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# Skill Enhancement Courses

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#### **BIG DATA ANALYTICS-I**

Course title	Credits	Credit	Distribution of th		Pre-requisite of the course		
& Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		(if any)	
Big Data Analytics-I	2	1	0	1	12 <sup>th</sup> Pass	NIL	

# Credit Distribution, Eligibility and Pre-Requisites of the Course

#### **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To understand the Big Data platform and its uses.
- Provide an overview of Apache Hadoop.
- Provide HDFS concepts and Interfacing with HDFS.
- Provide an overview of Map Reduce Programming.

#### Learning Outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

- After studying this course, students will be able to identify Big Data and its Business Implications.
- After studying this course, students will be able to list the components of Hadoop and Hadoop Eco-Systems.
- After studying this course, students will be able to access and process data on distributed file system.
- After studying this course, students will be able to manage job execution in Hadoop environment.

#### Syllabus:

#### Unit-1: Understanding Big Data

Data Storage and Analysis-The process of data analysis, Characteristics of Big Data, Big Data Analytics, Typical Analytical Architecture, Requirement for new analytical architecture, Challenges in Big Data Analytics – Need of big data frameworks

#### **Unit-2: Foundations of Big Data Systems**

(4 weeks)

(2 weeks)

Getting started with Hadoop, Requirement of Hadoop Framework, Design principle of Hadoop –Comparison with other system, Understanding Hadoop Ecosystem: Hadoop Components – Hadoop 1 vs Hadoop 2

#### Unit-3: HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System)

The Design of HDFS, Hadoop Daemon's – HDFS Commands, HDFS Concepts, Command Line Interface, Hadoop file system interfaces-Loading data into HDFS, read/write process to HDFS

#### Unit-4: Introduction to Parallel Programming with Map Reduce

Map Reduce Programming: I/O formats, Map side join, Reduce Side Join, Secondary sorting, Pipelining Map Reduce jobs (Map Reduce Execution Pipeline)- Map, Shuffle and Sort, Reduce

#### **Practical Exercises**

- Downloading and installing Hadoop.
- Understanding different Hadoop modes. Startup scripts, Configuration files.
- Hadoop Implementation of file management tasks, such as Adding files and directories, retrieving files and Deleting files.
- Run a basic word count Map reduce program to understand map reduce paradigm: To count words in a given file, to view the output file, and to calculate the execution time.
- Map Reduce Program to analyse time-temperature statistics and generate report with max/min temperature.

#### **Essential/recommended readings**

- Seema Acharya, Subhasini Chellappan, "Big Data Analytics" Wiley 2015.
- Tom White, "Hadoop: The Defective Guide", O'Reilly, 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, 2015.
- Donald Miner, Adam Shook, "Map Reduce Design Pattern", O'Reilly, 2012.

#### **Examination scheme and mode:**

The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty.

#### NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch,

#### University of Delhi, from time to time.

#### (4 weeks)

#### o calculate the exect

(5 weeks)

# **BIG DATA ANALYTICS-II**

Course title	Credits	Credit	Distribution of th	e Course	Eligibility Criteria	Pre-requisite of the course
& Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		(if any)
Big Data Analytics-II	2	1	0	1	12 <sup>th</sup> Pass	Big Data Analytics-I

# Credit Distribution, Eligibility and Pre-Requisites of the Course

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- Provide hands on Hadoop Eco System.
- Provide an overview of Apache Spark.
- To understand Machine Learning with Big Data.
- Provide an overview of GPU Computing.

#### Learning Outcomes

The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

- After studying this course, students will be able to develop Big Data Solutions using Hadoop Eco System.
- After studying this course, students will be able to use Spark for the effective analysis of the Big Data.
- After studying this course, students will be able to use Machine Learning Techniques with Big Data.
- After studying this course, students will be able to use GPU Computing for parallel computations.

#### Syllabus:

#### Unit-1: Big Data Systems- The Advances

Data flow, Data Ingest with Flume and Scoop and Hadoop archives, Hadoop I/O: Compression, Serialization, Avro and File-Based Data structures.

#### **Unit-2: Introduction to Apache Spark**

#### (3 weeks)

(3 weeks)

Introduction, Architecture of Spark, Resilient Distributed Datasets, Spark Transformations, Writing Spark Application - Spark Programming in Scala, Python, R, Java - Application Execution

#### Unit-3: Machine Learning with Big Data

Introduction to machine learning, Supervised vs Unsupervised learning, Cluster analysis, understanding k means clustering, Implementation of k means clustering with Map Reduce.

#### **Unit-4: Introduction to GPU Computing**

Introduction to GPU Computing, CUDA Programming Model, CUDA API, Simple Matrix, Multiplication in CUDA, CUDA Memory Model, Shared Memory Matrix Multiplication, Additional CUDA API Features.

#### **Practical Exercises**

- Implementation of Matrix Multiplication with Hadoop Map Reduce.
- Implementation of K-means clustering using Map Reduce.
- To study and implement basic functions and commands in R/Python programming.
- To build Word cloud, a text mining method using R/Python for easy to understand and visualization than a table data.
- To implement clustering program using R/Python programming

# **Essential/recommended readings**

- Seema Acharya, Subhasini Chellappan, "Big Data Analytics" Wiley 2015.
- Mike Frampton, "Mastering Apache Spark", Packt Publishing, 2015.
- Tom White, "Hadoop: The Defective Guide", O'Reilly, 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, 2015.
- Nick Pentreath, Machine Learning with Spark, Packt Publishing, 2015.
- Mohammed Guller, Big Data Analytics with Spark, Apress, 2015.
- Donald Miner, Adam Shook, "Map Reduce Design Pattern", O'Reilly, 2012.

#### Examination scheme and mode:

The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty.

#### NOTE: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch,

University of Delhi, from time to time.

5

(3 weeks)

(6 weeks)

# **Social Media Marketing**

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit di Lecture	stribution o Tutorial	f the course Practical/ Practice	Eligibilit Y criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
Social Media Marketing	2	1	0	1	Pass in XII	Pass in 'Digital Marketing' (SEC- Sem 1)

#### **Learning Objectives**

The course aims to provide basic knowledge of social media marketing concepts, to enhance skills as social media marketer and start a career in social media marketing.

#### **Learning Outcomes**

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

1. Evaluate the role of social media in marketing, advertising and public relations.

2. Assess the optimal use of various social media platforms for social media marketing.

3. Analyse the importance of social media for developing an effective marketing plan, and assess ways to measure its performance.

