Gat in any three of the prescribed Ragas with Taanas & Jhalas.
- Any one Dhun in a Tala other than Teentala

Vocal & Instrumental

- Identifying Ragas and Talas of the prescribed syllabus while being sung or played.
- Ability to recite the Thekas of the following Talas along-with Tali and Khali and Dugun : Chautala, Jhaptala, Teentala, Ektala, Dadra tala.
- Practical file with details of Ragas, Notations of compositions & Talas with Dugun, Chaugun.

References

- Bhatkhande, V.N. (Part I, Jan. 2000, Part-II Dec.2013), Kramik Pustak Malika, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya.
- Patwardhan, V.R. (1996), Raga Vigyan, Pune, MH, Publisher : Dr. Madhusudhanan Patwardhan.
- Bhatkhande, V.N. (6th Edition, 1999), Bhatkhande Sargam Geet Sangrah, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya.
- Mishra Lalmani, (1st Edition: 1979) Tantri Naad Part-I, Kanpur, U.P., Sahitya Ratnawali. Ratanjanka Krishna Narayan (1990) Abhinav Geet Manjari, Mumbai, Maharashtra, Acharya S. N. Ratanjankar Foundation
- Jha Ramashraya (2014) Abhinav Geetanjali, Allahabad, U.P., Sangeet Sadan Prakashan.
- Singh, Tejpal (1st Edition, 2015) Shastreeya Sangeet Sikshan, New Delhi, Delhi, Akanksha Publishing House.
- Shrivastava Harish Chandra (June:2002) Raag Parichaya, New Delhi, Delhi, Rubi Prakashan,

SEMESTER - III

DSC – 3 (C) MAJOR

THEORY OF ANCIENT INDIAN MUSIC

Course Title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course		Eligibility Criteria	Pre-requisite of the course	
		L	Т	Р		
THEORY OF ANCIENT INDIAN MUSIC (MAJOR)	4	2	0	2	XII PASS	Knowledge of Swara and Tala

DSC 3 (C)

Paper Name: Theory of ancient Indian Music

Theory : Component-1

Credit : 2

(Total- 30 Hours)

Learning Objectives:

- To develop the interest of the students in musicology by introducing them to the ancient texts of music.
- To explain the Raga-Ragini system of classification of ragas
- To teach them about the various musical instruments from the ancient to the modern times.

Learning Outcomes:

- Students will come to know about the Music during Vedic period. This knowledge will be useful for further study.
- Students will be able to have an understanding of the Raga-Ragini system of classifying ragas.
- Students will understand how various musical instruments of India are made, and are categorized. This will enhance their knowledge and will be beneficial in future research.

Contents:

Unit I (8 hrs.)

Detailed study of the following -

- Vedic Music-with special reference to Samavedic Music
- Gramgeya Gana Aranya Gana
- Panchvidha Sama, Saptvidha Sam
- Sama Vikar

Unit II (3 hrs.)

• Vedic Instrument

Unit III (4 hrs.)

General study of following Granthas-

- Natya Shastra
- Brihddeshi

Unit IV (3 hrs.)

• Gram with reference to Natya Shastra

Unit V (6 h r s.)

- Alapti :
- Ragalapti
- Roopakalapti

Unit VI (3 hrs.)

- Study of the following talas in detail Dhamar & Roopak
- Ability to write the notation of the talas in dugun, tigun and chaugun

Unit VII (3 hrs.)

• Study of the ragas - Malkauns , Deshkar, Bhairav

•Ability to write the notation of compositions in prescribed ragas

References:

- Shastri, Babulal Shukla (2009) Natya Shastra, Delhi, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Sansthan
- Kumar, Pushpendra (2010) Natya Shastra of Bharatamuni, Delhi, New Bharatiya Book Corporation
- Matang (1994) Brihaddeshi, Delhi, Indra Gandhi National Centre ARTS.
- Prajnanananda, Swami (1981) A Historical Study of Indian Music, Delhi, Delhi, Munsiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Singh, Thakur Jaidev (1905) Indian Music, Kolkata, West Bengal, Sangeet Research Academy
- Nigam, V.S. (1973) Sangeet Kaumudi, Allahabad, UP, Indian Press
- Chakravarty, Indrani (1988) Sangeet Manjusha, Delhi, Delhi, Mittal Publication
- Singh, Thakur Jaidev (1994) Bhartiya sangeet ka Itihas, Varanasi, UP, Sangeet Research Academy
- Kasliwal Suneera (2001) Classical musical Instruments, Delhi, Delhi, Rupa and CO.
- Paranjape, S.S. (1972) Sangeet Bodh, Bhopal, MP, Madhya Pradesh Hindi Academy
- Rajan Renu (1st Edition 2010) Bhartiya Shastriya Sangeet ke Vividh Ayaam,Delhi, Ankit Publication.
- Rajan Renu (1996) Hindustani Sangeet mein Raag Lakshan, Delhi, Radha Publication.

Practical: Component -2 Performance & Viva-Voce Credit -2 (Total- 60 Hours)

Learning Objectives:

- To focus more on the Stage Performance of the student
- To encourage the student to attempt to improvise while singing/playing.
- To focus on his learning of newer talas
- To focus on the Viva-Voce of the student.

Learning Outcomes:

- Students will develop the skill to perform a raga with improvisation.
- Students will be able to sing new compositions in new talas
- Students will be able to explain the grammatical rules of a raga in detail.
- Students will develop the understanding to differentiate between similar ragas.

Content:

Prescribed Ragas:

- Malkauns
- Deshkar
- Bhairav

Unit I – Vocal Music:

- A performance of Vilambit and Drut Khayal with gayaki to be presented in anyone raga.
- Drut Khayal with gayaki in all the ragas
- Dhrupad or Dhamar composition in any one of the prescribed ragas with Layakari
- Knowledge and demonstration of the following talas Dhamar & Roopak

Unit II – Instrumental Music:

- A performance of Maseetkhani and Razakhani Gats with elaboration to be presented in any one raga
- Presentation of a dhun in a Tala other than Teentala.
- Razakhani Gat with elaboration in all the ragas
- Knowledge and demonstration of the following talas Dhamar & Roopak

Note: Students of Vocal and Instrumental music will have to prepare according to the requirements of their respective Units.

Refrences:

- Bhatkhande, V.N. (2000) Kramik Pustak Malika, Part I, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya.
- Bhatkhande, V.N. (2002) Kramik Pustak Malika, Part II, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya
- Bhatkhande, V.N. (2002) Kramik Pustak Malika, Part III, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya
- Bhatkhande, V.N. (1970) Kramik Pustak Malika, Part IV, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya
- Patwardhan, V.R. (2001) Raga Vigyan, Part I, Pune, Maharashtra, Publisher Dr. Madhusudhanan Patwardhan
- Patwardhan, V.R. (1996) Raga Vigyan, Part II, Pune, Maharashtra, Publisher Dr. Madhusudhanan Patwardhan
- Patwardhan, V.R. (1991) Raga Vigyan, Part III, Pune, Maharashtra, Publisher Dr. Madhusudhanan Patwardhan
- Patwardhan, V.R. (1959) Raga Vigyan, Part IV, Pune, Maharashtra, Publisher Dr. Madhusudhanan Patwardhan
- Thakur, Omkar Nath (1977) Sangeetanjali, Part I, Bombay, Maharashtra, Pandit Omkar Nath Thakur Estate
- Thakur, Omkar Nath (1975) Sangeetanjali, Part II, Bombay, Maharashtra, Pandit Omkar Nath Thakur Estate
- Thakur, Omkar Nath (2005) Sangeetanjali, Part III, Bombay, Maharashtra, Pandit Omkar Nath Thakur Estate
- Thakur, Omkar Nath (2003) Sangeetanjali, Part IV, Bombay, Maharashtra, Pandit Omkar Nath Thakur Estate
- Mishra, Lalmani (1979) Tantrinada, Kanpur, U.P. Sahitya Ratnakar
- Aggarwal, V.K. and Nagpal, Alka (2004) Sitar and its Compositions, Part-I-II, Delhi, Sanjay Prakashan
- Mahajan, Anupam (2003) Compositions in Instrumental Music (Traditional and New Creation), Delhi, Sanjay Prakashan

HINDUSTANI MUSIC (VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL)

