#### First Professional

#### THEORY PAPER- ANATOMY

PAPER-I

100 marks

**Topics:** General Histology, General Anatomy, General embryology, Neuroanatomy, Head and Neck and Upper limb and related histology and embryology

PAPER-II

100 marks

**Topics:** Elementary Genetics, Thorax, Abdomen, Pelvis and Perineum, Lower Limb and related Histology and Embryology

THEORY QUESTION PAPER FORMAT

(Applicable for Paper – I and Paper -II)

Time allotted: 3 hours (15 min for MCQ and 2hours 45 min. for part I, part II and part III

Total marks=100

MCQs (10 MCQs)

10x2=20 marks

Part I

1) Enumerate

5x2=10 marks

3X5=15 marks

i) ii) iii) iv) v)	
2) Draw labeled diagrams of the following	4x5=20 marks
i) ii) iii) iv)	
Of these diagrams, 2 diagrams will be of Histology and 2 diagrams	s of gross anatom
Part II	
3) Structured long question	10 marks
4) Write briefly on	3X5=15 marks
i) iii) iii)	
Part III  5) Write briefly on	
i) ii)	2x5=10 marks

6) Write anatomical/embryological basis of

## **UG Curriculum**

#### 1. Vision/Goal

The broad goal of the anatomy curriculum is to provide a comprehensive scientific knowledge of the gross and microscopic structure and development of the human body in order to understand the anatomical basis of disease presentations and patient management.

#### 2. Learning objective (overall)

#### A. Knowledge:

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- a) Explain the gross structure, normal disposition and integrated functions of organ systems in order to understand the anatomical basis of common disease presentations and clinical procedures.
- b) Describe the microscopic structure of various organs and correlate their structure with functions, in order to understand their altered state in various disease processes.
- c) Describe the basic principles behind the sequential development of organ systems as prerequisite to explaining the developmental basis of common variations and congenital anomalies.
- d) Describe the normal structure and functions of chromosomes and genes so as to understand the genetic basis of common genetic abnormalities.

#### B. Skills:

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- a) Demonstrate the surface marking of clinically important structures in the cadaver and correlate it with living anatomy.
- b) Locate and identify tissues and cells under the light microscope.
- c) Identify important structures visualized by imaging techniques, specifically radiographs, computerized tomography (CT) scans, MRI and ultrasonography.
- d) Demonstrate various movements at the important joints in the human body.
- e) Accurately palpate the pulsations of arteries at the most appropriate sites.

#### C. Attitude and communication skills:

During the course the student should be able to:

- a) Show due respect in handling pro-sections and cadavers during dissection.
- b) Communicate effectively with peers and teachers in small group teaching and learning activities.
- c) Demonstrate the ability to work effectively with peers in a team.
- d) Demonstrate professional attributes of punctuality, accountability and respect for teachers and peers.

- e) Appreciate the issues of ethical values and social responsibilities while undergoing early clinical exposure. (ECE).
- **3.** Competencies: Overall competencies to be given first (Detailed competencies with specific learning objectives to be given in Annexure I)
  - (a) Cognition
  - (b) Psychomotor skill
  - (c) Communication affective attitude

Detailed competencies have been given in the course (point no. 4). All the competencies involve Cognition, Psychomotor skill and Communication affective attitude.

4. Course (Topics, theory practical, laboratory clinical)

### General Anatomy

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Anatomical terminology	AN1.1 Demonstrate normal anatomical position, various planes, relation, comparison, laterality & movement in our body	Theory / Practical
2.	General features of Bones & Joints	AN 1.2 Describe composition of bone and bone marrow AN 2.1 Describe parts, blood and nerve supply of a long bone AN 2.2 Enumerate laws of ossification AN 2.3 Enumerate special features of a sesamoid bone AN 2.4 Describe various types of cartilage with its structure & distribution in body AN2.5 Describe various joints with subtypes and examples AN2.6 Explain the concept of nerve supply of joints & Hilton's law	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical
3.	General features of Muscle	AN3.1 Classify muscle tissue according to structure & action AN3.2 Enumerate parts of skeletal muscle and differentiate between tendon & aponeurosis with example AN3.3 Explain Shunt and spurt muscles	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical
4.	General features of	AN4.1	Theory / Practical/

Describe different types of skin & dermatomes in body  AN4.2  Describe structure & function of skin with its appendages	Laboratory / Clinical
AN4.3  Describe superficial fascia along with fat distribution in body	
AN 4.4 Describe modifications of deep fascia with its functions AN4.5 Explain principles of skin incisions	
	dermatomes in body  AN4.2  Describe structure & function of skin with its appendages  AN4.3  Describe superficial fascia along with fat distribution in body  AN 4.4 Describe modifications of deep fascia with its functions  AN4.5

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5.	General features of the cardiovascular system	AN5.1 Differentiate between blood vascular and lymphatic system AN5.2 Differentiate between pulmonary and systemic circulation AN5.3 List general differences between arteries & veins AN5.4 Explain functional difference between elastic, muscular arteries and arterioles AN5.5 Describe portal system giving examples AN5.6 Describe the concept of anastomoses and collateral circulation with significance of end-arteries AN5.7 Explain function of meta-arterioles, precapillary sphincters, arterio-venous anastomoses AN5.8 Define thrombosis, infarction and	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical
6.	General Features of	aneurysm  AN6.1 List the components and functions of	Theory / Practical/
	lymphatic system	the lymphatic system  AN6.2 Describe structure of lymph capillaries  & mechanism of lymph circulation  AN6.3 Explain the concept of lymphoedema and spread of tumors via lymphatics and venous system	Laboratory / Clinical
7.	Introduction to the nervous system	AN7.1 Describe general plan of nervous system with components of central peripheral & autonomic nervous systems AN7.2 List components of nervous tissue and their functions AN7.3 Describe parts of a neuron and classify them based on number of neurites, size & function AN 7.4 Describe structure of a typical spinal	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical

	nerve	
	AN7.5 Describe principles of sensory and	
	motor innervation of muscles	
	AN7.6 Describe concept of loss of	
	innervation of a muscle with its applied	
	anatomy	
	AN7.7 Describe various type of synapse	
· 如於「此事」   日本   100   1	AN7.8 Describe differences between	
	sympathetic and spinal ganglia	

