Appendix-XXX Resolution No. 15 (15-6)

First Professional

THEORY PAPER- ANATOMY

PAPER-I

100 marks

Topics: General Histology, General Anatomy, General embryology, Neuroanatomy, Head and Neck and Upper limb and related histology and embryology

PAPER-II

100 marks

Topics: Elementary Genetics, Thorax, Abdomen, Pelvis and Perineum, Lower Limb and related Histology and Embryology

THEORY QUESTION PAPER FORMAT

(Applicable for Paper – I and Paper -II)

Time allotted: 3 hours (15 min for MCQ and 2hours 45 min. for part I, part II and part III

Total marks=100

MCQs (10 MCQs)

10x2=20 marks

Part I

1) Enumerate

5x2=10 marks

i) ii) iii) iv) v)	
2) Draw labeled diagrams of the following	4x5=20 marks
i) ii) iii) iv)	
Of these diagrams, 2 diagrams will be of Histology and 2 diagrams	of gross anatomy
Part II	
3) Structured long question	10 marks
4) Write briefly on	3X5=15 marks
i) iii) iii)	
Part III 5) Write briefly on	
i). ii)	2x5=10 marks
6) Write anatomical/embryological basis of	3X5=15 marks
i) ii) iii) One out of the three questions to be from Embryology (Q. 6)	

UG Curriculum

1. Vision/Goal

The broad goal of the anatomy curriculum is to provide a comprehensive scientific knowledge of the gross and microscopic structure and development of the human body in order to understand the anatomical basis of disease presentations and patient management.

2. Learning objective (overall)

A. Knowledge:

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- a) Explain the gross structure, normal disposition and integrated functions of organ systems in order to understand the anatomical basis of common disease presentations and clinical procedures.
- b) Describe the microscopic structure of various organs and correlate their structure with functions, in order to understand their altered state in various disease processes.
- c) Describe the basic principles behind the sequential development of organ systems as prerequisite to explaining the developmental basis of common variations and congenital anomalies.
- d) Describe the normal structure and functions of chromosomes and genes so as to understand the genetic basis of common genetic abnormalities.

B. Skills:

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- a) Demonstrate the surface marking of clinically important structures in the cadaver and correlate it with living anatomy.
- b) Locate and identify tissues and cells under the light microscope.
- c) Identify important structures visualized by imaging techniques, specifically radiographs, computerized tomography (CT) scans, MRI and ultrasonography.
- d) Demonstrate various movements at the important joints in the human body.
- e) Accurately palpate the pulsations of arteries at the most appropriate sites.

C. Attitude and communication skills:

During the course the student should be able to:

- a) Show due respect in handling pro-sections and cadavers during dissection.
- b) Communicate effectively with peers and teachers in small group teaching and learning activities.
- c) Demonstrate the ability to work effectively with peers in a team.
- d) Demonstrate professional attributes of punctuality, accountability and respect for teachers and peers.

- e) Appreciate the issues of ethical values and social responsibilities while undergoing early clinical exposure. (ECE).
- **3.** Competencies: Overall competencies to be given first (Detailed competencies with specific learning objectives to be given in Annexure I)
 - (a) Cognition
- (b) Psychomotor skill
 - (c) Communication affective attitude

Detailed competencies have been given in the course (point no. 4). All the competencies involve Cognition, Psychomotor skill and Communication affective attitude.

4. Course (Topics, theory practical, laboratory clinical)

General Anatomy

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Anatomical terminology	AN1.1 Demonstrate normal anatomical position, various planes, relation, comparison, laterality & movement in our body	Theory / Practical
2.	General features of Bones & Joints	AN 1.2 Describe composition of bone and bone marrow AN 2.1 Describe parts, blood and nerve supply of a long bone AN 2.2 Enumerate laws of ossification AN 2.3 Enumerate special features of a sesamoid bone AN 2.4 Describe various types of cartilage with its structure & distribution in body AN2.5 Describe various joints with subtypes and examples AN2.6 Explain the concept of nerve supply of joints & Hilton's law	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical
3.	General features of Muscle	AN3.1 Classify muscle tissue according to structure & action AN3.2 Enumerate parts of skeletal muscle and differentiate between tendon & aponeurosis with example AN3.3 Explain Shunt and spurt muscles	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical
4.	General features of	AN4.1	Theory / Practical/

in and fascia	Describe different types of skin &	Laboratory / Clinical
	AN4.2	
	Describe structure & function of skin with its appendages	
	- Barrier - 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1	
	distribution in body	
	AN 4.4 Describe modifications of deep	
	Explain principles of skin incisions	No. of the second
	in and fascia	dermatomes in body AN4.2 Describe structure & function of skin with its appendages AN4.3 Describe superficial fascia along with fat distribution in body AN 4.4 Describe modifications of deep fascia with its functions AN4.5

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5.	General features of the cardiovascular system	AN5.1 Differentiate between blood vascular and lymphatic system AN5.2 Differentiate between pulmonary and systemic circulation AN5.3 List general differences between arteries & veins AN5.4 Explain functional difference between elastic, muscular arteries and arterioles AN5.5 Describe portal system giving examples AN5.6 Describe the concept of anastomoses and collateral circulation with significance of end-arteries AN5.7 Explain function of meta-arterioles, precapillary sphincters, arterio-venous anastomoses	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical
		AN5.8 Define thrombosis, infarction and aneurysm	
6.	General Features of lymphatic system	AN6.1 List the components and functions of the lymphatic system AN6.2 Describe structure of lymph capillaries & mechanism of lymph circulation AN6.3 Explain the concept of lymphoedema and spread of tumors via lymphatics and venous system	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical
7.	Introduction to the nervous system	AN7.1 Describe general plan of nervous system with components of central peripheral & autonomic nervous systems AN7.2 List components of nervous tissue and their functions AN7.3 Describe parts of a neuron and classify them based on number of neurites, size & function AN 7.4 Describe structure of a typical spinal	Theory / Practical/ Laboratory / Clinical

	nerve	the minute of the same
	AN7.5 Describe principles of sensory and motor innervation of muscles	
	AN7.6 Describe concept of loss of	
	innervation of a muscle with its applied anatomy	
	AN7.7 Describe various type of synapse	
	AN7.8 Describe differences between sympathetic and spinal ganglia	