4. Describe practical skills required for creating and sharing content through online communities and social networks.

5. Demonstrate and appreciate social media ethics to use social media spaces effectively.

#### **SYLLABUS:**

#### Unit 1: Introduction to Social Media Marketing: (4 weeks)

Social Media Marketing- Concept and Importance.

Social Media Platforms- Online communities and Forums; Blogs and Microblogs, Social Networks, other contemporary social media platforms: Goals, Role in Marketing and Use as listening tools. Trends in SMM. Social Media Influencers.

#### Unit 2: Social media marketing Plan and Performance Measurement: (6 weeks)

SMM Plan- Setting Goals, Determining Strategies, Identifying Target Market, Selecting Tools, Selecting Platforms, Implementation: Measuring Effectiveness - Conversion rate, amplification rate, applause rate: on page and on post level.

#### Unit 3: Content Creation and Sharing using Case Campaigns: (5 weeks)

Blogging, Streaming Video and Podcasting: Criteria and approach-70/20/10 with risk variants, 50-50 content, Brand Mnemonic, Brand story. Contextualising content creation. Social Media Ethics.

#### **Practical Exercises:**

The learners are required to:

- 1. Discuss the importance of social media in marketing, advertising and public relations by analysing relevant case studies.
- 2. Examine the use of social media by your institution to improve alumni engagement.
- 3. Identify social media platforms for marketing a good, a service, an institution, an event and a person.
- 4. Promote any college event of your choice using social media. Measure the effectiveness of your campaign.
- 5. Create a blog/ vlog on any topic of your interest. Measure performance of your blog post.
- 6. Prepare a social media marketing plan for any product of your choice.
- 7. Prepare a calendar for scheduling various posts/campaigns via buffer or tweet deck. Find out the conversion rate, amplification rate, and the applause rate. Calculate the engagement rate and economic value/per visitor of the concerned campaigns.
- 8. Observe the engagement rate in twitter campaigns of your college and suggest improvements, if needed.
- 9. Assess the reviews/ratings, comments, likes, and dislikes of blog posts in the categories of health and nutrition, or yoga counselling, or family therapy.
- 10.Examine the twitter handles of Delhi Government or of Delhi University and find out how consistent they are in their reaction checks?
- 11.Design a social media plan for sensitising citizens for timely tax payments (Assuming that you are an honest tax-payer and feel that everyone should be like you).

# Suggested Readings

- Ahuja V(2015). Digital Marketing. Oxford University Press.
- Blanchard, O. (2011). Social Media ROI: Managing and Measuring Social Media Efforts in Your Organization. United Kingdom: Pearson Education.
- Charlesworth, A. (2014). An Introduction to Social Media Marketing. United Kingdom: Taylor & Francis.
- Gupta, S. (2020). Digital Marketing. India: McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited.

- Johnson, S. (2020). Social Media Marketing: Secret Strategies for Advertising Your Business and Personal Brand on Instagram, YouTube, Twitter, And Facebook. A Guide to being an Influencer of Millions. Italy: AndreaAstemio.
- Keller, K. L., Kotler, P. (2016). Marketing Management. India: Pearson Education.
- Maity M(2022). Digital Marketing.Oxford University Press.
- Mamoria C.B, Bhatacahrya A, Marketing Management. Kitab Mahal, Delhi
- Mathur, V. & Arora, S. Digital Marketing PHI Learning
- McDonald, J. (2016). Social Media Marketing Workbook: How to Use Social Media for Business. United States: CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform.
- Parker, J., Roberts, M. L., Zahay, D., Barker, D. I., Barker, M. (2022). Social Media Marketing: A Strategic Approach. United States: Cengage Learning.
- Quesenberry, K. A. (2015). Social Media Strategy: Marketing and Advertising in the Consumer Revolution. United States: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers.
- Rishi, B., Tuten, T.L., (2020) Social Media Marketing, 3ed., Sage Textbook

Setiawan, I., Kartajaya, H., Kotler, P. (2016). Marketing 4.0: Moving from Traditional to Digital. Germany: Wiley.

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course	Credits	Credit di	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite	
title &		Lecture Tutorial Practical/			criteria	of the course	
Code			Practice			(if any)	
Design	2	0		2	NIL	NIL	
Thinking							

# **Learning Objectives**

This interactive learning module intends to provide basic understanding of problem search, design process, design thinking and ability to convert an innovative product idea to a prototype.

# Learning Outcomes

- Understanding innovation process
- Product designing.
- How to do empathy research.
- Designing brief and proof of concept.
- Prototyping. Product testing and validation

# SYLLABUS:

Unit I: Design thinking and innovation in product or process designing. Identifying user needs.Human Centered Design.(4 lectures)

Unit II: Innovation Opportunities. Problem space exploration. Ideation. Empathy Research

(6 lectures)

Unit III: Novel product or process Opportunities. Solution space exploration. Design brief.Concept generation. User validation(6 lectures)

Unit IV: Converting ideas to product. Developing Prototypes. Iterative improvement. Proof of<br/>concept - Product testing and validation(8 lectures)

**Unit V:** Disruptive design innovations – case studies

(4 lectures)

# **Teaching Plan**

- Week 1: Design thinking and innovation in product or process designing
- Week 2: Identifying user needs. Human Centered Design
- Week 3: Innovation Opportunities.
- Week 4: Problem space exploration. Ideation.
- Week 5: Empathy Research
- Week 6: Novel product or process Opportunities.
- Week 7: Solution space exploration. Design brief.
- Week 8: Concept generation. User validation
- Week 9: Converting ideas to product.
- Week 10: Developing Prototypes.
- Week 11: Iterative improvement.
- Week 12: Proof of concept Product testing and validation
- Week 13 & 14: Disruptive design innovations case studies

# **References:**

- 1. *Creative Confidence: Unleashing the creative potential within us all* by Tom Kelley & David Kelley, Crown Business (New York, 2013)
- 2. The Design of everyday things by Don Norman, Basic Books (2013)

3. *Design Thinking: Understanding how designers think and work* by Nigel Cross, Bloomsbury Visual Arts (2019)

**Assessment:** The evaluation shall be done in continuous assessment mode based on assessing the quality of participation shown by the students and the skill developed. The rationale behind this scoring scheme is to assess students on their effort, enthusiasm and participation rather than merely the final outcome achieved. The suggestive assessment modes are identification of a problem/ product; generation of a concept and design analysis; prototyping an idea; etc.