GENERIC ELECTIVE

B.A. Hindustani Music Vocal/Instrumental

Course Title&	Credits	Credit di	istribution	s of the course	Eligibility Criteria	prerequisite of the course (if
Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/practical		any)
Study of Hindustani Music GE-3	4	2	0	2	XII Pass	Knowledge of Swara

SEMESTER-3

GE-3

Paper Name: Study of Hindustani Music

Theory: Component -1

Credit: 2

(Total- 30 Hours)

Learning Objectives

- The purpose of this course is mainly to impart comprehensively the tenets of Hindustani Music, with a brief introduction to Western music terminologies.
- The objective is to acquire the radical information of Tanpura and Sitar, and sketching it, along with the recognition of classification of musical instruments into four categories.
- The aim is pointed towards understanding the comparative study of the two major notation systems of the Hindustani music, as well as to acquire dexterity in writing the notation of a Vilimbit/Drut Khayal/Maseetkhani/Razakhani Gat,

• And also towards imparting instruction to the students such that they gain proficiency in understanding the prescribed Talas as well as writing their notations.

Learning Outcomes

- Students go through the structural, functional and maintenance aspects of instruments by gaining the elementary knowledge and sketching.
- The students obtain knowledge about the basic elements of musicology along with the classification of musical instruments.
- Students also make comparative study of notation systems and develop an ability to write various Talas.
- They also submit a project work on any one of the forms of Hindustani Classical Music.

Content:

Unit 1

• Detailed study of prescribed Ragas – Bhairav and Vrindavani sarang.

Unit 2

• Elementary knowledge of Tanpura/ Sitar with sketch.

Unit 3

- Grama,
- Moorchana
- Gamak
- Vibration, Pitch, Intensity & Timber.

Unit 3

• Classification of Musical Instruments.

Unit 4

• Comparative Study of notation system of Pt. V.D.Paluskar & Pt. V.N. Bhatkhande.

Unit 5

Ability to write notation of one Vilambit Khayal / Maseetkhani Gat and one Drut Khayal / Razakhani Gat.

Unit 6

Write an essay on the following topics :

- Global Music
- Folk Music

Unit 7

• Knowledge of following talas – Teentaal, Chautaal, Ektaal with skills to write Thaah, Dugun & Chaugun.

Unit 8

• Project Work on any one of the classical musical forms of the Hindustani Music.

References

- Bhatkhande, V.N. (Part-I 1st Edition: 1951, Part-II 3rd Edition: April- 1969, Part-III 2nd Edition: April- 1968, Part-IV 2nd Edition: March- 1970) Bhatkhande Sangeet Shastra, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalaya.
- Govardhan, Shanti. (1st Edition, Part-I 2005, Part-I 2004) Sangeet Shastra Darpan. Allahabad, U.P., Rantakar Pathak.
- Shrivastava, Harish Chandra (1st Edition: 1970) Sangeet Nibandh Sangrah, Allahabad, U.P., Sangeet Sadan Prakashan.
- Garg, Laxmi Narayan (3rd Edition: 2003) Nibandh Sangeet, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalaya,
- Mishra, Lalmani (4th Edition: 2011) Bhartiya Sangeet Vadya, Delhi, Bhartiya Gyanpeeth.
- Kasliwal, S.(2001), Classical Musical Instruments, New Delhi, Delhi, Rupa & co.
- Mishra, Chhotelal (1st Edition: 2006) Taal Prasoon, New Delhi, Delhi, Kanishka Publishers.
- Tagore, S.M (2005) Universal History of Music, New Delhi, Delhi, Sanjay Prakashan.
- Sharma, BS (1977) Pashchatya Sangeet Shiksha, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet karyalaya.

SEMESTER-3

GE-3

Practical: Component-2

Performance &Viva –Voce

Credit: 2

(Total- 60 Hours)

Learning Objectives

- There are two major facets included in this semester, first to impart tuitions on voice/sound production techniques and second, to learn to self-tune an instrument Tanpura/Sitar. The end goal is to achieve self-reliance
- The other objective is to train the students for the next level in giving a short performance in Vilimbat & Drut Khayal/Maseetkhani & Razakhani compositions.
- Guided audio visuals of various genres give a larger revelation and perspective of the subject.