General Histology

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Epithelium histology	AN65.1 Identify epithelium under the microscope & describe the various types that correlate to its function AN65.2 Describe the ultrastructure of epithelium	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Glands	AN 70.1 Identify exocrine gland under the microscope & distinguish between serous, mucous and mixed acini	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3.	Connective tissue	AN66.1 Describe & identify various types of connective tissue with functional Correlation AN66.2 Describe the ultrastructure of connective tissue	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4.	Cartilage	AN71.2 Identify cartilage under the microscope & describe various types and structure-function correlation of the same	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5.	Bone	AN71.1 Identify bone under the microscope; classify various types and describe the structure-function correlation of the same	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6.	Muscle	AN 67.1 Describe & identify various types of muscle under the microscope AN 67.2 Classify muscle and describe the structure-function correlation of the 5ame AN 67.3 Describe the ultrastructure of muscular tissue	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7.	Cardiovascular system	AN 69.1 Identify elastic & muscular blood vessels, capillaries under the Microscope AN 69.2 Describe the various types and structure-function correlation of blood Vessel AN 69.3 Describe the ultrastructure of blood vessels	Théory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
8.	Lymphoid tissue	AN 70.2 Identify the lymphoid tissue under the microscope & describe microanatomy of lymph node, spleen, thymus, tonsil and correlate the structure with function	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
9.	Nervous tissue	AN68.1 Describe & Identify multipolar & unipolar neuron, ganglia, peripheral nerve AN68.2 Describe the structure-function correlation of neuron AN68.3 Describe the ultrastructure of nervous tissue	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
10.	Integumentary System	AN 72.1 Identify the skin and its appendages under the microscope and correlate the structure with function	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

General Embryology & Ethics

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Introduction to embryology	AN76.1 Describe the stages of human life AN76.2 Explain the terms- phylogeny, ontogeny, trimester, viability	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Gametogenesis and fertilization	AN77.1 Describe the uterine changes occurring during the menstrual cycle AN77.2 Describe the synchrony between the ovarian and menstrual cycles AN77.3 Describe spermatogenesis and oogenesis along with diagrams AN77.4 Describe the stages and consequences of fertilisation AN77.5 Enumerate and describe the anatomical principles underlying Contraception AN77.6 Describe teratogenic influences; fertility and sterility, surrogate motherhood, social significance of "sex-ratio".	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3.	Second week of development	AN78.1 Describe cleavage and formation of blastocyst AN78.2 Describe the development of trophoblast AN78.3 Describe the process of implantation & common abnormal sites of implantation AN78.4 Describe the formation of extra-embryonic mesoderm and coelom, bilaminar disc and prochordal plate AN78.5 Describe in brief abortion; decidual reaction, pregnancy test	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4.	3rd to 8th week of development	AN79.1 Describe the formation & fate of the primitive streak AN79.2 Describe formation & fate of notochord AN79.3 Describe the process of	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

		neurulation AN79.4 Describe the development of somites and intra-embryonic coelom AN79.5 Explain embryological basis of congenital malformations, nucleus pulposus, sacrococcygeal teratomas, neural tube defects AN79.6 Describe the diagnosis of pregnancy in first trimester and role of teratogens, alpha-fetoprotein	
5.	Fetal membranes	AN80.1 Describe formation, functions & fate of-chorion: amnion; yolk sac; allantois & decidua AN80.2 Describe formation & structure of umbilical cord AN80.3 Describe formation of placenta, its physiological functions, foetomaternal circulation & placental barrier AN80.4 Describe embryological basis of twinning in monozygotic & dizygotic twins AN80.5 Describe role of placental hormones in uterine growth & parturition AN80.6 Explain embryological basis of estimation of fetal age. AN80.7 Describe various types of umbilical cord attachments	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6.	Prenatal Diagnosis	AN81.1 Describe various methods of prenatal diagnosis AN81.2 Describe indications, process and disadvantages of amniocentesis AN81.3 Describe indications, process and disadvantages of chorion villus biopsy	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7.	Ethics in laboratory	AN 82.1 Demonstrate respect and follow the correct procedure when handling cadavers and other biologic tissue	

Genetics

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Chromosomes	AN73.1 Describe the structure of chromosomes with classification AN73.2 Describe technique of karyotyping with its applications AN73.3 Describe the Lyon's hypothesis	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Patterns of Inheritance	AN74.1 Describe the various modes of inheritance with examples	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/

	AN74.2 Draw pedigree charts for the various types of inheritance & give examples of diseases of each mode of inheritance AN74.3 Describe multifactorial inheritance with examples AN74.4 Describe the genetic basis & clinical features of Achondroplasia, Cystic Fibrosis, Vitamin D resistant rickets, Haemophilia, Duchene's muscular dystrophy & Sickle cell anaemia	Clinical
3. Principle of Genetics, Chromosomal Aberrations & Clinical Genet	chimeras with example	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

Systemic Anatomy, Histology & Embryology

Upper Limb

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Individual bone	AN8.1 Identify the given bone, its side, important features & keep it in anatomical Position AN 8. 2. Identify & describe joints formed by the given bone AN8.3 Enumerate peculiarities of clavicle AN8.4 Demonstrate important muscle attachment on the given bone AN8.5 Identify and name various bones in articulated hand, Specify the parts of metacarpals and phalanges and enumerate the peculiarities of pisiform AN8.6 Describe scaphoid fracture and explain the anatomical basis of avascular necrosis	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