# Aquaculture Entrepreneurship

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit d	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
&		Lecture Tutorial Practical/			criteria	the course
Code			Practice			(if any)
Aquaculture Entrepreneur ship		0	NIL	2	Class XII	NIL

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To give first-hand training on traditional and technology-based Aquaculture.
- To understand the importance of different types of ponds required for aquaculture.
- To understand the requirement of advanced technology for sustainable development of aquaculture in India.
- To gain experience in the management of optimum water quality in the fish production systems.
- To enhance the quality of aquacrops and increase the production.

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Identify the useful aquaculture systems for sustainable aquaculture development.
- Recognize the suitable and economically important aquacultural species.
- Understand the importance of aquaculture in nutrition security, poverty elevation and employment generation.

# Skill development and job opportunities

After completion of this course students may be

- Employed in various aquaculture related business including prawn and fish farms.
- Fully equipped to start own entrepreneurships in **fish farming**.

#### **SYLLABUS:**

#### Unit I: Pond-based Traditional Aquaculture

#### 20 Hours

Introduction to indigenous pond-based fish culture systems and identification of economically important cultivable finfishes and shellfishes. The impact of aquatic organisms in the production of aquacrops.

# **Practical Exercises:**

1. Designing (layout) and drawing of a self-sustainable Aquaculture farm showing different ponds.

2. Selection and identification of cultivable finfishes and shellfishes (prawns, mussels, crabs).

3. Collection and identification of various freshwater aquatic plants. Understanding of the role of different aquatic plants in aquaculture.

4. Identification of harmful aquatic insects and their remedial measures.

5. The study of diurnal fluctuations of major water quality parameters (*viz.*, temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, ammonia etc.) in a pond.

# Unit II: Recirculating Aquaculture System (RAS) 20 Hours

Application of advance technology like, Recirculating Aquaculture System (RAS) for the sustainable development of Aquaculture in India.

# **Practical Exercises:**

1. Designing of a land-based Recirculating Aquaculture System (RAS).

2. Evaluation of various types of filters like, mechanical, chemical and biological filters in the maintenance of water quality in the RAS.

3. The study of role of flow rate and duration of circulation in the maintenance of water quality in the RAS.

4. The monitoring of temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, ammonia, nitrite, nitrate, phosphate etc. at different hours of water circulation.

5. Culture of various fishes and prawns in the RAS.

6. Visit to a Recirculating Aquaculture System.

# Unit III: Aquaponics System

Application of Aquaponics System to grow multiple crops simultaneously and thereby, increases the production of aquacrops in per unit area in a sustainable manner. Thus, enhances the earning of Fish farmers.

# 20 Hours

# **Practical Exercises:**

1. Designing of an Aquaponics System.

2. Evaluation of role of various types of edible (lettuce, tomato, water spinach etc.) and ornamental plants in the maintenance of ammonia levels in the fish culture units.

4. Identification of microorganisms functioning in the Aquaponics System.

5. Culture of various fishes and prawns in the Aquaponics System.

6. The monitoring of temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, ammonia, nitrite, nitrate, phosphate etc. in the fish culture units.

7. Visit to an Aquaponics System.

# **Recommended Books:**

AOAC, Association of Official Analytical Chemists. 2019. Official Methods of Analysis. Washington, DC: Association of Official Analytical Chemists Inc.

APHA, American Public Health Association. 2017. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 23rd ed. Washington DC, USA: American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, Water Environment Federation.

Chakrabarti, R. and Sharma, J. G. 2008. Aquahouse. New Dimension of Sustainable Aquaculture. DIPAS, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

Holt, G. J. 2021. Larval Fish Nutrition. Willey-Blackwell, UK.

ICAR, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. 2013. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. Directorate of Knowledge Management in Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

Pillay, T. V. R. 2005. Aquaculture. Principles and Practices. Blackwell Publishing, New Delhi, India.

# Examination scheme and mode:

Total Marks: 100 Internal Assessment (Practical): 25 marks End Semester Practical Exam<sup>\*</sup> : 75 marks The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty. For End Semester Practical Exam External to be appointed by the parent Department.

# **Bio-floc Technology**

# CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title	Credits	Credit distri	bution of the	Eligibility	Pre-	
& Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice	criteria	requisite of the course (if any)
Bio-floc Technology	2	0	NIL	2	XII	NIL

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

• To learn about the basics of Bio-floc technology and it's important as a skill for selfsustainable and self-employment

• To learn production of fish in the larger scale with minimum use of water source and land to help in the total production of fish for human consumption in India.

• To learn about how to set-up the technology looking into the different conditions and availability of space and training.

• To teach fundamental concept of running this system with the biological knowledge of bacteria culture, water quality management

• To learn the types of fish species, types of feed and feeding, density of fish to be maintain in the particular volume of water etc.

# The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows:

• After studying this course, students will be able to gain insight into fish culture using minimum amount of water, land, fish feed and with high biosecurity.

• After studying this course, students will be able to learn and explain about the bio-floc technology and they can set up bio-floc tanks for themselves and for others in the form of industries and entrepreneurship as well as for stat-up with the help of existing Government funding and self funding.

• After studying this course, students will be able to understand and implement bio-floc system and this can be an alternative skill for earning, self-employment, job generation and contribute in large scale fish production which are hygienic, organic and good protein source for human health.

#### SYLLABUS:

#### Unit-I

#### 12 Hours

Introduction to basics of Bio-floc technology and its applications in aquaculture industry, Standard operating procedure, Microbial Role in Bio-floc System, Design Set-up and installation of Bio-floc system, Biosecurity, Advance over pond aquaculture, basic equipment's and necessary items.

#### **Practical Exercises:**

- 1. Inoculation of bacteria and its role in Bio-floc technology.
- 2. Plankton and microbial analysis of bio-floc.
- 3. Set-up and Installation of Bio-floc system.

#### Unit-II

#### 12 Hours

Optimum water quality parameters and its management. Floc water preparation and floc volume measurement. Monitoring and management of dissolved oxygen, pH, conductivity, temperature, salinity, ammonia, nitrate, nitrite, TDS. Measurement of floc volume and its control. Role of bacteria in management of water quality.

#### Practical Exercise:

- 1. Analysis of following water quality parameters in Bio-floc culture tanks using kits: temperature, pH, conductivity , salinity, TDS, ammonia, nitrate, nitrite.
- 2. Water preparation for Bio-floc system.
- 3. Measurement of floc volume using imhoff cone.

# Unit-III

# Suitable species selection, Pre-stocking and post stocking management, Food and feeding management, Production performance, Nursery rearing days, Survival (%), Average body

weight at harvest, feed conversion ratio.