#### General Histology

i.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	Epithelium histology	AN65.1 Identify epithelium under the microscope & describe the various types that correlate to its function AN65.2 Describe the ultrastructure of epithelium	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Glands	AN 70.1 Identify exocrine gland under the microscope & distinguish between serous, mucous and mixed acini	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3.	Connective tissue	AN66.1 Describe & identify various types of connective tissue with functional Correlation AN66.2 Describe the ultrastructure of connective tissue	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4.	Cartilage	AN71.2 Identify cartilage under the microscope & describe various types and structure-function correlation of the same	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5.	Bone	AN71.1 Identify bone under the microscope; classify various types and describe the structure-function correlation of the same	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6.	Muscle	AN 67.1 Describe & identify various types of muscle under the microscope AN 67.2 Classify muscle and describe the structure-function correlation of the Same AN 67.3 Describe the ultrastructure of muscular tissue	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7.	Cardiovascular system	AN 69.1 Identify elastic & muscular blood vessels, capillaries under the Microscope AN 69.2 Describe the various types and structure-function correlation of blood Vessel AN 69.3 Describe the ultrastructure of blood vessels	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
8.	Lymphoid tissue	AN 70.2 Identify the lymphoid tissue under the microscope & describe microanatomy of lymph node, spleen, thymus, tonsil and correlate the structure with function	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
9.	Nervous tissue	AN68.1 Describe & Identify multipolar & unipolar neuron, ganglia, peripheral nerve AN68.2 Describe the structure-function correlation of neuron AN68.3 Describe the ultrastructure of nervous tissue	Theory / Practical/Laboratory, Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
10.	Integumentary System	AN 72.1 Identify the skin and its appendages under the microscope and correlate the structure with function	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

# General Embryology & Ethics

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1. 	Introduction to embryology	AN76.1 Describe the stages of human life AN76.2 Explain the terms- phylogeny, ontogeny, trimester, viability	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Gametogenesis and fertilization	AN77.1 Describe the uterine changes occurring during the menstrual cycle AN77.2 Describe the synchrony between the ovarian and menstrual cycles AN77.3 Describe spermatogenesis and oogenesis along with diagrams AN77.4 Describe the stages and consequences of fertilisation AN77.5 Enumerate and describe the anatomical principles underlying Contraception AN77.6 Describe teratogenic influences; fertility and sterility, surrogate motherhood, social significance of "sex-ratio".	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3.	Second week of development	AN78.1 Describe cleavage and formation of blastocyst AN78.2 Describe the development of trophoblast AN78.3 Describe the process of implantation & common abnormal sites of implantation AN78.4 Describe the formation of extra-embryonic mesoderm and coelom, bilaminar disc and prochordal plate AN78.5 Describe in brief abortion; decidual reaction, pregnancy test	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4.	3rd to 8th week of development	AN79.1 Describe the formation & fate of the primitive streak AN79.2 Describe formation & fate of notochord AN79.3 Describe the process of	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

		neurulation  AN79.4 Describe the development of somites and intra-embryonic coelom.  AN79.5 Explain embryological basis of congenital malformations, nucleus pulposus, sacrococcygeal teratomas, neural tube defects  AN79.6 Describe the diagnosis of pregnancy in first trimester and role of teratogens, alpha-fetoprotein	
	Fetal membranes	AN80.1 Describe formation, functions & fate of-chorion: amnion; yolk sac; allantois & decidua AN80.2 Describe formation & structure of umbilical cord AN80.3 Describe formation of placenta, its physiological functions, foetomaternal circulation & placental barrier AN80.4 Describe embryological basis of twinning in monozygotic & dizygotic twins AN80.5 Describe role of placental hormones in uterine growth & parturition AN80.6 Explain embryological basis of estimation of fetal age. AN80.7 Describe various types of umbilical cord attachments	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6.	Prenatal Diagnosis	AN81.1 Describe various methods of prenatal diagnosis AN81.2 Describe indications, process and disadvantages of amniocentesis AN81.3 Describe indications, process and disadvantages of chorion villus biopsy	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7.	Ethics in laboratory	AN 82.1 Demonstrate respect and follow the correct procedure when handling cadavers and other biologic tissue	i de la companya de l

## Genetics

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Chromosomes	AN73.1 Describe the structure of chromosomes with classification AN73.2 Describe technique of karyotyping with its applications AN73.3 Describe the Lyon's hypothesis	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Patterns of Inheritance	AN74.1 Describe the various modes of inheritance with examples	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/

	AN74.2 Draw pedigree charts for the various types of inheritance & give examples of diseases of each mode of inheritance AN74.3 Describe multifactorial inheritance with examples  AN74.4 Describe the genetic basis & clinical features of Achondroplasia, Cystic Fibrosis, Vitamin D resistant rickets, Haemophilia, Duchene's muscular dystrophy & Sickle cell anaemia	Clinical
3. Principle of Genetics, Chromosomal Aberrations & Clinical Genetics	AN75.1 Describe the structural and numerical chromosomal aberrations AN75.2 Explain the terms mosaics and chimeras with example AN75.3 Describe the genetic basis & clinical features of Prader Willi syndrome, Edward syndrome & Patau syndrome AN75.4 Describe genetic basis of variation: polymorphism and mutation AN75.5 Describe the principles of genetic counselling	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

# Systemic Anatomy, Histology & Embryology

Upper Limb

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Individual bone	AN8.1 Identify the given bone, its side, important features & keep it in anatomical Position AN 8. 2. Identify & describe joints formed by the given bone AN8.3 Enumerate peculiarities of clavicle AN8.4 Demonstrate important muscle attachment on the given bone AN8.5 Identify and name various bones in articulated hand, Specify the parts of metacarpals and phalanges and enumerate the peculiarities of pisiform AN8.6 Describe scaphoid fracture and explain the anatomical basis of avascular necrosis	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

2.	Pectoral region	AN9.1 Describe attachment, nerve supply & action of pectoralis major & Pectoralis minor AN9.2 Breast: Describe the location, extent, deer relations, structure, age changes, blood supply, lymphatic drainage, microanatomy and applied AN9.3 Describe development of breast	Practical/Laboratory/
S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3.	Axilla, Shoulder and Scapular region	AN10.1 Identify. & describe boundaries and contents of axilla AN 10.2 Identify, describe, and demonstrate the origin, extent, course, and parts relations branches of axillary artery and tributaries of vein AN10.3 Describe, identify demonstrate formation, branches, relations area of supply of branches course and relations of terminal branches of brachial plexuses AN10.4 Describe the anatomical groups of axillary lymph nodes and specify their area of drainage. AN10.5 Explain variations in formation of brachial plexus AN10.6 Explain the anatomical basis of clinical features of Erb's palsy and Klumpke's paralysis AN 10.7 Explain anatomical basis of enlarged axillary lymph nodes AN10.8 Describe, identify and demonstrate the position, attachment, nerve supply and actions of trapezius and latissimus dorsi AN10.9 Describe the arterial anastomosis around the scapula and mention the Describe the arterial anastomosis around the scapula and mention the boundaries of triangle of auscultation AN10.10 Describe and identify the deltoid and rotator cuff muscles AN10.11 Describe & demonstrate attachment of serratus anterior with its action AN10.12 Describe and demonstrate shoulder joint for—type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements, muscles involved, blood supply, nerve supply and applied anatomy AN10.13 Explain anatomical basis of Injury to axillary nerve during intramuscular injections.	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