2.	Pectoral region	AN9.1 Describe attachment, nerve supply & act of pectoralis major & Pectoralis minor AN9.2 Breast: Describe the location, extent, derelations, structure, age changes, blood supply, lymphatic drainage, microanatomy and applied AN9.3 Describe development of breast	Practical/Laboratory/ ep Clinical
S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3	Axilla, Shoulder and Scapular region	AN10.1 Identify. & describe boundaries and contents of axilla AN 10.2 Identify, describe, and demonstrate the origin, extent, course, and parts relations branches of axillary artery and tributaries of vein AN10.3 Describe, identify demonstrate formation, branches, relations area of supply of branches course and relations of terminal branches of brachial plexuses AN10.4 Describe the anatomical groups of axillary lymph nodes and specify their area of drainage. AN10.5 Explain variations in formation of brachial plexus AN10.6 Explain the anatomical basis of clinical features of Erb's palsy and Klumpke's paralysis AN 10.7 Explain anatomical basis of enlarged axillary lymph nodes AN10.8 Describe, identify and demonstrate the position, attachment, nerve supply and actions of trapezius and latissimus dorsi AN10.9 Describe the arterial anastomosis around the scapula and mention the Describe the arterial anastomosis around the scapula and mention the boundaries of triangle of auscultation AN10.10 Describe and identify the deltoid and rotator cuff muscles AN10.11 Describe & demonstrate attachment of serratus anterior with its action AN10.12 Describe and demonstrate shoulder joint for—type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements, muscles involved, blood supply, nerve supply and applied anatomy AN10.13 Explain anatomical basis of Injury to axillary nerve during intramuscular injections.	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Arm & Cubital fossa	AN 11.1 Describe and demonstrate muscle groups of upper arm with emphasis on biceps and triceps brachii. AN11.2 Identify & describe origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels in arm AN11.3 Describe the anatomical basis of Venepuncture of cubital veins AN11.4Describe the anatomical basis of Saturday night paralysis AN11.5 Identify & describe boundaries and contents of cubital fossa AN11.6 Describe the anastomosis around the	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5	Forearm & hand	elbow joint AN12.1 Describe and demonstrate important	Theory /
		muscle groups of ventral forearm with attachments, nerve supply and actions AN12.2 Identify & describe origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of forearm AN12.3 Identify & describe flexor retinaculum with its attachments AN12.4 Explain anatomical basis of carpal tunnel syndrome AN12.5 Identify & describe small muscles of hand. Also describe movements of thumb and muscles involved AN12.6 Describe & demonstrate movements of thumb and muscles involved	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
		AN12.7 Describe & demonstrate movements of thumb and muscles involved nerves in hand. AN12.8 Describe anatomical basis of Claw hand AN12.9 dentify & describe fibrous flexor sheaths, ulnar bursa, radial bursa and digital synovial sheaths AN12.10 Explain infection of fascial spaces of palm AN12.11 Identify, describe and demonstrate important muscle groups of dorsal forearm with attachments, nerve supply and actions	
		AN12.12 Identify & describe origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of back of forearm AN12.13 Describe the anatomical basis of Wrist drop AN12.14 Identify & describe compartments deep to extensor retinaculum AN12.15 Identify & describe extensor expansion formation	

	General Features, Joints, radiographs & surface marking	AN13.1 Describe and explain Fascia of upper limb and compartments, veins of upper limb and its lymphatic drainage AN13.2 Describe dermatomes of upper limb AN13.3 Identify & describe the type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements, blood and nerve supply of elbow joint, proximal and distal radio-ulnar joints, wrist joint & first carpometacarpal joint AN13.4 Describe Sternoclavicular joint, Acromioclavicular joint, Carpometacarpal joints & Metacarpophalangeal joint AN13.5 Identify the bones and joints of upper limb seen in anteroposterior and lateral view radiographs of shoulder region, arm, elbow, forearm and hand AN13.6 Identify & demonstrate important bony landmarks of upper limb Jugular notch, sternal angle, acromial angle, spine of the scapula, vertebral level of the medial end, Inferior angle of the scapula AN13.7 Identify & demonstrate surface projection of: Cephalic and basilic vein, Palpation of Brachial artery, Radial artery, Testing of muscles: Trapezius, pectoralis major, serratus anterior, latissimus dorsi, deltoid, biceps brachii, Brachioradialis AN13.8 Describe development of upper limb	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
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Thorax

S.no	Topic .	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Introduction & Thoracic wall	AN21.1 Identify and describe the salient features of sternum, typical rib, 1st rib and typical thoracic vertebra. AN 21.2 Identify & describe the features of 2nd, 11th and 12th ribs, 1st, 11th and 12 th thoracic vertebrae AN21.3 Describe & demonstrate the boundaries of thoracic inlet, cavity and outlet AN21.4 Describe & demonstrate extent, attachments, direction of fibres, nerve supply and actions of intercostal muscles AN21.5 Describe & demonstrate origin, course, relations and branches of a typical intercostal	Practical / Laboratory/ Clinical Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

		Nerve AN21.6 Mention origin, course and branches/ tributaries of: 1) anterior & posterior intercostal vessels 2) internal thoracic vessels AN21.7 Mention the origin, course, 1) atypical intercostal nerve 2) superior intercostal artery, subcostal artery elations and branches AN21.8 Describe & demonstrate type, articular surfaces & movements of manubriosternal, costovertebral, costotransverse and xiphisternal joints AN21.9 Describe & demonstrate mechanics and types of respiration AN21.10 Describe costochondral and interchondral joints	
2.	Mediastinum	AN21.11 Mention boundaries and	Theory /
100 mg		contents of the superior, anterior,	Practical/Laboratory/
Leich v	AND THE PROPERTY OF	middle and posterior mediastinum	Clinical
	The contract of the contract o	AN23.1 Describe & demonstrate the	
		external appearance, relations, blood	
CI-S		supply, nerve supply, lymphatic drainage and applied anatomy of oesophagus	
		AN23.2 Describe & demonstrate the	
		extent, relations tributaries of thoracic	
	•	duct and enumerate its applied anatomy	
		AN 23.3 Describe & demonstrate origin,	,
		course, relations, tributaries and	
		termination of superior vena cava,	
		azygos, hemiazygos and accessory hemiazygos veins	
		AN23.4 Mention the extent, branches	
		and relations of arch of aorta &	
		descending thoracic aorta	
,		AN24.4 Identify phrenic nerve &	
		describe its formation & distribution	
		AN23.5 Identify & Mention the location	
		and extent of thoracic sympathetic chain AN23.6 Describe the splanchnic nerves	
		AN23.7 Mention the extent, relations	·
	1	and applied anatomy of lymphatic duct	
3.	Pleura, Lungs & Trachea	AN24.1 Mention the blood supply,	Theory /
		lymphatic drainage and nerve supply of	Practical/Laboratory/
-		pleura, extent of pleura and describe the	Clinical
		pleural recesses and their applied anatomy	
		AN24.2 Identify side, external features	
		and relations of structures which form	
,		root of lung & bronchial tree and their	
		clinical correlate	
		AN 24.3 Describe a bronchopulmonary	
		segment	
		AN24.5 Mention the blood supply, lymphatic drainage and nerve supply of	
		lungs	
		AN24.6 Describe the extent, length,	
			