# **Practical Exercise:**

- 1. Identification of suitable fish, feeding habits, stocking capacity, growth rate and duration of culture.
- 2. The study of Feed Conversion Ratio (FCR) and Feed Conversion Efficiency (FCE).

# Unit-IV

#### 12 Hours

C: N ratio management , Nutritional requirements and protein levels in the food.

# 12 Hours

Source of carbon, calculation of carbon and nitrogen ratio, suitable C:N ration management in the initial floc preparation and during culture days. Selection of species-specific food with optimum protein level, food size, quantity of feed according to per cent body weight, feeding rate.

# **Practical Exercise:**

- 1. Calculation of C: N ratio and its management from the TAN content in the floc water.
- 2. Mouth size and food size and growth study.

# Unit-V

# 12 Hours

Disease management and prophylactic treatment, Economics values of fish and its marketing strategies. Common disease in bio-floc, identification of disease its causes, species-specific disease, stress management and treatment. Steps for prevention and protections of possible disease, possible control measures with setup systems by controlling light, temperature etc. Sludge management. Economics values of fish and its marketing strategies. Production capacity and requirements, start-up and entrepreneurship opportunities, funding and grants for setting up from Government.

# **Practical Exercise:**

- **1.** Fungal, bacterial, parasitic and viral disease commonly found in bio-floc fish culture system.
- **2.** Identification and economically important fish species for culture in bio-floc system like prawn, other new economic species etc.
- **3.** Write a Project for start-up or entrepreneurship and governmental grants.
- **4.** Visit to hatcheries with super-intensive models.

# **Recommended Books:**

Avnimelech, Y. 2015. Bio-floc Technology- a Practical Guidebook. 3rd ed. World Aquaculture Society, USA.

# Examination scheme and mode:

Total Marks: 100 Internal Assessment (Practical): 25 marks End Semester Practical Exam\* : 75 marks

The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty. For End Semester Practical Exam External to be appointed by the parent Department.

# Fish Breeding and Larviculture

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit di	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
&		Lecture Tutorial Practical/			criteria	the course
Code			Practice			(if any)
Fish	2	0	NIL	2	Class XII	NIL
Breeding and						
Larviculture						

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

• To give first-hand training on various aspects of brood stock maintenance of carps and air breathing fishes.

- To understand the breeding techniques for carps and air breathing fishes.
- To understand the larviculture techniques for carps.
- To gain experience on the larviculture techniques of air breathing fishes.
- To gather knowledge in the management of optimum water quality for larviculture.
- To gather knowledge on the nutritional requirements of the cultivable species.
- To gain knowledge on the impact of live food in larviculture.

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Produce seeds of carps and air breathing fishes.
- Start the Fish hatchery business.
- Start fish-food production.
- Initiate entrepreneurship in fish seeds production.
- Skill development and job opportunities

After completion of this course students may be

- Employed in various aquaculture related business including prawn and fish farms.
- Fully equipped to start own entrepreneurships in fish farming.

# **SYLLABUS:**

# Unit I: Breeding of Economically Important Fishes

Breeding of various fishes in the captivity and production of quality fish seeds for aquaculture.

# Practical Exercises:

1. Management of brood stock units and breeding of carps.

2. Maintenance of brood stock units and breeding of air breathing fishes.

3. Estimation of major water quality parameters *viz.*, temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, conductivity etc. in the fish breeding units.

# Unit II: Culture of Important Live Food Organisms 15 Hours

Culture of various live food organisms using organic manures and feeding of different fish larvae produced.

# **Practical Exercises:**

1. Culture of live food organisms *viz.*, rotifers, cladocerans, copepods, chironomid larva etc. using organic manures (like cattle manure, poultry wastes and mustard oil-cake).

2. Evaluation of major water quality parameters *viz.*, temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, ammonia etc. in the live food culture units.

3. The enrichment of live food organisms (with vitamin C, DHA, EPA etc.) to enhance the nutritional value of the live food for fish larvae.

# Unit II: Larviculture

# 25 Hours

20 Hours

Culture of larvae of carps and air breathing fishes and production of healthy seeds for stocking ponds.

# **Practical Exercises:**

1. Culture of fish larvae in the static water/ Recirculating Aquaculture Systems (RAS).

2. Measurement of water quality parameters (*viz.*, temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, ammonia etc.) in the larvae culture unit regularly.

3. Feeding of fish larvae with live food thrice daily.

4. The study of morphological and physiological changes in the larvae during ontogenic development.

5. Visit to a fish farm.

# **Recommended Books:**

AOAC, Association of Official Analytical Chemists. 2017. Official Methods of Analysis. Washington, DC: Association of Official Analytical Chemists Inc.

APHA, American Public Health Association. 2017. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 23rd ed. Washington DC, USA: American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, Water Environment Federation.

Chakrabarti, R. and Sharma, J. G. 2008. Aquahouse. New Dimension of Sustainable Aquaculture. DIPAS, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

Holt, G. J. 2021. Larval Fish Nutrition. Willey-Blackwell, UK.

ICAR, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. 2013. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. Directorate of Knowledge Management in Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

Pillay, T. V. R. 2005. Aquaculture. Principles and Practices. Blackwell Publishing, New Delhi, India.

# Examination scheme and mode:

Total Marks: 100 Internal Assessment(Practical): 25 marks End Semester Practical Exam\* : 75 marks

The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty. For End Semester Practical Exam External to be appointed by the parent Department.

# **Formulation of Fish Feed**

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit di	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
&		Lecture Tutorial Practical/			criteria	the course
Code			Practice			(if any)
Formulation	2	0	NIL	2	Class XII	NIL
of Fish Feed						

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To give first-hand training on identification of various indigenous ingredients for formulation of fish feed.
- To gather knowledge on the nutritional requirements of the cultivable species.
- To gain knowledge on the impact of formulated feeds on fish growth.
- To enhance the quality of aquacrops and increase the production.

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Identify the useful ingredients for fish feed formulation.
- Learn to prepare fish feed using locally available ingredients.
- Start the Fish feed production industry.
- Initiate entrepreneurship on Fish feed production.

# Skill development and job opportunities

After completion of this course students may be

- Employed in various aquaculture related business including prawn and fish farms.
- Fully equipped to start own fish feed production industry.

#### **SYLLABUS:**

#### **Unit I: Selection of ingredients**

Identification of various types of non-conventional ingredients for fish feed formulation. Evaluation of their nutritional quality. Preparation of fish feed and feeding of the prepared feeds to the cultivable fishes and prawns. The study of impact of the prepared feeds on the performances of fishes and prawns.

#### **Practical Exercises:**

1. Identification of various types of locally available ingredients (*viz*. macrophytes, oil-cakes, plants etc.) for fish feed formulation.