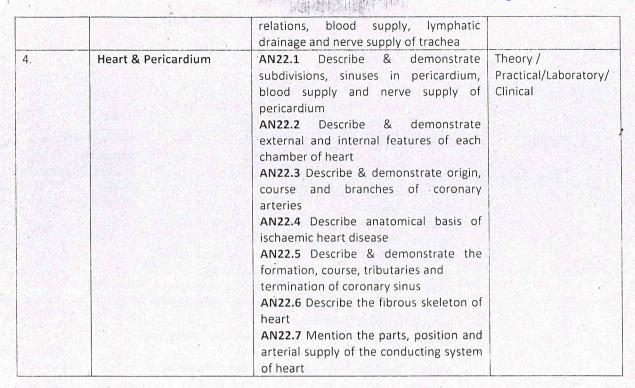
S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Arm & Cubital fossa	AN 11.1 Describe and demonstrate muscle groups of upper arm with emphasis on biceps and triceps brachii.  AN11.2 Identify & describe origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels in arm AN11.3 Describe the anatomical basis of Venepuncture of cubital veins  AN11.4Describe the anatomical basis of Saturday night paralysis  AN11.5 Identify & describe boundaries and contents of cubital fossa  AN11.6 Describe the anastomosis around the elbow joint	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5	Forearm & hand	AN12.1 Describe and demonstrate important muscle groups of ventral forearm with attachments, nerve supply and actions AN12.2 Identify & describe origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of forearm AN12.3 Identify & describe flexor retinaculum with its attachments AN12.4 Explain anatomical basis of carpal tunnel syndrome AN12.5 Identify & describe small muscles of hand. Also describe movements of thumb and muscles involved AN12.6 Describe & demonstrate movements of thumb and muscles involved AN12.7 Describe & demonstrate movements of thumb and muscles involved nerves in hand. AN12.8 Describe anatomical basis of Claw hand AN12.9 dentify & describe fibrous flexor sheaths, ulnar bursa, radial bursa and digital synovial sheaths AN12.10 Explain infection of fascial spaces of palm AN12.11 Identify, describe and demonstrate important muscle groups of dorsal forearm with attachments, nerve supply and actions AN12.12 Identify & describe origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of back of forearm AN12.13 Describe the anatomical basis of Wrist drop AN12.14 Identify & describe compartments deep to extensor retinaculum AN12.15 Identify & describe extensor expansion formation	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

6.	General	AN13.1 Describe and explain Fascia of upper	Theory /
	Features,	limb and compartments, veins of upper limb	Practical/Laboratory/
	Joints,	and its lymphatic drainage	Clinical
	radiographs &	AN13.2 Describe dermatomes of upper limb	The state of the s
	surface marking	AN13.3 Identify & describe the type, articular	
		surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane,	
		ligaments, relations, movements, blood and	
		nerve supply of elbow joint, proximal and distal	Clinical States
		radio-ulnar joints, wrist joint & first	
A		carpometacarpal joint	
		AN13.4 Describe Sternoclavicular joint,	
		Acromioclavicular joint, Carpometacarpal joints	
		& Metacarpophalangeal joint	
		AN13.5 Identify the bones and joints of upper	
		limb seen in anteroposterior and lateral view	
		radiographs of shoulder region, arm, elbow,	
100		forearm and hand	
		AN13.6 Identify & demonstrate important bony	
		landmarks of upper limb Jugular notch, sternal	
		angle, acromial angle, spine of the scapula,	
		vertebral level of the medial end, Inferior angle	
		of the scapula	
		AN13.7 Identify & demonstrate surface	
		projection of: Cephalic and basilic vein,	
		Palpation of Brachial artery, Radial artery,	
		Testing of muscles: Trapezius, pectoralis major,	
		serratus anterior, latissimus dorsi, deltoid,	
		biceps brachii, Brachioradialis	
		AN13.8 Describe development of upper limb	
- 64.5			

## Thorax

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Introduction & Thoracic wall	AN21.1 Identify and describe the salient features of sternum, typical rib, 1st rib and typical thoracic vertebra.  AN 21.2 Identify & describe the features of 2nd, 11th and 12th ribs, 1st, 11th and 12th thoracic vertebrae  AN21.3 Describe & demonstrate the boundaries of thoracic inlet, cavity and outlet  AN21.4 Describe & demonstrate extent, attachments, direction of fibres, nerve supply and actions of intercostal muscles  AN21.5 Describe & demonstrate origin, course, relations and branches of a typical intercostal	Practical / Laboratory/ Clinical Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

		Nerve AN21.6 Mention origin, course and branches/ tributaries of: 1) anterior & posterior intercostal vessels 2) internal thoracic vessels AN21.7 Mention the origin, course, 1) atypical intercostal nerve 2) superior intercostal artery, subcostal artery elations and branches AN21.8 Describe & demonstrate type, articular surfaces & movements of manubriosternal, costovertebral, costotransverse and xiphisternal joints AN21.9 Describe & demonstrate mechanics and types of respiration AN21.10 Describe costochondral and	
		interchondral joints	Theory
2.	Mediastinum	AN21.11 Mention boundaries and contents of the superior, anterior, middle and posterior mediastinum  AN23.1 Describe & demonstrate the external appearance, relations, blood	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
		supply, nerve supply, lymphatic drainage and applied anatomy of oesophagus  AN23.2 Describe & demonstrate the extent, relations tributaries of thoracic duct and enumerate its applied anatomy  AN 23.3 Describe & demonstrate origin,	
		course, relations, tributaries and termination of superior vena cava, azygos, hemiazygos and accessory hemiazygos veins  AN23.4 Mention the extent, branches	
		and relations of arch of aorta & descending thoracic aorta  AN24.4 Identify phrenic nerve & describe its formation & distribution	
anvêras	refied 2 Augustungs galintity augustus income est, national	AN23.5 Identify & Mention the location and extent of thoracic sympathetic chain AN23.6 Describe the splanchnic nerves AN23.7 Mention the extent, relations and applied anatomy of lymphatic duct	
3.	Pleura, Lungs & Trachea	AN24.1 Mention the blood supply, lymphatic drainage and nerve supply of pleura, extent of pleura and describe the pleural recesses and their applied anatomy AN24.2 Identify side, external features	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	Tigogo eth Sirenve sover eside to Siringe Tigogoli Bottorise Tigogoli Siringe Tigogoli To somassa	and relations of structures which form root of lung & bronchial tree and their clinical correlate  AN 24.3 Describe a bronchopulmonary segment  AN24.5 Mention the blood supply lymphatic drainage and nerve supply olungs  AN24.6 Describe the extent, length	/ of