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4.	Heart & Pericardium	AN22.1 Describe & demonstrate subdivisions, sinuses in pericardium, blood supply and nerve supply of pericardium AN22.2 Describe & demonstrate external and internal features of each chamber of heart AN22.3 Describe & demonstrate origin, course and branches of coronary arteries AN22.4 Describe anatomical basis of ischaemic heart disease AN22.5 Describe & demonstrate the formation, course, tributaries and termination of coronary sinus AN22.6 Describe the fibrous skeleton of heart AN22.7 Mention the parts, position and arterial supply of the conducting system of heart	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory /
			Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5.	Radiology & Surface	AN25.7 Identify structures seen on a	Theory /
	Marking	plain x-ray chest (PA view)	Practical/Laboratory/
		AN25.8 Identify and describe in brief a	Clinical
		barium swallow	
		AN25.9 Demonstrate surface marking of	
		lines of pleural reflection, lung borders	
		and fissures, trachea, heart borders,	
		apex beat & surface projection of	•
	Turk was long	valves of heart	The analy /
6.	Embryology	AN25.2 Describe development of pleura, lung & heart	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/
		AN25.3 Describe fetal circulation and	Clinical
		changes occurring at birth	, Cillical
		AN25.4 Describe embryological basis of:	
		1) atrial septal defect, 2) ventricular	
		septal defect, 3) Fallot's tetralogy &	
	·	4) tracheo-oesophageal fistula	
		AN25.5 Describe developmental basis	
		of congenital anomalies, transposition	,
	·	of .	
		great vessels, dextrocardia, patent	
		ductus arteriosus and coarctation of	
	1	aorta	
		AN25.6 Mention development of aortic	
		arch arteries, SVC, IVC and coronary	
		sinus .	
7.	Histology	AN25.1 Identify, draw and label a slide	Theory /
	_	of trachea and lung	Practical/Laboratory/
			Clinical

Head & Neck

S No	Topic	Competencies	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Skull osteology	AN26.1 Demonstrate anatomical position of skull, Identify and locate individual skull bones in skull AN26.2 Describe the features of norma frontalis, verticalis, occipitalis, lateralis and Basalis AN26.3 Describe cranial cavity, its subdivisions, foramina and structures passing through them AN26.4 Describe morphological features of mandible AN26.5 Describe features of typical and atypical cervical vertebrae (atlas and axis) AN26.6 Explain the concept of bones that ossify in membrane AN26.7 Describe the features of the 7th cervical	Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		vertebra	
2.	Scalp	AN27.1 Describe the layers of scalp, its blood supply, its nerve supply and surgical Importance AN27.2 Describe emissary veins with its role in spread of infection from extracranial route to intracranial venous sinuses	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
3.	Face & parotid	AN28.1 Describe & demonstrate muscles of facial	Theory/ Practical/
	region	expression and their nerve supply AN28.2 Describe sensory innervation of face AN28.3 Describe & demonstrate origin /formation, course, branches /tributaries of facial vessels AN28.4 Describe & demonstrate branches of facial nerve with distribution AN28.5 Describe cervical lymph nodes and lymphatic drainage of head, face and neck AN28.6 Identify superficial muscles of face, their nerve supply and actions AN28.7 Explain the anatomical basis of facial nerve palsy AN28.8 Explain surgical importance of deep facial vein AN28.9 Describe & demonstrate the parts, borders, surfaces, contents, relations	Laboratory/ Clinical
		and nerve supply of parotid gland with course of its duct and surgical importance AN28.10 Explain the anatomical basis of Frey's syndrome	
4.	Posterior triangle of neck	AN29.1 Describe & demonstrate attachments, nerve supply, relations and actions of sternocleidomastoid AN29.2 Explain anatomical basis of Erb's & Klumpke's palsy AN29.3 Explain anatomical basis of wry neck AN29.4 Describe & demonstrate attachments of 1) inferior belly of omohyoid, 2)scalenus anterior, 3) scalenus medius & 4) levator scapulae	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical

6.	Orbit	AN30.2 Describe & identify major foramina with structures passing through them AN30.3 Describe & identify dural folds & dural venous sinuses AN30.4 Describe clinical importance of dural venous sinuses AN30.5 Explain effect of pituitary tumours on visual pathway AN31.1 Describe & identify extra ocular muscles of eyeball	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		AN31.2 Describe & demonstrate nerves and vessels in the orbit AN31.3 Describe anatomical basis of Horner's syndrome AN31.4 Enumerate components of lacrimal apparatus AN31.5 Explain the anatomical basis of oculomotor, trochlear and abducent nerve palsies along with strabismus	Casor atory clinical
7.	Anterior Triangle	AN32.1 Describe boundaries and subdivisions of anterior triangle AN32.2 Describe & demonstrate boundaries and contents of muscular, carotid, digastric and submental triangles	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
8	Temporal and Infratemporal regions	AN33.1 Describe & demonstrate extent, boundaries and contents of temporal and infratemporal fossae AN33.2 Describe & demonstrate attachments, direction of fibres, nerve supply and actions of muscles of mastication AN33.3 Describe & demonstrate articulating surface,	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		type & movements of temporomandibular joint AN33.4 Explain the clinical significance of pterygoid venous plexus AN33.5 Describe the features of dislocation of temporomandibular joint	
9	SubmandIbular region	AN34.1 Describe & demonstrate the morphology, relations and nerve supply of submandibular salivary gland & submandibular ganglion AN34.2 Describe the basis of formation of submandibular stones	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
10	Deep structures in the neck	AN35.1 Describe the parts, extent, attachments, modifications of deep cervical Fascia AN35.2 Describe & demonstrate location, parts, borders, surfaces, relations & blood supply of thyroid gland AN35.3 Demonstrate & describe the origin, parts, course & branches subclavian Artery AN35.4 Describe & demonstrate origin, course, relations, tributaries and termination of internal jugular & brachiocephalic veins AN35.5 Describe and demonstrate extent, drainage & applied anatomy of cervical	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		lymph nodes AN35.6 Describe and demonstrate the extent, formation, relation & branches of cervical sympathetic chain	