2. Evaluation of the nutritional values (*viz*. protein, lipid, carbohydrates, ash, amino acids, fatty acids) of these ingredients.

3. Assay of presence of anti-nutritional factors (*viz*. tannin, saponin, phytic acid, oxalic acid etc.) in these ingredient

#### **Unit II: Formulation of Fish Feed**

Preparation of fish feed using traditional method and computerized soft ware. Evaluation of quality of prepared feed for the cultivable species.

#### **Practical Exercises:**

1. Formulation of fish feed using "Pearson Square" method.

2. Formulation of fish feed using computerized soft ware.

3. The assay of biochemical composition of formulated feed: protein, lipid, carbohydrate, ash, amino acids, fatty acids.

#### Unit III: Feeding of Fish

The feeding of the prepared feeds to the cultivable fishes and prawns. The study of impact of the prepared feeds on the performances of fishes and prawns. Evaluation of nutritional value of fishes for human consumption.

# **Practical Exercises:**

1. The feeding of the prepared feeds to the cultivable fishes and prawns.

**2**. Evaluation of impact of the prepared feeds on the survival, growth and production of fishes and prawns.

- 3. Assessment of Feed Conversion Ratio (FCR) and Feed Conversion Efficiency (FCE) of the feed.
- 4. Assay of nutritional value of the produced fishes/ prawns for human consumption.
- 5. Evaluation of impact of prepared feed on the water quality of the culture system.

#### 20 Hours

# 23

# 20 Hours

# 20 Hours

6. Visit to a Fish feed preparation facility/ industry.

# **Recommended Books:**

AOAC, Association of Official Analytical Chemists. 2017. Official Methods of Analysis. Washington, DC: Association of Official Analytical Chemists Inc.

APHA, American Public Health Association. 2017. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 23rd ed. Washington DC, USA: American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, Water Environment Federation.

Chakrabarti, R. and Sharma, J. G. 2008. Aquahouse. New Dimension of Sustainable Aquaculture. DIPAS, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

Holt, G. J. 2021. Larval Fish Nutrition. Willey-Blackwell, UK.

ICAR, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. 2013. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. Directorate of Knowledge Management in Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

# Examination scheme and mode:

Total Marks: 100 Internal Assessment (Practical): 25 marks End Semester Practical Exam\* : 75 marks

The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty. For End Semester Practical Exam External to be appointed by the parent Department.

# **Ornamental Fish Culture: Opportunity and Scope**

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit di	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
&		Lecture Tutorial Practical/		criteria	the course	
Code				Practice		(if any)
Ornamental	2	0	NIL	2	Class XII	NIL
Fish Culture:						
Opportunity						
and Scope						

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To give first-hand training on Aquarium preparation and decoration.
- To gain hands-on training on breeding and culture of various Ornamental fishes.
- To gain experience in the management of optimum water quality in the fish aquarium.
- To gather knowledge on the nutritional requirements of the cultivable species.

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Prepare and decorate ornamental fish aquarium.
- Identify the suitable and economically important Ornamental fish species.
- Initiate entrepreneurship on Aquarium making and Ornamental fish production.

# Skill development and job opportunities

After completion of this course students will be

- Fully equipped to start own entrepreneurship in aquarium making and its decoration.
- Aware about the requirements to start their own **Ornamental fish industry**.

#### **SYLLABUS:**

# Unit I: Preparation of Aquarium and Its Decoration 20 Hours

Preparation of glass aquaria of various shapes and their decoration using locally available materials. The impact of aquatic plants in the maintenance of healthy environment in the aquarium.

#### **Practical Exercises:**

- 1. Construction of glass aquaria of various shapes (rectangular, square, round etc.).
- 2. Identification and culture of useful aquatic plants for the decoration of fish aquarium.
- 3. Decoration of aquarium with plants and locally available materials.

# Unit II: Breeding of Ornamental Fishes and Culture of Plants 20 Hours

Identification of economically important cultivable Ornamental plants and fishes for culture.

#### **Practical Exercises:**

1. Identification of economically important Ornamental fishes and their breeding.

2. Culture of young larvae and feeding them live food.

3. Regular monitoring of water quality parameters viz. temperature, pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, ammonia etc. in the fish aquarium.

4. Culture of zooplankton (rotifers, cladocerans, copepods etc.) using organic manures for the feeding of fish larvae.

5. Production of plants for the decoration of aquarium.

# **Unit III: Production of Marketable Ornamental Fishes**

# Culture of compatible fishes together and feeding them with live food and prepared diets. Keep them ready for local market.

# **Practical Exercises:**

- 1. Maintenance of aquarium.
- 2. Feeding of ornamental fishes with various natural foods and prepared diets.
- 3. Evaluation of their growth rate and colour development.

4. Development of marketing strategy for the produced ornamental fishes in well decorated aquaria.

# 20 Hours

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5. Visit to any Aquarium Facility.

# **Recommended Books:**

AOAC, Association of Official Analytical Chemists. 2019. Official Methods of Analysis. Washington, DC: Association of Official Analytical Chemists Inc.

APHA, American Public Health Association. 2017. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 23rd ed. Washington DC, USA: American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, Water Environment Federation.

Chakrabarti, R. and Sharma, J. G. 2008. Aquahouse. New Dimension of Sustainable Aquaculture. DIPAS, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

Holt, G. J. 2021. Larval Fish Nutrition. Willey-Blackwell, UK.

ICAR, Indian Council of Agricultural Research. 2013. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture. Directorate of Knowledge Management in Agriculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

Pillay, T. V. R. 2005. Aquaculture. Principles and Practices. Blackwell Publishing, New Delhi, India.

Swain, S. K., Sarangi, N. and Ayyapan, S. 2010. Ornamental Fish Farming. DIPAS, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, India.

# Examination scheme and mode:

Total Marks: 100 Internal Assessment (Practical): 25 marks End Semester Practical Exam\* : 75 marks

The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty. For End Semester Practical Exam External to be appointed by the parent Department.

# **Pearl Culture**

# CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title	Credits	Credit distri	bution of the	course	Eligibility	Pre-
& Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice	criteria	requisite of the course (if any)
Pearl Culture	2	0	NIL	2	XII	NIL

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To learn the basics of Pearl culture and it's important as a skill for self-sustainable and selfemployment.
- To impart a comprehensive knowledge regarding morphology, anatomy, physiology, food and feeding behaviour, related diseases and its control measures of the mother Pearl Oyster.
- To gather a comprehensive knowledge of various types of implantations in Oyster and also the technique of insertion of beads for the formation of Pearl.
- To gather experience of post-operative care.
- To learn the techniques of harvesting, processing, sorting and marketing of the Pearl produced.