S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5.	Radiology & Surface Marking	AN25.7 Identify structures seen on a plain x-ray chest (PA view) AN25.8 Identify and describe in brief a barium swallow AN25.9 Demonstrate surface marking of lines of pleural reflection, lung borders and fissures, trachea, heart borders, apex beat & surface projection of valves of heart	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6.	Embryology	AN25.2 Describe development of pleura, lung & heart AN25.3 Describe fetal circulation and changes occurring at birth AN25.4 Describe embryological basis of: 1) atrial septal defect, 2) ventricular septal defect, 3) Fallot's tetralogy & 4) tracheo-oesophageal fistula AN25.5 Describe developmental basis of congenital anomalies, transposition of great vessels, dextrocardia, patent ductus arteriosus and coarctation of aorta AN25.6 Mention development of aortic arch arteries, SVC, IVC and coronary sinus	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7.	Histology	AN25.1 Identify, draw and label a slide of trachea and lung	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

## Head & Neck

No	Topic	Competences	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
L	Skull osteology	AN26.1 Demonstrate anatomical position of skull, Identify and locate individual skull bones in skull AN26.2 Describe the features of norma frontalis, verticalis, occipitalis, lateralis and Basalis AN26.3 Describe cranial cavity, its subdivisions, foramina and structures passing through them AN26.4 Describe morphological features of mandible AN26.5 Describe features of typical and atypical cervical vertebrae (atlas and axis) AN26.6 Explain the concept of bones that ossify in membrane AN26.7 Describe the features of the 7th cervical	Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Scalp	AN27.1 Describe the layers of scalp, its blood supply, its nerve supply and surgical Importance AN27.2 Describe emissary veins with its role in spread of infection from extracranial route to intracranial venous sinuses	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
3.	Face & parotid region	AN28.1 Describe & demonstrate muscles of facial expression and their nerve supply AN28.2 Describe sensory innervation of face AN28.3 Describe & demonstrate origin /formation, course, branches /tributaries of facial vessels AN28.4 Describe & demonstrate branches of facial nerve with distribution AN28.5 Describe cervical lymph nodes and lymphatic drainage of head, face and neck AN28.6 Identify superficial muscles of face, their nerve supply and actions AN28.7 Explain the anatomical basis of facial nerve palsy AN28.8 Explain surgical importance of deep facial vein AN28.9 Describe & demonstrate the parts, borders, surfaces, contents, relations and nerve supply of parotid gland with course of its duct and surgical importance AN28.10 Explain the anatomical basis of Frey's	
4.	Posterior triangle of neck	syndrome  AN29.1 Describe & demonstrate attachments, nerve supply, relations and actions of sternocleidomastoid AN29.2 Explain anatomical basis of Erb's & Klumpke's palsy AN29.3 Explain anatomical basis of wry neck AN29.4 Describe & demonstrate attachments of 1 inferior belly of omohyoid, 2)scalenus anterior, 3 scalenus medius & 4) levator scapulae	Laboratory/ Clinical
5.	Cranial cavity	AN30.1 Describe the cranial fossae & identify related structures	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical

	Testing tipe for to	termination of internal jugular & brachiocephalic veins AN35.5 Describe and demonstrate extent, drainage & applied anatomy of cervical lymph nodes AN35.6 Describe and demonstrate the extent, formation, relation & branches of cervical sympathetic chain	
10	Deep structures in the neck	AN35.1 Describe the parts, extent, attachments, modifications of deep cervical Fascia  AN35.2 Describe & demonstrate location, parts, borders, surfaces, relations & blood supply of thyroid gland  AN35.3 Demonstrate & describe the origin, parts, course & branches subclavian  Artery  AN35.4 Describe & demonstrate origin, course, relations, tributaries and	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
9	Submandibular region	AN34.1 Describe & demonstrate the morphology, relations and nerve supply of submandibular salivary gland & submandibular ganglion AN34.2 Describe the basis of formation of submandibular stones	
	Temporal and Infratemporal regions	AN33.1 Describe & demonstrate extent, boundaries and contents of temporal and infratemporal fossae  AN33.2 Describe & demonstrate attachments, direction of fibres, nerve supply and actions of muscles of mastication  AN33.3 Describe & demonstrate articulating surface, type & movements of temporomandibular joint  AN33.4 Explain the clinical significance of pterygoid venous plexus  AN33.5 Describe the features of dislocation of temporomandibular joint	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
7.	Anterior Triangle	AN32.1 Describe boundaries and subdivisions of anterior triangle AN32.2 Describe & demonstrate boundaries and contents of muscular, carotid, digastric and submental triangles	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
6.	Orbit	AN31.1 Describe & identify extra ocular muscles of eyeball AN31.2 Describe & demonstrate nerves and vessels in the orbit AN31.3 Describe anatomical basis of Horner's syndrome AN31.4 Enumerate components of lacrimal apparatus AN31.5 Explain the anatomical basis of oculomotor, trochlear and abducent nerve palsies along with strabismus	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		AN30.2 Describe & identify major foramina with structures passing through them AN30.3 Describe & identify dural folds & dural venous sinuses AN30.4 Describe clinical importance of dural venous sinuses AN30.5 Explain effect of pituitary tumours on visual pathway	