Learning Outcomes

- The students give a practical demonstration of prescribed Ragas and Talas, which increases their confidence in performance.
- The knowledge of voice production and techniques of playing on an opted instrument have been introduced to flourish and increase their attention.
- Basic knowledge of the Talas helps the students to sing the compositions in Talas.
- Learning the tuning of instruments i.e. Tanpura and Sitar is important part of the subject which teaches them the finesse and subtlety of sound.

Content

Unit 1

• Prescribed ragas – Bhairav and Vrindavani sarang.

Unit 2

• Knowledge of voice production/ techniques of playing of any opted instrument.

Unit 3

• Ability to sing one Vilambit/ Drut khayal or play Maseetkhani / Razakhani gat with taans in each of the prescribed ragas with Jhala.

Unit 4

• Ability to keep the Theka by hand beats of Teentaala, Chautaala and Roopak with Thaah and Dugun.

Unit 5

• Tuning of one's own instrument i.e. Tanpura/ Sitar.

Unit 6

• Guided listening of khayal singing/ Thumri singing /Instrumental compositions

Reference

- Bhatkhande, V.N. (2008) Kramik Pustak Malika (Part- II, III, IV), Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya.
- Patwardhan, V.R. (1996), Raga Vigyan, Pune, MH, Publisher: Dr. Madhusudhanan Patwardhan.
- Bhatkhande, V.N., (6th Edition, 1999), Bhatkhande Sargam Geet Sangrah, Hathras, U.P., Sangeet Karyalya.
- Ratanjankar, Krishna Narayan (1990) Abhinav Geet Manjari, Mumbai, Maharashtra, Acharya S. N. Ratanjankar Foundation.
- Jha, Ramashraya (2014) Abhinav Geetanjali, Allahabad, U.P., Sangeet Sadan Prakashan.
- Singh, Tejpal (1st Edition, 2015) Shastreeya Sangeet Sikshan, New Delhi, Delhi, Akanksha Publishing House.
- Shrivastava , Harish Chandra (June:2002) Raga Parichaya, New Delhi, Delhi, Rubi Prakashan.
- Mishra, Lalmani, (1st Edition: 1979) Tantri Naad Part-I, Kanpur, U.P., Sahitya Ratnawali.
- Mishra, Chhotelal (1st Edition: 2006) Tala Prabhandh, New Delhi, Kanishka Publishers,
- lmani, (1st Edition: 1979) Tantri Naad Part-I, Kanpur, U.P., Sahitya Ratnawali

B.A. (PROG.) Hindustani Music - Vocal/Instrument Syllabus for DSE

DSE-1 – GENERAL THEORY

Course title	credits	Credit	distribution	is of the course	Eligibility	
&		Lecture	Tutorial	practical	Criteria	prerequisite of
Code						the
						course (if any)
GENERAL					XII Pass	
	4	2	0	2	711 1 455	Knowledge
THEORY	т	2	U	2		of Alankars
DSE-1						And
						uses
						u303

SEMESTER – III DSE – 1 Paper Name: General Theory Theory: Component -1 Credit: 2 (Total- 30Hours)

Course Objectives:

- To initiate a relative beginner into the world of Hindustani music, where he is madeaware of the rich cultural heritage of India, that Indian classical music is.
- To teach him the very basics of Indian music, such as sound, notes, scales, tempo, rhythmetc, so that his foundation can be made strong.
- To discuss in detail the two notation systems of Hindustani music, that are essential forreading a composition.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- The student will come to know what the basic terminologies of Indian music are, whichwill help him in the proper understanding of not just Hindustani music, but also Indian music as a whole. Having understood the basic concepts like Laya (tempo), Tala (rhythmic cycle), Alap (tonal elaborations), the student will be on course to becoming aperforming artiste in Hindustani music.
- The student will develop the ability to read and write the notations of compositions according to a well-defined notion system, which in turn, will help him in learning newcompositions by various composers of Hindustani music.
- They will grasp the various theoretical aspects of the prescribed ragas, like how it arises, what are

the general grammatical rules that govern the ragas in this course, etc.

• They come to understand the concept of Tala and the use of various talas in Hindustanimusic, especially ragas.