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17	Back Region	AN42.1 Describe the contents of the vertebral canal AN42.2 Describe & demonstrate the boundaries and	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
16	Eyeball	AN41.1 Describe & demonstrate parts and layers of eyeball AN41.2 Describe the anatomical aspects of cataract, glaucoma & central retinal artery occlusion AN41.3 Describe the position, nerve supply and actions of intraocular muscles	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical :
15	Organs of hearing and equilibrium	AN40.1 Describe & identify the parts, blood supply and nerve supply of external Ear AN40.2 Describe & demonstrate the boundaries, contents, relations and functional anatomy of middle ear and auditory tube AN40.3 Describe the features of internal ear AN40.4 Explain anatomical basis of otitis externa and otitis media AN40.5 Explain anatomical basis of myringotomy	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
14	Tongue	AN39.1 Describe & demonstrate the morphology, nerve supply, embryological basis of nerve supply, blood supply, lymphatic drainage and actions of extrinsic and intrinsic muscles of tongue AN39.2 Explain the anatomical basis of hypoglossal nerve palsy	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
13	Larynx	AN38.1 Describe the morphology, identify structure of the wall, nerve supply, blood supply and actions of intrinsic and extrinsic muscles of the larynx AN38.2 Describe the anatomical aspects of laryngitis AN38.3 Describe anatomical basis of recurrent laryngeal nerve injury	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		septum, lateral wall of nose, their blood supply and nerve supply AN37.2 Describe location and functional anatomy of paranasal sinuses AN37.3 Describe anatomical basis of sinusitis & maxillary sinus tumours	Laboratory/ Clinical
111	Mouth, Pharynx & Palate	AN35.9 Describe the clinical features of compression of subclavian artery and lower trunk of brachial plexus by cervical rib AN35.10 Describe the fascial spaces of neck AN36.1 Describe the 1) morphology, relations, blood supply and applied anatomy of palatine tonsil 2) composition of soft palate AN36.2 Describe the components and functions of Waldeyer's lymphatic ring AN36.3 Describe the boundaries and clinical significance of pyriform fossa AN36.4 Describe the anatomical basis of tonsillitis, tonsillectomy, adenoids and peri-tonsillar abscess AN36.5 Describe the clinical significance of Killian's dehiscence AN37.1 Describe & demonstrate features of nasal	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		AN35.7 Describe the course and branches of IX, X, XI & XII nerve in the neck AN35.8 Describe the anatomically relevant clinical features of Thyroid swellings	

		contents of Suboccipital triangle AN42.3 Describe the position, direction of fibres, relations, nerve supply, actions of semispinalis capitis and splenius capitis	
18	Head & neck Joints	AN43.1 Describe & demonstrate the movements with muscles producing the movements of atlantooccipital joint & atlantoaxial joint	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
19	Histology	AN43.2 Identify, describe and draw the microanatomy of pituitary gland, thyroid, parathyroid gland, tongue, salivary glands, tonsil, epiglottis, cornea, retina AN43.3 Identify, describe and draw microanatomy of olfactory epithelium, eyelid, lip, sclero-corneal junction, optic nerve, cochlea- organ of corti, pineal gland	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
20	Development	AN43.4 Describe the development and developmental basis of congenital anomalies of face, palate, tongue, branchial apparatus, pituitary gland, thyroid gland & eye	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
	Radiology & Surface marking	AN43.5 Demonstrate- 1) Testing of muscles of facial expression, extraocular muscles, muscles of mastication, 2) Palpation of carotid arteries, facial artery, superficial temporal artery, 3) Location of internal and external jugular veins, 4) Location of hyoid bone, thyroid cartilage and cricoid cartilage with their vertebral levels AN43.6 Demonstrate surface projection of- Thyroid gland, Parotid gland and duct, Pterion, Common carotid artery, Internal jugular vein, Subclavian vein, External jugular vein, Facial artery in the face & accessory nerve AN43.7 Identify the anatomical structures in 1) Plain x-ray skull, 2) AP view and lateral view 3) Plain x-ray cervical spine-AP and lateral view 4) Plain X-ray of paranasal sinuses AN43.8 Describe the anatomical route used for carotid angiogram and vertebral Angiogram	Theory/ Practical/ Laboratory/ Clinical
		AN43.9 Identify anatomical structures in carotid angiogram and vertebral angiogram	

Neuroanatomy

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Meninges & CSF	AN56.1 Describe & identify various layers of meninges with its extent & modifications AN56.2 Describe circulation of CSF with its applied anatomy	Theory/Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2	Spinal cord	AN57.1 Identify external features of spinal cord AN57.2 Describe extent of spinal cord in child & adult with its clinical implication AN57.3 Draw & label transverse section of spinal cord at mid-cervical & midthoracic level AN57.4 Enumerate ascending & descending tracts at mid thoracic level of spinal cord AN57.5 Describe anatomical basis of syringomyelia	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3	Medulla Oblongata	AN58.1 Identify external features of medulla oblongata AN58.2 Describe transverse section of medulla oblongata at the level of 1) pyramidal decussation, 2) sensory decussation 3) ION AN58.3 Enumerate cranial nerve nuclei in medulla oblongata with their functional group AN58.4 Describe anatomical basis & effects of medial & lateral medullary syndrome	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Pons	AN59.1 Identify external features of pons AN59.2 Draw & label transverse section of pons at the upper and lower level AN59.3 Enumerate cranial nerve nuclei in pons with their functional group	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
TILA.			
5	Cerebellum	AN60.1 Describe & demonstrate external & internal features of cerebellum AN60.2 Describe connections of cerebellar cortex and intracerebellar nuclei AN60.3 Describe anatomical basis of cerebellar dysfunction	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
6	Midbrain	AN61.1 Identify external & internal features of midbrain AN61.2 Describe internal features of midbrain at the level of superior & inferior colliculus AN61.3 Describe anatomical basis & effects of Benedikt's and Weber's syndrome	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7	Cranial nerve nuclei & Cerebral hemispheres	AN62.1 Enumerate cranial nerve nuclei with its functional component AN62.2 Describe & demonstrate surfaces, sulci, gyri, poles, & functional areas of cerebral hemisphere AN62.3 Describe the white matter of cerebrum AN62.4 Enumerate parts & major connections of basal ganglia & limbic lobe AN62.5 Describe boundaries, parts, gross relations, major nuclei and connections of dorsal thalamus, hypothalamus, epithalamus, metathalamus and subthalamus AN62.6 Describe & identify formation, branches & major areas of distribution of circle of Willis	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
8	Ventricular system	AN63.1 Describe & demonstrate parts, boundaries & features of Illrd, IVth & lateral ventricle AN63.2 Describe anatomical basis of congenital hydrocephalus	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
9	Histology & Embryology	AN64.1 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of Spinal cord, Cerebellum & Cerebrum AN64.2 Describe the development of neural tube, spinal cord, medulla oblongata, pons, midbrain, cerebral hemisphere & cerebellum AN64.3 Describe various types of open neural tube defects with its embryological basis	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