		AN35.7 Describe the course and branches of IX, X, XI & XII nerve in the neck	
		AN35.8 Describe the anatomically relevant clinical features of Thyroid swellings AN35.9 Describe the clinical features of compression of	13-19 - VA
		subclavian artery and lower trunk of brachial plexus by cervical rib	200
	-277	AN35.10 Describe the fascial spaces of neck	Theory/ Practical/
.1	Mouth, Pharynx & Palate		Laboratory/ Clinical
		AN36.3 Describe the boundaries and clinical significance of pyriform fossa AN36.4 Describe the anatomical basis of tonsillitis, tonsillectomy, adenoids and peri-tonsillar abscess	
15.2		AN36.5 Describe the clinical significance of Killian's	
12	Cavity of Nose	dehiscence  AN37.1 Describe & demonstrate features of nasal	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		septum, lateral wall of nose, their blood supply and nerve supply  AN37.2 Describe location and functional anatomy of paranasal sinuses  AN37.3 Describe anatomical basis of sinusitis & maxillary sinus tumours	Bue reacts then business to the second
13	Larynx	AN38.1 Describe the morphology, identify structure of the wall, nerve supply, blood supply and actions of intrinsic and extrinsic muscles of the larynx  AN38.2 Describe the anatomical aspects of laryngitis  AN38.3 Describe anatomical basis of recurrent	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		laryngeal nerve injury	Theory/ Practical/
14	Tongue	AN39.1 Describe & demonstrate the morphology, nerve supply, embryological basis of nerve supply, blood supply, lymphatic drainage and actions of extrinsic and intrinsic muscles of tongue  AN39.2 Explain the anatomical basis of hypoglossal nerve palsy	Laboratory/ Clinical
15	Organs of hearing and	AN40.1 Describe & identify the parts, blood supply and nerve supply of external Ear	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
	equilibrium	AN40.2 Describe & demonstrate the boundaries, contents, relations and functional anatomy of middle ear and auditory tube	
		AN40.3 Describe the features of internal ear AN40.4 Explain anatomical basis of otitis externa and otitis media AN40.5 Explain anatomical basis of myringotomy	
16	Eyeball	AN41.1 Describe & demonstrate parts and layers of eyeball AN41.2 Describe the anatomical aspects of cataract, glaucoma & central retinal artery occlusion AN41.3 Describe the position, nerve supply and actions of intraocular muscles	Laboratory/ Clinical
17	Back Region	AN42.1 Describe the contents of the vertebral canal AN42.2 Describe & demonstrate the boundaries and	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical

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		contents of Suboccipital triangle  AN42.3 Describe the position, direction of fibres, relations, nerve supply, actions of semispinalis capitis and splenius capitis	
18	Head & neck Joints	AN43.1 Describe & demonstrate the movements with muscles producing the movements of atlantooccipital joint & atlantoaxial joint	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
19	Histology	AN43.2 Identify, describe and draw the microanatomy of pituitary gland, thyroid, parathyroid gland, tongue, salivary glands, tonsil, epiglottis, cornea, retina AN43.3 Identify, describe and draw microanatomy of olfactory epithelium, eyelid, lip, sclero-corneal junction, optic nerve, cochlea- organ of corti, pineal gland	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
20	Development	AN43.4 Describe the development and developmental basis of congenital anomalies of face, palate, tongue, branchial apparatus, pituitary gland, thyroid gland & eye	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
21	Radiology & Surface marking	AN43.5 Demonstrate- 1) Testing of muscles of facial expression, extraocular muscles, muscles of mastication, 2) Palpation of carotid arteries, facial artery, superficial temporal artery, 3) Location of internal and external jugular veins, 4) Location of hyoid bone, thyroid cartilage and cricoid cartilage with their vertebral levels  AN43.6 Demonstrate surface projection of- Thyroid gland, Parotid gland and duct, Pterion, Common carotid artery, Internal jugular vein, Subclavian vein, External jugular vein, Facial artery in the face & accessory nerve AN43.7 Identify the anatomical structures in 1) Plain x-ray skull, 2) AP view and lateral view 3) Plain x-ray cervical spine-AP and lateral view 4) Plain X-ray	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
	A COLLEGE OF STREET	of paranasal sinuses AN43.8 Describe the anatomical route used for carotid angiogram and vertebral Angiogram AN43.9 Identify anatomical structures in carotid angiogram and vertebral angiogram	

## Neuroanatomy

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1	Meninges & CSF	AN56.1 Describe & identify various layers of meninges with its extent & modifications AN56.2 Describe circulation of CSF with its applied anatomy	Theory/Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2	Spinal cord	AN57.1 Identify external features of spinal cord AN57.2 Describe extent of spinal cord in child & adult with its clinical implication AN57.3 Draw & label transverse section of spinal cord at mid-cervical & midthoracic level AN57.4 Enumerate ascending & descending tracts at mid thoracic level of spinal cord AN57.5 Describe anatomical basis of syringomyelia	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3	Medulla Oblongata	AN58.1 Identify external features of medulla oblongata AN58.2 Describe transverse section of medulla oblongata at the level of 1) pyramidal decussation, 2) sensory decussation 3) ION AN58.3 Enumerate cranial nerve nuclei in medulla oblongata with their functional group AN58.4 Describe anatomical basis & effects of medial & lateral medullary syndrome	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Pons	AN59.1 Identify external features of pons AN59.2 Draw & label transverse section of pons at the upper and lower level AN59.3 Enumerate cranial nerve nuclei in pons with their functional group	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5	Cerebellum	AN60.1 Describe & demonstrate external & internal features of cerebellum AN60.2 Describe connections of cerebellar cortex and intracerebellar nuclei AN60.3 Describe anatomical basis of cerebellar dysfunction	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6	Midbrain	AN61.1 Identify external & internal features of midbrain AN61.2 Describe internal features of midbrain at the level of superior & inferior colliculus AN61.3 Describe anatomical basis & effects of Benedikt's and Weber's syndrome	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	Cranial nerve nuclei & Cerebral hemispheres	AN62.1 Enumerate cranial nerve nuclei with its functional component AN62.2 Describe & demonstrate surfaces, sulci, gyri, poles, & functional areas of cerebral hemisphere AN62.3 Describe the white matter of cerebrum AN62.4 Enumerate parts & major connections of basal ganglia & limbic lobe AN62.5 Describe boundaries, parts, gross relations, major nuclei and connections of dorsal thalamus, hypothalamus, epithalamus, metathalamus and subthalamus AN62.6 Describe & identify formation, branches & major areas of distribution of circle of Willis	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
8	Ventricular system	AN63.1 Describe & demonstrate parts, boundaries & features of Ilird, IVth & lateral ventricle AN63.2 Describe anatomical basis of congenital hydrocephalus	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
9	Histology & Embryology	AN64.1 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of Spinal cord, Cerebellum & Cerebrum AN64.2 Describe the development of neural tube, spinal cord, medulla oblongata, pons, midbrain, cerebral hemisphere & cerebellum AN64.3 Describe various types of open neural tube defects with its embryological basis	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