Contents:

Unit I (10 hrs.)

- Sangeet
- Nada and its properties
- Shruti
- Svara
- Saptak
- Thata
- Raga
- Vadi, Samvadi, Anuvadi, Vivadi
- Jati

Unit II (4 hrs.)

The concept of Alap in Khyal gayan

Unit III (4 hrs.)

Knowledge of the notation systems of the following musicians -

- Pt. Vishnu Narayan Bhatkhande
- Pt. Vishnu Digambar Paluskar

Unit IV (4 hrs.)

Study of the ragas of this semester (mentioned in the Practical section)

Unit V (4 hrs.)

Ability to write the notation of compositions in the prescribed ragas

Unit VI (4 hrs.)

- Study of the following talas in detail Teentala & Ektala
- Ability to write the notation of the talas in dugun, tigun and chaugun

Reference Books:

- Paranjape, S.S. (1964) Bhartiya Sangeet ka Itihas, Varanasi, U.P., Chaukhamba Surbharti Prakashan
- Paranjape, S.S. (1972) Sangeet Bodh, Bhopal, M.P., Madhya Pradesh Hindi Granth Academy
- Bhathkande, V.N. (1975) Bhathkande Sangeet Shastra, part 1, Hathras, UP, Sangeet Karyalaya
- Bhathkande, V.N. (1969) Bhathkande Sangeet Shastra, part- 2, Hathras, UP, Sangeet Karyalaya
- Prajnananda, Swami (1963) History of Indian Music, vol. 1, Kolkata, WB, Swami Adyananda Ram Krishna Math.
- Prajnananda, Swami (1981) Historical study of Indian Music, New Delhi, Delhi, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Singh, Lalit Kishore (1999) Dhvani aur Sangeet, New Delhi, Delhi, Bhartiya Gyan Peeth
- Rajurkar, Govind Rao (1984) Sangeet sastra parag, Jaipur, Rajasthan, Hindi granthAcademy
- Sharma, Swatantra (1996) Fundamental of Indian Music, Delhi, PratibhaPrakashan
- Madan, Pannalal (1991) Sangeet Shastra vigyan, Chandigarh, HR, Abhishak Publication
- Charavarty, Indrani (1988) Sangeet Manjusha, Delhi, Mittal

DSE -1 Practical: Component -2 Performance & Viva-Voce Credit: 2 (Total-60 Hours)

Course Objectives:

- To teach the student the fundamentals of singing and playing, such as voice production, holding of the Sitar and the correct placement of the hands on the instrument, the right posture for sitting, breathing exercises to enhance lung capacity for singing etc.
- To demonstrate tonal exercises, such as *palta-s* and *alankar-s*, vital for both singing and playing.
- To initiate his training in the realm of performance, with the most basic of all ragas, likeYaman and Bhairav.

Learning Outcomes:

- The student will become well-versed with the techniques of singing or playing, as thecase may be.
- The student will be able to achieve dexterity of the voice (singing) and hand (playing), through regular practice of the tonal exercises at home.
- The students will know how to tune their respective instruments Tanpura for vocal students, and Sitar, Sarod etc. for instrumental students.
- Having learnt the Notation system in the Theory, the student will able to read and learn new compositions in the prescribed ragas.
- He will grasp the various grammatical aspects of the prescribed ragas, like how they arise, what are the respective rules that govern these ragas, how do the notes move in theragas, what are the performing times of the ragas etc.
- He will learn the art of singing or playing, especially with regard to having the Tabla asan accompanying instrument.
- He will possess a fairly good idea of how a raga is to be performed after learning thebasic ragas.

Contents:

Prescribed Ragas:

- 1. Bhairav
- 2. Yaman
- 3. Alhaiya Bilawal

Unit I

Five alankars to be presented in the prescribed ragas.

Unit II

One Sargam Geet each in the prescribed ragas

Unit III

One Lakshan Geet each in the prescribed Ragas.

Unit IV

Two Drut Khyals with elaborations in any of the prescribed ragas

Unit V

Knowledge and demonstration of the following talas with dugun, tigun and chaugun - Teentala & Ektala

Unit VI

Basic knowledge of Tanpura and its tuning