# The Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Gain overall idea about Pearl oyster its biology, morphology especially the histology of mantle, pearl formation etc.
- Recognize the suitable species of oyster for pearl culture in India.
- Set up a pearl culture system in pond/ tanks.
- Start entrepreneurship on Pearl culture.
- Start-up with the help of existing Government funding.

#### Skill development and job opportunities

After completion of this course students may be

- Employed in various pearl farming related businesses.
- Fully equipped to start own entrepreneurship in pearl farming.
- Completely aware about the requirements to start their own **Pear processing industry**.

# SYLLABUS:

#### Unit-I

Introduction to pearl culture. Morphology and anatomy of pearl culture. Structure and histology of mantle. Origin of pearls, mussels producing pearls. Identification of species capable of producing pearl.

# **Practical Exercises:**

- 1. Set-up and Installation of culture system (sac culture, raft culture) for sustainable production.
- 2. Identification of suitable species capable to produce pearl.
- 3. The study of morphology and growth rate of the pearl oyster.
- 4. Measurement of major water quality parameters.
- 5. Feeding of the pearly oyster.

#### Unit-II

Implantation of foreign particles for pearl formation and post operation care.

# **Practical Exercise:**

- 1. Preparation of the graft tissue for insertion.
- 2. Pearl oyster surgery and insertion technique of bead.
- 3. Post-operational care.
- 4. Culture of the pearl oyster using natural food .
- 5. Regular monitoring of the water quality parameters.

# Unit-III

Harvesting of Pearl and its processing. Sorting of Pearl. Marketing and economics concerned.

# **Practical Exercises:**

- 1. Bleaching and collection of pearls.
- 2. Cleaning of pearls.
- 3. Sorting of pearls.
- 4. Marketing of pearl.
- 5. Visit to a pear production site.

#### **Recommended Books:**

Srivastava, C.B.L. 2014. Fishery Science and Indian Fisheries.

Far, A. E. 1986. Pearls. Butterworth Heinemann publications.

Beveridge, M.C.M. 1987. Cage aquaculture. Fishing News.

Bardach, J.E.W . 1972. Aquaculture farming and husbandry of freshwater and Sorting of Pearl. Marketing and economics concerned with Pearl Culture. Generation marine organisms

Dobilet, D. 199. Pearl Farming. Australia: Nat Geographic Mag publication.

20 Hours

20 Hours

#### 20 Hours

# Examination scheme and mode:

Total Marks: 100 Internal Assessment (Practical): 25 marks End Semester Practical Exam\* : 75 marks

The Internal Assessment for the course may include Class participation, Assignments, Class tests, Projects, Field Work, Presentations, amongst others as decided by the faculty. For End Semester Practical Exam External to be appointed by the parent Department.

# Sericulture I: Mulberry Silkworm Rearing

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit di	istribution	of the course	0 /	Pre-requisite of
&		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/	criteria	the course
Code				Practice		(if any)
Sericulture	2	0	0	2	Class XII	NIL
I:						
Mulberry						
Silkworm						
Rearing						

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- 1. To make the students aware about the significance of sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 2. To help the students to understand the biology of silkworms and its nutritional requirement to secrete quality silk.
- 3. To give an understanding about the techniques of silkworm rearing, reeling of silk and various measures to be taken to maximize the benefits.
- 4. To help the students to know about various uses of silk and develop entrepreneurial skills required for self-employment in sericulture and silk production sector.

# Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, students should be able to:

- 1. Learn about the history of sericulture and silk route.
- 2. Recognize various species of silk moths in India, and exotic and indigenous races.
- 3. Be aware about the opportunities and employment in sericulture industry- in public, private and government sector.
- 4. Gain thorough knowledge about the techniques involved in silkworm rearing and silk reeling.
- 5. Develop entrepreneurial skills necessary for self-employment in mulberry and seed production and be apprised about practicing sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 6. Enhance collaborative learning and communication skills through practical sessions, team work, group discussions, assignments and projects.

# **Skill Development and Job Opportunities**

1. Sericulture is multi-disciplinary activity consists of mulberry leaf production, silkworm rearing (cocoon production), silkworm egg production, silk reeling (yarn production), twisting, Warp and weft making, printing and dyeing, weaving, finishing, garment designing, marketing etc.

- 2. The demand for silk is bound to increase in the coming years This course will therefore help in generating employment, economic development and improvement in the quality of life of unemployed youth.
- 3. This course will generate entrepreneurs in this field. Sericulture offers gainful employment not only the rural masses but also for the educated youth in semi-urban and urban areas.
- 4. Effective utilization of waste generated in the industry will help in making the sericulture sector more viable, stable and create more employment opportunities.
- 5. Sericulturists fall under the category of primary activities. They usually find employment in sectors like government and research development centres.

# SYLLABUS :

Introduction to sericulture. Life cycle of silkworm and its characteristic features, Rearing of mulberry silk worm (15 Weeks)

# Practical

- 1. Study of models of rearing houses, appliances used in silkworm rearing
- 2. Preparation and application of disinfectants in rearing house and appliances
- 3. Technique for hot and cold acid treatment of silkworm eggs, its advantages and disadvantages
- 4. Rearing Techniques: Harvesting and preservation technique; leaf selecting for different instants; mulberry leaf estimation; Identification of moulting larva, care during moulting, mounting and mounting density, types of mountages; Harvesting of cocoons, assessment of cocoons.
- 5. Selection of moth, pairing and despairing, preparation of eggs (loose and sheet, surface sterilization of eggs
- 6. Visit to seed cocoon markets, commercial grainage and cold storage centre to know activities of cocoon markets, preparation of laying and cold storage of eggs.
- 7. Mulberry Crop Cultivation: Preparation of nursery beds, Different propagation methods grafting and layering, Planting System and Intercultural Operations: pit and row system, mulching, irrigation.
- 8. Visit to Sericulture research institute

# **Essential Readings**

• Manual on Sericulture (1976); Food and Agriculture Organisation, Rome Ullal, S.R. and Narasimhanna M.N. (1987) Handbook of Practical Sericulture; 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CSB, Bangalore

# **Suggested Readings**

- Yonemura, M. and Rama Rao, N. (1951) A Handbook of Sericulture. I. Rearing of silkworms. Government Branch Press, Mysore.
- Ananthanarayanan, S. K. (2008) Silkworm Rearing. Daya Publishing House Aruga, H. (1994). Principles of Sericulture. CRC Press

• Sathe, T. V. and Jadhav, A. (2002) Sericulture and Pest Management. Daya Publishing House Yup-Lian, L. (1991) Silkworm Diseases. Food and Agricultural Organization.