## LOWER LIMB

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	Features of individual bones	AN14.1 Identify the given bone, its side, important features & keep it in anatomical position.  AN14.2 Identify & describe joints formed by the given bone  AN14.3 Describe the importance of ossification of lower end of femur & upper end of tibia.  AN14.4 Identify and name various bones in the articulated foot with individual muscle attachment.	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Front & Medial side of thigh	AN15.1 Describe and demonstrate origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of anterior thigh AN15.2 Describe and demonstrate major muscles with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN15.3 Describe and demonstrate boundaries, floor, roof and contents of femoral triangle AN15.4 Explain anatomical basis of Psoas abscess & Femoral hernia AN15.5 Describe and demonstrate adductor canal with its content	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3	Gluteal region & back of thigh	AN16.1 Describe and demonstrate origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of gluteal region AN16.2 Describe anatomical basis of sciatic nerve injury during gluteal intramuscular injections N16.3 Explain the anatomical basis of Trendelenburg sign AN16.4 Describe and demonstrate the hamstrings group of muscles with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN16.5 Describe and demonstrate the origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels on the back of thigh AN16.6 Describe and demonstrate the boundaries, roof, floor, contents and relations of popliteal fossa	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Hip joint	AN17.1 Describe and demonstrate the type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements and muscles involved, blood and nerve supply, bursae around the hip joint AN17.2 Describe anatomical basis of complications of fracture neck of femur AN17.3 Describe dislocation of hip joint and surgical hip replacement	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5	Knee joint, Anterolateral compartment of leg & dorsum of foot	AN18.1 Describe and demonstrate major muscles of anterolateral compartment of leg with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN18.2 Describe and demonstrate origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of anterior compartment of leg AN18.3 Explain the anatomical basis of foot drop AN18.4 Describe and demonstrate the type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements and muscles involved, blood and nerve supply, bursae around the knee joint AN18.5 Explain the anatomical basis of locking and unlocking of the knee joint AN18.6 Describe knee joint injuries with its applied anatomy AN18.7 Explain anatomical basis of Osteoarthritis	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical



S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6	Back of Leg & Sole	AN19.1 Describe and demonstrate the major muscles of back of leg with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN19.2 Describe and demonstrate the origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of back of leg AN19.3 Explain the concept of "Peripheral heart" AN19.4 Explain the anatomical basis of rupture of calcaneal tendon AN19.5 Describe factors maintaining importance arches of the foot with its attachment AN19.6 Explain the anatomical basis of Flat foot & Club foot AN19.7 Explain the anatomical basis of	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7	General Features,	Metatarsalgia & Plantar fasciitis  AN20.1 Describe and demonstrate the	-
	Joints, radiographs & surface marking	type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements and muscles involved, blood and nerve supply of tibiofibular and ankle joint  AN20.2 Describe the subtalar and transverse tarsal joints  AN20.3 Describe and demonstrate Fascia lata, Venous drainage, Lymphatic drainage, Retinacula & Dermatomes of lower limb  AN20.4 Explain anatomical basis of enlarged inguinal lymph nodes  AN20.5 Explain anatomical basis of varicose veins and deep vein thrombosis  AN20.6 Identify the bones and joints	Theory/Practical/Laboratory/Clinical
(Control		of lower limb seen in anteroposterior and lateral view radiographs of various regions of lower limb  AN20.7 Identify & demonstrate important bony landmarks of lower limb: -Vertebral levels of highest point of iliac crest, posterior superior iliac spines, iliactubercle, pubic tubercle, ischial tuberosity, adductor tubercle, -Tibial tuberosity, head of fibula, -Medial and lateral malleoli, Condyles of femur and tibia, sustentaculum tali, tuberosity of fifth metatarsal, tuberosity of the navicular AN20.8 Identify & demonstrate palpation of femoral, popliteal, post	inacintes a in languages

	vessels in a simulated environment AN20.9 Identify & demonstrate Palpation of vessels (femoral, popliteal,dorsalis pedis,post tibial), Mid inguinal point, Surface projection of: femoral nerve, Saphenous opening, Sciatic, tibial, common peroneal & deep peroneal nerve, Great and small saphenous veins AN20.10 Describe basic concept of development of lower limb	
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## ABDOMEN

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ . Clinical
1	Anterior abdominal wall	AN44.1 Describe & demonstrate the Planes (transpyloric, transtubercular, subcostal, lateral vertical, linea alba, linea semilunaris), regions & quadrants of abdomen AN44.2 Describe & identify the Fascia, nerves & blood vessels of anterior abdominal wall AN44.3 Describe the formation of rectus sheath and its contents AN44.4 Describe & demonstrate extent, boundaries, contents of Inguinal canal including Hesselbach's triangle.  AN44.5 Explain the anatomical basis of inguinal hernia.  AN44.6 Describe & demonstrate attachments of muscles of anterior abdominal wall AN44.7 Enumerate common Abdominal incisions	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2	Posterior abdominal wall	AN45.1 Describe Thoracolumbar fascia AN45.2 Describe & demonstrate Lumbar plexus for its root value, formation & branches AN45.3 Mention the major subgroups of back muscles, nerve supply and action	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3	Male external genitalia	AN46.1 Describe & demonstrate coverings, internal structure, side determination, blood supply, nerve supply, lymphatic drainage & descent of testis with its applied anatomy AN46.2 Describe parts of Epididymis AN46.3 Describe Penis under following headings: (parts, components, blood supply and lymphatic drainage) AN46.4 Explain the anatomical basis of Varicocoele	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

AN46.5 Explain the anatom	ical basis of	
Phimosis & Circumcision		

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Abdominal cavity	AN47.1 Describe & identify boundaries	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/
		and recesses of Lesser & Greater sac	Clinical
		AN47.2 Name & identify various	Cillical
		peritoneal folds & pouches with its	
		explanation	
		AN47.3 Explain anatomical basis of	
		Ascites & Peritonitis	
		AN47.4 Explain anatomical basis of	
		Subphrenic abscess	
		AN47.5 Describe & demonstrate major	
		viscera of abdomen under following	
		headings (anatomical position, external	
		and internal features, important	
		peritoneal and other relations, blood supply, nerve supply, lymphatic	
		drainage and applied aspects)	
		AN47.6 Explain the anatomical basis of	
		Splenic notch, Accessory spleens, Kehr's	
		sign, Different types of vagotomy, Liver	
		biopsy (site of needle puncture),	
		Referred pain in cholecystitis,	
145		Obstructive jaundice, Referred pain	
		around umbilicus, Radiating pain of	
		kidney to groin & Lymphatic spread in	a Parall Market
T AVECTOR	small chief the things of the	carcinoma stomach	
		AN47.7 Mention the clinical importance	
-		of Calot's triangle	
1		AN47.8 Describe & identify the	
		formation, course relations and	
	the first of the first of the car	tributaries of Portal vein, Inferior vena	
	The Laboratory	cava & Renal vein	7- 346- 1- 1 - 1
1 2 1 2	Barrier Committee	AN47.9 Describe & identify the origin,	
		course, important relations and	
		branches of Abdominal aorta, Coeliac	
		trunk, Superior mesenteric, Inferior	
1		mesenteric & Common iliac artery	
- 100		AN47.10 Enumerate the sites of	
		portosystemic anastomosis	
		AN47.11 Explain the anatomic basis of	
. K. D.	The second	hematemesis& caput medusae in porta	
		hypertension	
		AN47.12 Describe important nerve	
-	141 101	plexuses of posterior abdominal wall AN47.13 Describe & demonstrate the	
			2
	- Clark Linearn	attachments, openings, nerve supply 8	•
		action of the thoracoabdominal diaphragm	