LOWER LIMB

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1.	Features of individual bones	AN14.1 Identify the given bone, its side, important features & keep it in anatomical position AN14.2 Identify & describe joints formed by the given bone AN14.3 Describe the importance of ossification of lower end of femur & upper end of tibia. AN14.4 Identify and name various bones in the articulated foot with individual muscle attachment.	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2.	Front & Medial side of thigh	AN15.1 Describe and demonstrate origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of anterior thigh AN15.2 Describe and demonstrate major muscles with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN15.3 Describe and demonstrate boundaries, floor, roof and contents of femoral triangle AN15.4 Explain anatomical basis of Psoas abscess & Femoral hernia AN15.5 Describe and demonstrate adductor canal with its content	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3	Gluteal region & back of thigh	AN16.1 Describe and demonstrate origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of gluteal region AN16.2 Describe anatomical basis of sciatic nerve injury during gluteal intramuscular injections N16.3 Explain the anatomical basis of Trendelenburg sign AN16.4 Describe and demonstrate the hamstrings group of muscles with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN16.5 Describe and demonstrate the origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels on the back of thigh AN16.6 Describe and demonstrate the boundaries, roof, floor, contents and relations of popliteal fossa	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Hip joint	AN17.1 Describe and demonstrate the type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements and muscles involved, blood and nerve supply, bursae around the hip joint AN17.2 Describe anatomical basis of complications of fracture neck of femur AN17.3 Describe dislocation of hip joint and surgical hip replacement	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
5	Knee joint, Anterolateral compartment of leg & dorsum of foot	AN18.1 Describe and demonstrate major muscles of anterolateral compartment of leg with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN18.2 Describe and demonstrate origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of anterior compartment of leg AN18.3 Explain the anatomical basis of foot drop AN18.4 Describe and demonstrate the type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements and muscles involved, blood and nerve supply, bursae around the knee joint AN18.5 Explain the anatomical basis of locking and unlocking of the knee joint AN18.6 Describe knee joint injuries with its applied anatomy AN18.7 Explain anatomical basis of	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
Back of Leg & Sole	AN19.1 Describe and demonstrate the major muscles of back of leg with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN19.2 Describe and demonstrate the origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of back of leg AN19.3 Explain the concept of "Peripheral heart" AN19.4 Explain the anatomical basis of rupture of calcaneal tendon AN19.5 Describe factors maintaining importance arches of the foot with its attachment AN19.6 Explain the anatomical basis of Flat foot & Club foot AN19.7 Explain the anatomical basis of	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	· ·	
General Features, Joints, radiographs & surface marking	AN20.1 Describe and demonstrate the type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments,	Theory/Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	involved, blood and nerve supply of tibiofibular and ankle joint AN20.2 Describe the subtalar and	
	AN20.3 Describe and demonstrate Fascia lata, Venous drainage, Lymphatic drainage, Retinacula &	
	AN20.4 Explain anatomical basis of enlarged inguinal lymph nodes AN20.5 Explain anatomical basis of varicose veins and deep vein	
	AN20.6 Identify the bones and joints of lower limb seen in anteroposterior and lateral view radiographs of various regions of lower limb AN20.7 Identify & demonstrate	
	limb: -Vertebral levels of highest point of iliac crest, posterior superior iliac spines, iliactubercle, pubic tubercle, ischial tuberosity, adductor tubercle, - Tibial tuberosity, head of fibula, -	
	Medial and lateral malleoli, Condyles of femur and tibia, sustentaculum tali, tuberosity of fifth metatarsal, tuberosity of the navicular AN20.8 Identify & demonstrate palpation of femoral, popliteal, post	
	General Features, Joints, radiographs &	Back of Leg & Sole AN19.1 Describe and demonstrate the major muscles of back of leg with their attachment, nerve supply and actions AN19.2 Describe and demonstrate the origin, course, relations, branches (or tributaries), termination of important nerves and vessels of back of leg AN19.3 Explain the concept of "Peripheral heart" AN19.4 Explain the concept of "Peripheral heart" AN19.5 Explain the anatomical basis of rupture of calcaneal tendon AN19.5 Describe factors maintaining importance arches of the foot with its attachment AN19.6 Explain the anatomical basis of Flat foot & Club foot AN19.7 Explain the anatomical basis of Metatrasalgia & Plantar fasciitis General Features, Joints, radiographs & surface marking AN20.1 Describe and demonstrate the type, articular surfaces, capsule, synovial membrane, ligaments, relations, movements and muscles involved, blood and nerve supply of tibiofibular and ankle joint AN20.2 Describe the subtaiar and transverse tarsal joints AN20.3 Describe and demonstrate Fascia lata, Venous drainage, Lymphatic drainage, Retinacula & Dermatomes of lower limb AN20.4 Explain anatomical basis of enlarged inguinal lymph nodes AN20.5 Explain anatomical basis of varicose veins and deep vein thrombosis AN20.6 Identify the bones and joints of lower limb seen in anteroposterior and lateral view radiographs of various regions of lower limb AN20.7 Identify & demonstrate important bony landmarks of lower limb. Vertebral levels of highest point of iliac crest, posterior superior iliac spines, iliactubercie, pubic tubercie, ischial tuberosity, adductor tubercie, ischial tuberosity, head of fibula, -Medial and lateral malleoli, Condyles of femur and tibia, sustentaculum tali, tuberosity of fifth metatarsal, tuberosity of the navicular AN20.8 Identify & demonstrate

racification of the control of the c	vessels in a simulated environment AN20.9 Identify & demonstrate Palpation of vessels (femoral, popliteal, dorsalis pedis, post tibial),	
	Mid inguinal point, Surface projection of: femoral nerve, Saphenous opening, Sciatic, tibial, common peroneal &	
	deep peroneal nerve, Great and small saphenous veins AN20.10 Describe basic concept of	
	development of lower limb	

ÄBDOMEN

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
	Anterior abdominal wall	AN44.1 Describe & demonstrate the Planes (transpyloric, transtubercular, subcostal, lateral vertical, linea alba, linea semilunaris), regions & quadrants of abdomen AN44.2 Describe & identify the Fascia, nerves & blood vessels of anterior abdominal wall AN44.3 Describe the formation of rectus sheath and its contents AN44.4 Describe & demonstrate extent, boundaries, contents of Inguinal canal including Hesselbach's triangle. AN44.5 Explain the anatomical basis of inguinal hernia. AN44.6 Describe & demonstrate attachments of muscles of anterior abdominal wall AN44.7 Enumerate common Abdominal incisions	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
2	Posterior abdominal wall	AN45.1 Describe Thoracolumbar fascia AN45.2 Describe & demonstrate Lumbar plexus for its root value, formation & branches AN45.3 Mention the major subgroups of back muscles, nerve supply and action	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
3	Male external genitalia	AN46.1 Describe & demonstrate coverings, internal structure, side determination, blood supply, nerve supply, lymphatic drainage & descent of testis with its applied anatomy AN46.2 Describe parts of Epididymis AN46.3 Describe Penis under following headings: (parts, components, blood supply and lymphatic drainage) AN46.4 Explain the anatomical basis of Varicocoele	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