The internal assessment for the course may include class participation, assignments, class tests, projects, field work and presentation amongst others as decided by the faculty. For end semester exam, external to be appointed by the parent department.

# Sericulture II: Eri Silkworm Rearing

# CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title	Credits	Credit d	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
&		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/	criteria	the course
Code				Practice		(if any)
Sericulture	2	0	0	2	Class XII	NIL
II: Eri						
Silkworm						
Rearing						

# Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- 1. To make the students aware about the significance of sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 2. To help the students to understand the biology of silkworms and its nutritional requirement to secrete quality silk.
- 3. To give an understanding about the techniques of silkworm rearing, reeling of silk and various measures to be taken to maximize the benefits.
- 4. To help the students to know about various uses of silk and develop entrepreneurial skills required for self-employment in sericulture and silk production sector.

# **Learning Outcomes**

Upon completion of the course, students should be able to:

- 1. Learn about the history of sericulture and silk route.
- 2. Recognize various species of silk moths in India, and exotic and indigenous races.
- 3. Be aware about the opportunities and employment in sericulture industry- in public, private and government sector.
- 4. Gain thorough knowledge about the techniques involved in silkworm rearing and silk reeling.
- 5. Develop entrepreneurial skills necessary for self-employment in mulberry and seed production and be apprised about practicing sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 6. Enhance collaborative learning and communication skills through practical sessions, team work, group discussions, assignments and projects.

# **Skill Development and Job Opportunities**

Sericulture mainly focuses on silkworms rearing with the main aim of silk production. There are several applications of this:

- 1. The demand for silk is bound to increase in the coming years This course will therefore help in generating employment, economic development and improvement in the quality of life of unemployed youth. This course will generate entrepreneurs in this field.
- 2. . Sericulture by-products have remarkable application in the preparation of compost. Sericulture waste upon enrichment can be converted to high value manures.
- 3. Silk consists of two types of proteins, silk fibroin and sericin.
  - a. Sericin contributes about 20-30 per cent of total cocoon weight. It is characterized by its high content of serine and 18 amino acids, including essential amino acids. Sericin has wide applications in pharmaceuticals and cosmetics such as, wound healing, bioadhesive moisturizing, antiwrinkle and antiaging properties.
  - b. Silk fibroin, has a variety of applications in pharmaceutical, food, and fodder industries. Silk fibroin is used for bone formation, silk thread in surgery, and drug delivery system. Silk fibroin has unique properties including good adherence with flexibility to wound bed, absorption of exudates, biocompatibility, biodegradability, minimal inflammatory reaction and in skin grafting due to its outstanding mechanical properties.
  - 4. Mulberry, the sole food plant of silkworm has also the potential to be used in pharmaceutical and food industry.

# Syllabus :

Introduction to non-mulberry sericulture (Eri, Tassar, Muga). Morphology of Eri silkworm, Propagation of host plant. (15 weeks)

# Practical

- 1. Propagation of castor food plant
- 2. Study of models of rearing houses, appliances used in Eri silkworm rearing
- 3. Preparation and application of disinfectants in rearing house and appliances
- 4. Rearing techniques of Eri silkworm, Eri mother moth examination, mounting method and storage of cocoons.
- 5. Incubation of eri eggs and its egg hatching ratio

# **Essential Readings**

• Manual on Sericulture (1976); Food and Agriculture Organisation, Rome Ullal, S.R. and Narasimhanna M.N. (1987) Handbook of Practical Sericulture; 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CSB, Bangalore

# **Suggested Readings**

- Yonemura, M. and Rama Rao, N. (1951) A Handbook of Sericulture. I. Rearing of silkworms. Government Branch Press, Mysore.
- Ananthanarayanan, S. K. (2008) Silkworm Rearing. Daya Publishing House Aruga, H. (1994). Principles of Sericulture. CRC Press
- Sathe, T. V. and Jadhav, A. (2002) Sericulture and Pest Management. Daya Publishing House Yup-Lian, L. (1991) Silkworm Diseases. Food and Agricultural Organization.
- Hisao Aruga, Principles of Sericulture, Oxford & IBH Publications
- Eikichi Hiratsuka, Silkworm Breeding, Oxford & IBH Publications
- P.K. Pandey, S.K. Sharan, Silk Culture, APH Publishing Corp.
- Dr. P.K. Rajan, Silkworm Rearing Technology, Central Silk Board
- R.K. Goel, Laboratory Techniques in Sericulture, APH Publishing Corp.

The internal assessment for the course may include class participation, assignments, class tests, projects, field work and presentation amongst others as decided by the faculty. For end semester exam, external to be appointed by the parent department.

# Sericulture III: Silk Technology

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title	Credits	Credit d	istribution	of the course	Eligibility	Pre-requisite of
&		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/	criteria	the course
Code				Practice		(if any)
Sericulture	2	0	0	2	Class XII	NIL
III: Silk						
Technology						

# **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- 1. To make the students aware about the significance of sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 2. To help the students to understand the biology of silkworms and its nutritional requirement to secrete quality silk.
- 3. To give an understanding about the techniques of silkworm rearing, reeling of silk and various measures to be taken to maximize the benefits.
- 4. To help the students to know about various uses of silk and develop entrepreneurial skills required for self-employment in sericulture and silk production sector.

# **Learning Outcomes**

Upon completion of the course, students should be able to:

- 1. Learn about the history of sericulture and silk route.
- 2. Recognize various species of silk moths in India, and exotic and indigenous races.
- 3. Be aware about the opportunities and employment in sericulture industry- in public, private and government sector.
- 4. Gain thorough knowledge about the techniques involved in silkworm rearing and silk reeling.
- 5. Develop entrepreneurial skills necessary for self-employment in mulberry and seed production and be apprised about practicing sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 6. Enhance collaborative learning and communication skills through practical sessions, team work, group discussions, assignments and projects.