	e was	AN47.14 Describe the abnormal openings of thoracoabdominal diaphragm and diaphragmatic hernia	
5	Osteology	AN53.1 Identify & hold the bone in the anatomical position, Describe the salient features, articulations & demonstrate the attachments of muscle groups  AN53.2 Demonstrate the anatomical position of bony pelvis & show boundaries of pelvic inlet, pelvic cavity, pelvic outlet  AN53.3 Define true pelvis and false pelvis and demonstrate sex determination in male & female bony pelvis.	
6	Vertebral column	AN50.1 Describe the curvatures of the vertebral column  AN50.2 Describe & demonstrate the type, articular ends, ligaments and movements of Intervertebral joints, Sacroiliac joints & Pubic symphysis  AN50.3 Describe lumbar puncture (site, direction of the needle, structures pierced during the lumbar puncture)  AN50.4 Explain the anatomical basis of Scoliosis, Lordosis, Prolapsed disc, Spondylolisthesis & Spina bifida	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7	Sectional Anatomy	AN51.1 Describe & identify the cross- section at the level of T8, T10 and L1 (transpyloric plane)	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
8	Histology & Embryology	AN52.1 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of Gastro-intestinal system: Oesophagus, Fundus of stomach, Pylorus of stomach, Duodenum, Jejunum, Ileum, Large intestine, Appendix, Liver, Gall bladder, Pancreas & Suprarenal gland AN52.2 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of: Urinary system: Kidney, Ureter & Urinary bladder AN52.3 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of Cardiooesophageal junction, Corpus luteum AN52.4 Describe the development of anterior abdominal wall AN52.5 Describe the development and congenital anomalies of Diaphragm	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

		AN52.6 Describe the development and congenital anomalies of: Foregut, Midgut & Hindgut AN52.7 Describe the development of Urinary system	
9	Osteology	AN53.1 Identify & hold the bone in the anatomical position, Describe the salient features, articulations & demonstrate the attachments of muscle groups AN53.4 Explain and demonstrate clinical importance of bones of abdominopelvic region (sacralization of lumbar vertebra, Lumbarization of 1st sacral vertebra, types of bony pelvis & Coccyx)	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	Radiodiagnosis	AN54.1 Describe & identify features of plain X ray abdomen AN54.2 Describe & identify the special radiographs of abdominopelvic region (contrast X ray Barium swallow, Barium meal, Barium enema, Cholecystography, Intravenous pyelography & Hysterosalpingography) AN54.3 Describe role of ERCP, CT abdomen, MRI, Arteriography in radiodiagnosis of abdomen	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
11	Surface marking	AN55.1 Demonstrate the surface marking of; Regions and planes of abdomen, Superficial inguinal ring, Deep inguinal ring, McBurney's point, Renal Angle & Murphy's point AN55.2 Demonstrate the surface projections of: Stomach, Liver, Fundus of gall bladder, Spleen, Duodenum, Pancreas, Ileocaecal junction, Kidneys & Root of mesenter	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

## Pelvis & Perineum .

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1	Pelvic wall and viscera	AN53.2 Demonstrate the anatomical position of bony pelvis & show boundaries of pelvic inlet, pelvic cavity, pelvic outlet  AN53.3 Define true pelvis and false pelvis and demonstrate sex determination in male & female bony pelvis  AN48.1 Describe & identify the muscles of Pelvic diaphragm  AN48.2 Describe & demonstrate the (position, features, important peritoneal and other relations, blood supply, nerve supply, lymphatic drainage and clinical aspects of) important male & female pelvic viscera	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

		and a 2 D with a 2 down anatysta the	
		AN48.3 Describe & demonstrate the	
		origin, course, important relations and	
		branches of internal iliac artery	
		AN48.4 Describe the branches of sacral	
		plexus	
		AN48.5 Explain the anatomical basis of	
		suprapubic cystostomy, Urinary	
		obstruction in benign prostatic	
		hypertrophy, Retroverted uterus,	
		Prolapse	
		uterus, Internal and external	
		haemorrhoids, Anal fistula, Vasectomy,	
		Tubal pregnancy & Tubal ligation	
		AN48.6 Describe the neurological basis	
		of Automatic bladder	
		AN48.7 Mention the lobes involved in	
		benign prostatic hypertrophy &	
		prostatic hypertrophy &	
		지하는 경우가 그 내용에 나를 빼내려면 가는 사람들이 들어 있었다면 하는 것이다면 이 살을 들었다. 수업을 내려가는데 어느는데 그들은 이 이 사람들이 다른	
		Cancer	
		AN48.8 Mention the structures palpable	
		during vaginal & rectal examination	
		AN51.2 Describe & identify the	
		midsagittal section of male and female	
		pelvis .	
		ANALA Describe O demonstrate the	
	Perineum	AN49.1 Describe & demonstrate the	
		superficial & deep perineal pouch	
		(boundaries and contents)	
		AN49.2 Describe & identify Perineal	
		body	
		AN49.3 Describe & demonstrate	
		Perineal membrane in male & female	
		AN49.4 Describe & demonstrate	
		boundaries, content & applied anatomy	
		of Ischiorectal fossa	
		AN49.5 Explain the anatomical basis of	
		Perineal tear, Episiotomy, Perianal	The state of the s
	Solar services and a service at the	abscess and Anal fissure	
3.	Histology	AN52.8 Describe & identify the	MINISTER AND
		microanatomical features of:	
		Male Reproductive System: Testis,	
		Epididymis, Vas deferens, Prostate &	
		Penis	
		Female reproductive system: Ovary,	
		Uterus, Uterine tube, Cervix,	
		Placenta & Umbilical cord	0 2 1g 5
		AN52.7 Urinary system: Kidney, Ureter	
		& Urinary bladder	
1	Embryology	AN52.7 Describe the development of	N 2 7 7 2 2 3
4.	Embryology	Urinary system	
		AN52.8 Describe the development of	
		male & female reproductive system	
	Padiology	AN 54.2 Describe & Identity the special	
5.	Kadiology	radiographs of abdominopelvic region:	× *
	Radiology	AN 54.2 Describe & identify the special	