AN46.5 Explain the anatomical basis of	
Phimosis & Circumcision	
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S.nó	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
4	Abdominal cavity	AN47.1 Describe & identify boundaries and recesses of Lesser & Greater sac AN47.2 Name & identify various	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
分割		peritoneal folds & pouches with its explanation	:
	6.17	AN47.3 Explain anatomical basis of Ascites & Peritonitis	
		AN47.4 Explain anatomical basis of Subphrenic abscess	
		AN47.5 Describe & demonstrate major viscera of abdomen under following	
		headings (anatomical position, external	
		and internal features, important peritoneal and other relations, blood	
		supply, nerve supply, lymphatic drainage and applied aspects)	
		AN47.6 Explain the anatomical basis of Splenic notch, Accessory spleens, Kehr's	
		sign, Different types of vagotomy, Liver biopsy (site of needle puncture),	
		Referred pain in cholecystitis,	
		Obstructive jaundice, Referred pain around umbilicus, Radiating pain of	
		kidney to groin & Lymphatic spread in carcinoma stomach	
		AN47.7 Mention the clinical importance of Calot's triangle	
		AN47.8 Describe & identify the formation, course relations and	
		tributaries of Portal vein, Inferior vena	
		cava & Renal vein AN47.9 Describe & identify the origin,	
		course, important relations and branches of Abdominal aorta, Coeliac	
		trunk, Superior mesenteric, Inferior mesenteric & Common iliac artery	
		AN47.10 Enumerate the sites of portosystemic anastomosis	
		AN47.11 Explain the anatomic basis of	·
		hematemesis& caput medusae in portal hypertension	
		AN47.12 Describe important nerve plexuses of posterior abdominal wall	
		AN47.13 Describe & demonstrate the attachments, openings, nerve supply &	
		action of the thoracoabdominal diaphragm	

alsa.	Lead to the factor	AN47.14 Describe the abnormal openings of thoracoabdominal diaphragm and diaphragmatic hernia	
5	Osteology	AN53.1 Identify & hold the bone in the anatomical position, Describe the salient features, articulations & demonstrate the attachments of muscle groups AN53.2 Demonstrate the anatomical position of bony pelvis & show boundaries of pelvic inlet, pelvic cavity, pelvic outlet AN53.3 Define true pelvis and false pelvis and demonstrate sex determination in male & female bony pelvis.	
6	Vertebral column	AN50.1 Describe the curvatures of the vertebral column AN50.2 Describe & demonstrate the type, articular ends, ligaments and movements of Intervertebral joints, Sacroiliac joints & Pubic symphysis AN50.3 Describe lumbar puncture (site, direction of the needle, structures pierced during the lumbar puncture) AN50.4 Explain the anatomical basis of Scoliosis, Lordosis, Prolapsed disc, Spondylolisthesis & Spina bifida	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
7	Sectional Anatomy	AN51.1 Describe & identify the cross- section at the level of T8, T10 and L1 (transpyloric plane)	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

S.no _.	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
8	Histology & Embryology	AN52.1 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of Gastro-intestinal system: Oesophagus, Fundus of stomach, Pylorus of stomach, Duodenum, Jejunum, Ileum, Large intestine, Appendix, Liver, Gall bladder, Pancreas & Suprarenal gland AN52.2 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of: Urinary system: Kidney, Ureter & Urinary bladder AN52.3 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of Cardiooesophageal junction, Corpus luteum AN52.4 Describe the development of anterior abdominal wall AN52:5 Describe the development and congenital anomalies of Diaphragm	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

		AN52.6 Describe the development and congenital anomalies of: Foregut, Midgut & Hindgut AN52.7 Describe the development of Urinary system	
9	Osteology	AN53.1 Identify & hold the bone in the anatomical position, Describe the salient features, articulations & demonstrate the attachments of muscle groups AN53.4 Explain and demonstrate clinical importance of bones of abdominopelvic region (sacralization of lumbar vertebra, Lumbarization of 1st sacral vertebra, types of bony pelvis & Coccyx)	Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
10	Radiodiagnosis	AN54.1 Describe & identify features of plain X ray abdomen AN54.2 Describe & identify the special radiographs of abdominopelvic region (contrast X ray Barium swallow, Barium meal, Barium enema, Cholecystography, Intravenous pyelography & Hysterosalpingography) AN54.3 Describe role of ERCP, CT abdomen, MRI, Arteriography in radiodiagnosis of abdomen	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
11	Surface marking	AN55.1 Demonstrate the surface marking of; Regions and planes of abdomen, Superficial inguinal ring, Deep inguinal ring, McBurney's point, Renal Angle & Murphy's point AN55.2 Demonstrate the surface projections of: Stomach, Liver, Fundus of gall bladder, Spleen, Duodenum, Pancreas, Ileocaecal junction, Kidneys & Root of mesenter	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

Pelvis & Penneum

S.no	Topic	Competency	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical
1	Pelvic wall and viscera	AN53.2 Demonstrate the anatomical position of bony pelvis & show boundaries of pelvic inlet, pelvic cavity, pelvic outlet AN53.3 Define true pelvis and false pelvis and demonstrate sex determination in male & female bony pelvis AN48.1 Describe & identify the muscles of Pelvic diaphragm AN48.2 Describe & demonstrate the (position, features, important peritoneal and other relations, blood supply, nerve supply, lymphatic drainage and clinical aspects of) important male & female pelvic viscera	Theory / Practical/Laboratory/ Clinical

- A-		AN48.3 Describe & demonstrate the origin, course, important relations and branches of internal iliac artery	
		AN48.4 Describe the branches of sacral plexus AN48.5 Explain the anatomical basis of suprapubic cystostomy, Urinary obstruction in benign prostatic hypertrophy, Retroverted uterus,	
		Prolapse uterus, Internal and external haemorrhoids, Anal fistula, Vasectomy, Tubal pregnancy & Tubal ligation AN48.6 Describe the neurological basis of Automatic bladder AN48.7 Mention the lobes involved in	
		benign prostatic hypertrophy & prostatic Cancer AN48.8 Mention the structures palpable during vaginal & rectal examination AN51.2 Describe & identify the midsagittal section of male and female pelvis	
2.	Perineum	AN49.1 Describe & demonstrate the superficial & deep perineal pouch (boundaries and contents) AN49.2 Describe & identify Perineal	
		body AN49.3 Describe & demonstrate Perineal membrane in male & female AN49.4 Describe & demonstrate boundaries, content & applied anatomy of Ischiorectal fossa AN49.5 Explain the anatomical basis of Perineal tear, Episiotomy, Perianal abscess and Anal fissure	
3.	Histology	AN52.8 Describe & identify the microanatomical features of: Male Reproductive System: Testis, Epididymis, Vas deferens, Prostate & Penis Female reproductive system: Ovary, Uterus, Uterine tube, Cervix, Placenta & Umbilical cord AN52.7 Urinary system: Kidney, Ureter	
4.	Embryology	& Urinary bladder AN52.7 Describe the development of Urinary system AN52.8 Describe the development of	
5.	Radiology	male & female reproductive system AN 54.2 Describe & identify the special radiographs of abdominopelvic region: Hysterosalpingography	