# **Skill Development and Job Opportunities**

Sericulture mainly focuses on silkworms rearing with the main aim of silk production. There are several applications of this:

- 1. The demand for silk is bound to increase in the coming years This course will therefore help in generating employment, economic development and improvement in the quality of life of unemployed youth. This course will generate entrepreneurs in this field.
- 2. . Sericulture by-products have remarkable application in the preparation of compost. Sericulture waste upon enrichment can be converted to high value manures.
- 3. Silk consists of two types of proteins, silk fibroin and sericin.
  - a. Sericin contributes about 20-30 per cent of total cocoon weight. It is characterized by its high content of serine and 18 amino acids, including essential amino acids. Sericin has wide applications in pharmaceuticals and cosmetics such as, wound healing, bioadhesive moisturizing, antiwrinkle and antiaging properties.
  - b. Silk fibroin, has a variety of applications in pharmaceutical, food, and fodder industries. Silk fibroin is used for bone formation, silk thread in surgery, and drug delivery system. Silk fibroin has unique properties including good adherence with flexibility to wound bed, absorption of exudates, biocompatibility, biodegradability, minimal inflammatory reaction and in skin grafting due to its outstanding mechanical properties.
  - 4. Mulberry, the sole food plant of silkworm has also the potential to be used in pharmaceutical and food industry.

# Syllabus :

Introduction to Silk Technology

(15 Weeks)

# Practical

Introduction to different textile fibres.

Cocoon stifling- different methods and determination of degree of drying.

Determination of commercial characters of cocoon: average cocoon weight, shell weight, shell percentage, average filament length, reelibility, raw silk recovery percentage, renditta and denier.

Identification of silk, cotton, wool and synthetic fibres by various tests.

Raw silk testing and grading by mechanical tests like winding test, seriplane test and cohesion test.

Study of silk manufacturing unit.

# **Essential Readings**

• Manual on Sericulture (1976); Food and Agriculture Organisation, Rome Ullal, S.R. and Narasimhanna M.N. (1987) Handbook of Practical Sericulture; 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CSB, Bangalore

# **Suggested Readings**

- Yonemura, M. and Rama Rao, N. (1951) A Handbook of Sericulture. I. Rearing of silkworms. Government Branch Press, Mysore.
- Ananthanarayanan, S. K. (2008) Silkworm Rearing. Daya Publishing House Aruga, H. (1994). Principles of Sericulture. CRC Press
- Sathe, T. V. and Jadhav, A. (2002) Sericulture and Pest Management. Daya Publishing House Yup-Lian, L. (1991) Silkworm Diseases. Food and Agricultural Organization.
- Hisao Aruga, Principles of Sericulture, Oxford & IBH Publications
- Eikichi Hiratsuka, Silkworm Breeding, Oxford & IBH Publications
- P.K. Pandey, S.K. Sharan, Silk Culture, APH Publishing Corp.
- Dr. P.K. Rajan, Silkworm Rearing Technology, Central Silk Board
- R.K. Goel, Laboratory Techniques in Sericulture, APH Publishing Corp.

The internal assessment for the course may include class participation, assignments, class tests, projects, field work and presentation amongst others as decided by the faculty. For end semester exam, external to be appointed by the parent department.

# **Sericulture IV:** Application of Sericulture in Therapeutic and Cosmetic Industry

# **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title &	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility	Pre-requisite
Code		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/	criteria	of the course
				Practice		(if any)
Sericulture IV:	2	0	0	2	Class XII	NIL
Application of						
Sericulture in						
Therapeutic and						
Cosmetic						
Industry						

# Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- 1. To make the students aware about the significance of sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 2. To help the students to understand the biology of silkworms and its nutritional requirement to secrete quality silk.
- 3. To give an understanding about the techniques of silkworm rearing, reeling of silk and various measures to be taken to maximize the benefits.
- 4. To help the students to know about various uses of silk and develop entrepreneurial skills required for self-employment in sericulture and silk production sector.

# Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, students should be able to:

- 1. Learn about the history of sericulture and silk route.
- 2. Recognize various species of silk moths in India, and exotic and indigenous races.
- 3. Be aware about the opportunities and employment in sericulture industry- in public, private and government sector.
- 4. Gain thorough knowledge about the techniques involved in silkworm rearing and silk reeling.
- 5. Develop entrepreneurial skills necessary for self-employment in mulberry and seed production and be apprised about practicing sericulture as a profit-making enterprise.
- 6. Enhance collaborative learning and communication skills through practical sessions, team work, group discussions, assignments and projects.

# Skill Development and Job Opportunities

- 1. Sericulture is multi-disciplinary activity consists of mulberry leaf production, silkworm rearing (cocoon production), silkworm egg production, silk reeling (yarn production), twisting, Warp and weft making, printing and dyeing, weaving, finishing, garment designing, marketing etc.
- 2. The demand for silk is bound to increase in the coming years This course will therefore help in generating employment, economic development and improvement in the quality of life of unemployed youth.
- 3. This course will generate entrepreneurs in this field. Sericulture offers gainful employment not only the rural masses but also for the educated youth in semi-urban and urban areas.
- 4. Effective utilization of waste generated in the industry will help in making the sericulture sector more viable, stable and create more employment opportunities.
- 5. Sericulturists fall under the category of primary activities. They usually find employment in sectors like government and research development centres.

# Syllabus :

Sericulture as a tool for rural development. Uses of different by-products of sericulture in pharmaceuticals and Cosmetics (15 Weeks)

# Practical

- 1. Identify and collection of different waste materials of mulberry, silkworm rearing and silk reeling
- 2. Prepare different useful products of mulberry leaf waste and sticks.
- 3. Silkworm sericin in- medical textiles, regenerative drugs, and tissue engineering, cosmeceuticals, food additives, and manufacturing of valuable biomaterials.
- 4. Silkworm pupa in the field of therapeutics, cosmetics, animal feed, fertilizer, etc.
- 5. Sericulture wastes in sustainable applications for biofuels generation.
- 6. Entrepreneurial ideas to convert waste material of sericulture into raw material for other industries.
- 7. IT/ non IT based projects of sericulture.

# **Essential Readings**

 Manual on Sericulture (1976); Food and Agriculture Organisation, Rome Ullal, S.R. and Narasimhanna M.N. (1987) Handbook of Practical Sericulture; 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CSB, Bangalore

# **Suggested Readings**

- Yonemura, M. and Rama Rao, N. (1951) A Handbook of Sericulture. I. Rearing of silkworms. Government Branch Press, Mysore.
- Ananthanarayanan, S. K. (2008) Silkworm Rearing. Daya Publishing House Aruga, H. (1994). Principles of Sericulture. CRC Press
- Sathe, T. V. and Jadhav, A. (2002) Sericulture and Pest Management. Daya Publishing House Yup-Lian, L. (1991) Silkworm Diseases. Food and Agricultural Organization.

The internal assessment for the course may include class participation, assignments, class tests, projects, field work and presentation amongst others as decided by the faculty. For end semester exam, external to be appointed by the parent department.