#### **5.** Teaching learning methods

- a) Didactic lectures
- b) Cadaveric dissection
- c) Study of prosected specimens
- d) Study of histology slides
- e) Study of Embryology models
- f) Learning surface anatomy
- g) Learning radiological Anatomy
- h) Small group teaching for demonstration of bones
- i) AETCOM
- j) Early Clinical exposure by showing videos and hospital visits
- k) Self directed learning by arranging seminars
- l) Problem based learning
  - 6. Assessment
    - (a) Formative

#### Gross Anatomy will be taught under the following headings:

- General Anatomy
- Neuroanatomy
- Head and Neck
- Upper limb
- Thorax
- Abdomen
- Pelvis
- Lower limb

Stages during the part and Grand stages at the completion of the part of the human body being taught will be taken.

(b) Internal Assessment

#### I term exam:

Theory 100 marks
Practical 100 marks

#### II term exam:

Theory 100 marks
Practical 100 marks

Sent up

Theory

Paper 1: 100 marks Paper 2: 100 marks Practical 100 marks

Assessment theory: Percentage of I term + II term + Sent up theory marks

Assessment Practical: Percentage of I-term + II term + Sent up Practical marks

Minimum of 50% combined in theory and Practical (not less than 40% in each) in internal exams for eligibility for appearing for University examinations.

(c) Summative theory practical & Viva Voce pattern with distribution of marks

#### First Professional

#### THEORY PAPER- ANATOMY

PAPER- I 100 marks

**Topics:** General Histology, General Anatomy, Neuroanatomy, Head and Neck and Upper limb and related histology and embryology

PAPER- II 100 marks

**Topics:** General embryology, Principles of Genetics, Thorax, Abdomen, Pelvis and Perineum, Lower Limb and related Histology and Embryology

## THEORY QUESTION PAPER FORMAT

(Applicable for Paper - I and Paper -II)

Part I

1. MCQs 20 marks

Part II

2)

a) Enumerate 2X5=10 marks

i) ii) iii) iv) v)

b) Write briefly on 2X5=10 marks

i) ii) iii)	v) v)
3. Draw	abeled diagrams of the following
;) ;;)	

4X5=20 marks

Part III

i art iii	
4 Structured long question	10 marks
5 Write short notes on	3X5=15 marks
i) ii) iii)	
6) Write anatomical/embryological basis of	3X5=15 marks

ii) iii) iii)

Practical	100 marks	
Section	Marks	
Spotting	20	
Hard Parts	20	
Soft parts	20	
Histology (2slides + Viva)	10	
Embryology (Models + Viva)	. 10	
Radiology viva	8	
Living anatomy	6	
Problem solving	6	

## Criteria for passing Professional examination

- 50% marks are mandatory in Theory (Theory papers only) and Practical (Practical + Viva) separately
- Internal assessment marks will not be added to the University examination and will be shown separately in the grade card.

#### 7. Recommended Reading

#### **GROSS ANATOMY:**

#### Suggested books:

- 1) Romanes, C.J.: Cunningham's Manual of practical Anatomy, vol. 1, II, and III, 16th Edition, 2017, Oxford University Press.
- 2) Handbook of B D Chaurasia, General Anatomy, 6th Edition, 2019, CBS Publishers, Delhi.
- 3) Vishram Singh's textbook of Anatomy Vol. I,II,III , 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition. 2018, Elsevier publisher.

  OR
- 4) Chaurasia, B.D Human Anatomy- Regional & Applied. Vol. I, II & III, 8 th Edition, 2019, CBS Publishers.

  OR
- 5) Gray's anatomy for students by Richard Drake, A. Wayne Vogl and Adam W. M. Mitchell; 4th edition, February 2019, Elsevier publisher.

#### Reference books:

- 1) Snell's clinical Anatomy by regions by Richard Snell, Vanadana Mehta (Editor), V.K Suri (Editor); 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018, Wolters Kluver
- 2) Gray's anatomy The anatomical basis of clinical practice By Susan Standring; 42nd edition, October 2020, Elsevier publisher.
- 3) Atlas of Human anatomy, Netter by Frank H. Netter; 7th Edition, 2019, Elsevier publisher.
- 4) McMinn and Abrahams' Clinical Atlas of Human Anatomy by Peter Abrahams, Jonathan Spratt, Marios Loukas, Albert- Neels van Schoor; 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013, Elsevier publisher.

#### HISTOLOGY:

#### Suggested book:

1) Inderbir singh's textbook of human histology, 9th edition, 2019, Jaypee publisher.

#### Reference books:

- 1) Ross Histology by Michael H. Ross and Wojciech Pawlina, 8th Edition, 2020, Wolters Kluwer publisher.
- 2) Di Fiore atlas of human histology by Victor P. Eroschenko; 13th edition, 2017, Wolters Kluwer publisher.

#### **EMBRYOLOGY:**

#### Suggested book:

- Langman's Medical Embryology by Thomas W. Sadler; edited by Sabita Misra, 2019, 14th Edition Wolters Kluwer publisher.
- Text book of clinical embryology by VISHRAM SINGH; 2nd Edition, 2017, Elsevier publisher.
   OR
- 3) Text book of Clinical embryology by INDERBIR SINGH by Subhdra Devi; 11th Edition , 2017, Jaypee publishers.

#### **NEUROANATOMY:**

#### Suggested book:

1) Textbook of clinical Neuroanatomy by VISHRAM SINGH; 4<sup>th</sup> edition, 2020, Elsevier publisher.

OR

2) Inderbir Singh's Textbook of Human Neuroanatomy; 10th edition, 2017, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.

#### Reference books:

- 1) Human nervous system by Murray L Barr; 10th edition, 2014, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins Publisher.
- 2) Snell's clinical neuroanatomy, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, 2018, Walters Kluwer publisher.

#### **GENETICS:**

#### Suggested book:

- Principles of clinical genetics by Yogesh Ashok Sontakke, 1 edition, 2017, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
   OR
- 2) Human genetics by S D Gangane, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2017, Elsevier publication.

#### SURFACE ANATOMY AND RADIOLOGY

#### Suggested book:

1) Surface and Radiological Anatomy by Halim, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn. 2020, CBS publication.