5. Teaching learning methods

- a) Didactic lectures
- b) Cadaveric dissection
- c) Study of prosected specimens
- d) Study of histology slides
- e) Study of Embryology models
- f) Learning surface anatomy
- g) Learning radiological Anatomy
- h) Small group teaching for demonstration of bones
- i) AETCOM
- j) Early Clinical exposure by showing videos and hospital visits
- k) Self directed learning by arranging seminars
- 1) Problem based learning
 - 6. Assessment,
 - (a) Formative

Gross Anatomy will be taught under the following headings:

- General Anatomy
- Neuroanatomy
- Head and Neck
- Upper limb
- Thorax
- Abdomen
- Pelvis
- Lower limb

Stages during the part and Grand stages at the completion of the part of the human body being taught will be taken.

(b) Internal Assessment

I term exam:

Theory 100 marks
Practical 100 marks

Il term exam:

Theory 100 marks
Practical 100 marks

Sent up

Theory

Paper 1: 100 marks Paper 2: 100 marks Practical 100 marks

Assessment theory: Percentage of I term + II term + Sent up theory marks

Assessment Practical: Percentage of I-term + II term + Sent up Practical marks

Minimum of 50% combined in theory and Practical (not less than 40% in each) in internal exams for eligibility for appearing for University examinations.

(c) Summative theory practical & Viva Voce pattern with distribution of marks

First Professional

THEORY PAPER- ANATOMY

PAPER- I 100 marks

Topics: General Histology, General Anatomy, Neuroanatomy, Head and Neck and Upper limb and related histology and embryology

PAPER- II 100 marks

Topics: General embryology, Principles of Genetics, Thorax, Abdomen, Pelvis and Perineum, Lower Limb and related Histology and Embryology

THEORY QUESTION PAPER FORMAT

(Applicable for Paper – I and Paper -II)

Part I

1. MCQs 20 marks

Part II

2)

a) Enumerate 2X5=10 marks

i) ii) iii) iv) v)

b) Write briefly on 2X5=10 marks

i)	ii)	iii)	iv)	v)
3.	Di	raw	lab	ele

3. Draw labeled diagrams of the following

4X5=20 marks

i) ii) iii) iv)

Part III

	I CHIC XXX	
4 Structured long question		10 marks
5 Write short notes on		3X5=15 marks
i) ii) iii)		

6) Write anatomical/embryological basis of

3X5=15 marks

ii) ii) iii)

Practical	100 marks
Section	Marks
Spotting	20
Hard Parts	20
Soft parts	20
Flistology (2slides + Viva)	10
Embryology (Models + Viva)	. 10
Radiology viva	8
Living anatomy	6
Problem solving	6

Criteria for passing Professional examination

- 50% marks are mandatory in Theory (Theory papers only) and Practical (Practical + Viva) separately
- Internal assessment marks will not be added to the University examination and will be shown separately in the grade card.

7. Recommended Reading

GROSS ANATOMY:

Suggested books:

- 1) Romanes, C.J.: Cunningham's Manual of practical Anatomy, vol. 1, II, and III, 16th Edition, 2017, Oxford University Press.
- 2) Handbook of B D Chaurasia, General Anatomy, 6th Edition, 2019, CBS Publishers, Delhi.
- 3) Vishram Singh's textbook of Anatomy Vol. I,II,III , 3rd Edition. 2018, Elsevier publisher.
 OR
- Chaurasia, B.D Human Anatomy- Regional & Applied. Vol. I, II & III, 8 th Edition, 2019, CBS Publishers.
 OR
- 5) Gray's anatomy for students by Richard Drake, A. Wayne Vogl and Adam W. M. Mitchell; 4th edition, February 2019, Elsevier publisher.

Reference books:

- 1) Snell's clinical Anatomy by regions by Richard Snell, Vanadana Mehta (Editor), V.K Suri (Editor); 10th Edition, 2018, Wolters Kluver
- 2) Gray's anatomy The anatomical basis of clinical practice By Susan Standring; 42nd edition, October 2020, Elsevier publisher.
- · 3) Atlas of Human anatomy, Netter by Frank H. Netter; 7th Edition, 2019, Elsevier publisher.
- 4) McMinn and Abrahams' Clinical Atlas of Human Anatomy by Peter Abrahams, Jonathan Spratt, Marios Loukas, Albert- Neels van Schoor; 7th Edition, 2013, Elsevier publisher.

HISTOLOGY:

Suggested book:

1) Inderbir singh's textbook of human histology, 9th edition, 2019, Jaypee publisher.

Reference books:

- 1) Ross Histology by Michael H. Ross and Wojciech Pawlina, 8th Edition, 2020, Wolters Kluwer publisher.
- 2) Di Fiore atlas of human histology by Victor P. Eroschenko; 13th edition, 2017, Wolters Kluwer publisher.

EMBRYOLOGY:

Suggested book:

- 1) Langman's Medical Embryology by Thomas W. Sadler; edited by Sabita Misra, 2019, 14th Edition Wolters Kluwer publisher.
- 2) Text book of clinical embryology by VISHRAM SINGH; 2nd Edition, 2017, Elsevier publisher.
 OR
- 3) Text book of Clinical embryology by INDERBIR SINGH by Subhdra Devi; 11th Edition, 2017, Jaypee publishers.

NEUROANATOMY:

Suggested book:

1) Textbook of clinical Neuroanatomy by VISHRAM SINGH; 4th edition, 2020, Elsevier publisher.

OR

2) Inderbir Singh's Textbook of Human Neuroanatomy; 10th edition, 2017, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.

Reference books:

- 1) Human nervous system by Murray L Barr; 10th edition, 2014, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins Publisher.
- 2) Snell's clinical neuroanatomy, 8th edition, 2018, Walters Kluwer publisher.

GENETICS:

Suggested book:

- Principles of clinical genetics by Yogesh Ashok Sontakke, 1 edition, 2017, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
 - OΒ
- 2) Human genetics by S D Gangane, 5th edition, 2017, Elsevier publication.

SURFACE ANATOMY AND RADIOLOGY

Suggested book:

1) Surface and Radiological Anatomy by Halim, 3rd Edn. 2020, CBS publication.